Ch. 20-22

| Name:   |  |
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| Mailio. |  |

## LEAF ANATOMY

The leaf is the primary photosynthetic organ of the plant. It consists of a flattened portion, called the bl is attached to the plant by a structure called the petiole. Sometimes leaves are divided into two or more called leaflets. Leaves with a single undivided blade are called simple, those with two or more leaflets a compound.

The outer surface of the leaf has a thin waxy covering called the **cuticle** (A), this layer's primary functio prevent water loss within the leaf. (Plants that leave entirely within water do not have a cuticle). Directly underneath the cuticle is a layer of cells called the **epidermis** (B). The vascular tissue, xylem and phlo found within the veins of the leaf. Veins are actually extensions that run from to tips of the roots all the to the edges of the leaves. The outer layer of the vein is made of cells called **bundle sheath cells** (E), create a circle around the xylem and the phloem. On the picture, **xylem** is the upper layer of cells (G) a shaded a little lighter than the lower layer of cells - **phloem** (H). Recall that xylem transports water and transports sugar (food).

Within the leaf, there is a layer of cells called the **mesophyll**. The word mesophyll is greek and means (meso) "leaf" (phyllon). Mesophyll can then be divided into two layers, the **palisade layer** (D) and the s **layer** (F). Palisade cells are more column-like, and lie just under the epidermis, the spongy cells are m loosely packed and lie between the palisade layer and the lower epidermis. The air spaces between the cells allow for gas exchange. Mesophyll cells (both palisade and spongy) are packed with chloroplasts is where photosynthesis actually occurs.

Epidermis also lines the lower area of the leaf (as does the cuticle). The leaf also has tiny holes within epidermis called stomata. Specialized cells, called **guard cells** (C) surround the stomata and are shar two cupped hands. Changes within water pressure cause the stoma (singular of stomata) to open or cl the guard cells are full of water, they swell up and bend away from each other which opens the stoma. dry times, the guard cells close.

Color the structures underlined above. Make sure that the entire picture is colored and that the color m the words. For simplicity only part of the picture is labeled.

## Questions:

| 1. What two tissues are found within a vein?            | egio en republica communication |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 2. What does the word "mesophyll" mean?                 |                                 |
| 3. What two layers of the plant contain chloroplasts?   |                                 |
| 4. The outermost layer of cells:                        |                                 |
| 5. The waxy covering of the leaf.:                      |                                 |
| 6. These cells function to open and close stomata.      |                                 |
| 7. Outer layer of the vein:                             |                                 |
| 8. Column like cells that lie just under the epidermis. | - Contraction and               |
| 9. Openings that allow for gas exchange.                |                                 |
| 10. The stalk that connects the leaf to the stem.       |                                 |

|                              | e e                             |  |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
|                              | A                               | Cuticle (light blue) Epidermis (yellow)  |
|                              | В                               | Guard cells (pink)  Palisade Mesophy  (dark green)   |
| TAYETAYA TAYAR ARAR TERRETAR | <b>F</b>                        | Phloem (purple)  |
|                              | D                               | Xylem (orange) Spongy Mesophy II(light green) Bundle Sheath(dark blue)                                     |
|                              | i beu<br>i neu<br>ibooi<br>a Fa | oreels a circle arc<br>shaded a little ligh<br>transports sugar (<br>"Within the leaf, the                 |
|                              |                                 | (meso) "isaf" (phy<br>layer (F). Palisadi<br>logsely packed an<br>cells allow for gas<br>is where photosyn |
| DICOLO COLO                  | B                               | Epidermis also lin<br>epidermis called s<br>two cupped hands<br>the guard cells an                         |
| Livingstone @BIODIDAC        |                                 | dry limes, the gue<br>Color the structure  |