



Student/Classroom: _____ Examiner: _____ Assessment Date: _____

Paint: A Splash of Color 511

Soprish West Six Minute Solutions Passage

Paint has been used throughout history. In prehistoric times, people painted on **(cave)** walls. While cave painting was decorative, **(it)** was also used as a means **(of)** expression. Paint was later used to **(illustrate)** religious books. Easel painting was created **(at)** the beginning of the Renaissance Period.

(Paint) comes in many colors. It can **(be)** used as an expression of art **(or)** to protect a surface like a **(wall)**. The color of paint is due **(to)** its pigment. Pigment is a dry, **(colored)** powder that is mixed with a **(liquid)**. The liquid is called a vehicle. **(Pigment)** is found on the bottom of **(a)** container of paint. The vehicle, usually **(clear)**, can be seen at the top. **(The)** kind of vehicle used is what **(makes)** paints different from one another.

Water **(paints)** rely on the caking of the **(pigment)** powder to make it stick to **(a)** painted surface. Sometimes glue or paste **(is)** added to paint. This helps improve **(the)** ability of the paint to adhere **(to)** a surface. Water is added to **(latex)** paint to separate particles of latex **(rubber)**. The particles stick together when the **(water)** evaporates. Latex paint can be washed **(out)** of rollers and brushed with soap **(and)** water before it dries. If the **(paint)** dries though, it is much harder **(to)** clean. Chemicals are needed to remove **(it)**. Oil paints last longer and give **(more)** surface protection than other kinds of **(paints)**. Linseed oil is used as the **(vehicle)** for oil paints. The linseed oil **(works)** with oxygen to make a tough, **(waterproof)** seal. Oil paints are too thick **(to)** apply with a brush, so thinner **(has)** to be used.



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Paint has been used throughout history. In prehistoric times, people painted on **(cave, when, dries)** walls. While cave painting was decorative, **(period, it, latex)** was also used as a means **(art, of, more)** expression. Paint was later used to **(seal, illustrate, protection)** religious books. Easel painting was created **(at, can, brush)** the beginning of the Renaissance Period. **(And, Paint, Oil)** comes in many colors. It can **(container, be, bottom)** used as an expression of art **(or, other, linseed)** to protect a surface like a **(with, wall, it)**. The color of paint is due **(the, to, top)** its pigment. Pigment is a dry, **(give, on, colored)** powder that is mixed with a **(colors, liquid, glue)**. The liquid is called a vehicle. **(Much, Washed, Pigment)** is found on the bottom of **(a, added, books)** container of paint. The vehicle, usually **(together, paste, clear)**, can be seen at the top. **(The, Before, Found)** kind of vehicle used is what **(a, makes, out)** paints different from one another.

Water **(that, paints, another)** rely on the caking of the **(pigment, illustrate, kinds)** powder to make it stick to **(harder, a, needed)** painted surface. Sometimes glue or paste **(liquid, is, adhere)** added to paint. This helps improve **(the, decorative, wall)** ability of the paint to adhere **(to, renaissance, this)** a surface. Water is added to **(latex, throughout, kind)** paint to separate particles of latex **(powder, rubber, protect)**. The particles stick together when the **(water, evaporates, paints)** evaporates. Latex paint can be washed **(the, times, out)** of rollers and brushed with soap **(seen, and, soap)** water before it dries. If the **(latex, paint, so)** dries though, it is much harder **(to, of, created)** clean. Chemicals are needed to remove **(oil, what, it)**. Oil paints last longer and give **(dry, religious, more)** surface protection than other kinds of **(water, color, paints)**. Linseed oil is used as the **(vehicle, many, comes)** for oil paints. The linseed oil **(also, workds, colored)** with oxygen to make a tough, **(rollers, was, waterproof)** seal. Oil paints are too thick **(to, longer, at)** apply with a brush, so thinner **(has, as, water)** to be used.