These questions are directly related to your chapter readings. The page numbers are given to help you find the necessary information, but be aware that some information will be found throughout the entire chapter. **All responses must be written in your own words and not directly (or indirectly) copied from the textbook nor other sources**. *These questions are directly related to any chapter quiz you might receive.*

1. What has been the role in world history of pastoral peoples in general and the Mongols in particular? **Page 458**
2. In what ways did pastoral societies differ from their agricultural counterparts**? Page 459**
3. In what ways did pastoral societies interact with their agricultural neighbors? **Page 461**
4. In what ways did the Xiongnu, Arabs, Turks, and Berbers make an impact on world history? **Page 463**
5. What were the characteristics and regions of Arab and Turkic pastoralists before the rise of Islam? **Page 464**
6. Identify the Social, Economic and Political effects of the Mongol Empire:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Social |  |
| Political |  |
| Economical |  |

1. Description Identify the major steps in the rise of the Mongol Empire. **Page 467**
2. Read the Zooming in on pages 470-471 and answer the question on **page 471**.
3. What accounts for the political and military success of the Mongols? **Page 472**
4. How did Mongol rule change China? In what ways were the Mongols changed by China? **Page 473**
5. How was Mongol rule in Persia different from that in China? **Page 476**
6. Read the Zooming in on page 477 and answer the question on **page 477**.
7. What was distinctive about the Russian experience of Mongol rule? **Page 478**
8. What kinds of cross-cultural interactions did the Mongol Empire generate? **Page 481**
9. What are the many important effects of exchanges between the Mongols and their subjects? **Page 483**
10. Disease changes societies. How might this argument apply to the plague? **Page 484**

**End of Chapter: Big Picture Questions**

1. What accounts for the often negative attitudes of settled societies toward the pastoral peoples living on their borders?
2. How would you assess the perspective of this chapter toward the Mongols? Does it strike you as negative and critical of the Mongols, as bending over backward to portray them in a positive light, or as a balanced presentation?
3. Why did the Mongol Empire last only a relatively short time?
4. Read the Sources on **pages 488-497** and choose one of the sources and answer the questions that correspond to the source *(red boxes).*