Week of May 11th- May 15th

Hello families,

I hope all is well. This week in the packet there will be the leveled reader for your student to read. Once this is read, please complete the Flow Chart in response to the leveled reader. On the Flow Chart, your student will state a cause and two effects from the leveled reader story.

The reading menu can be completed with either a personal book that is being read, or through a book on Epic. The class Epic code is ych1028.

There will be a MAZE reading passage. Your child will read through this and choose the word that makes the most sense within the sentence.

There will be a vocabulary word search for your student to complete. Once they have found all of the words, they will match the words with the correct definition.

During the phone check in call I will be discussing with your student the question that they chose for the reading menu from week 4. In addition, I will also ask to check in about the math and how the lessons went through Khan Academy. We will also talk about the assignments on Vocabulary Spelling City.

For feedback for week 5, I will need a picture of the Flow Chart and the MAZE passage. That can either be before our check in call so that I can help go over any questions or it can be after, as long as it is turned in by Sunday the 17th. It can be sent to me through DOJO or through email at <a href="mailto:jschwartz@vernoniak12.org">jschwartz@vernoniak12.org</a>.

#### Packet will have:

- Leveled reader
- Reading Menu
- Flow Chart
- MAZE Passage
- Vocabulary Word Search
- Physical Education Activity Log

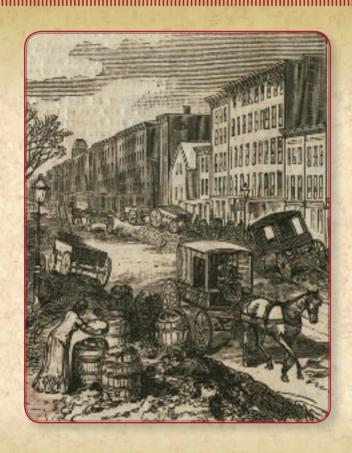
Keep reading, practice math fact fluency with the flashcards or moby max, ask questions, and remember to keep your heads up and hands washed! Have a wonderful week!

Sincerely,

Mrs. Schwartz

# The First Woman Doctor

by Joanne Mattern



**HOUGHTON MIFFLIN** 

## The First Woman Doctor



by Joanne Mattern



#### HOUGHTON MIFFLIN

BOSTON

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Elizabeth Blackwell wanted to be a doctor. At the time, very few women went to college, especially not medical school. But Elizabeth did not give up. In 1849, she became the first woman to graduate from medical school in the United States. Elizabeth's strength and courage helped pave the way for other women to pursue the same goal.

Elizabeth Blackwell became the first woman to attend medical school in the United States.

## ■ An Up-and-Down Childhood

Elizabeth Blackwell was born on February 3, 1821, in Bristol, England. Her parents believed in equal rights for men and women. This was very unusual at the time.

Elizabeth's parents made sure she had a good education. As a result, she grew up to be an intelligent and informed young woman.



Elizabeth was the third of nine children born to Samuel and Hannah Blackwell.



Elizabeth became a teacher at the school her family opened in Cincinnati, Ohio.

In 1832, the Blackwells moved to the United States—to Cincinnati, Ohio. Then, just five years later, in 1838, Elizabeth's father died.

The Blackwells did not have much money.

To help pay the bills, Elizabeth, her mother, and two of Elizabeth's sisters started a boarding school for girls.



Until the 1840s, all doctors were men.

## The Role of Women

One day, Elizabeth went to visit her friend Mary Donaldson. Mary was very sick. She told Elizabeth that she disliked going to male doctors, but all the doctors at that time were men.

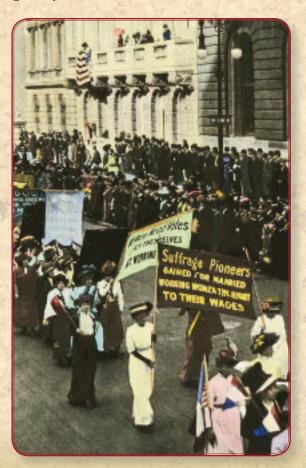
Then Mary said something surprising. She told Elizabeth that she should study medicine.

Elizabeth did not want to become a doctor. She did not even like the sight of blood!

However, Elizabeth could not forget Mary's words. Maybe she could make a difference for other women. At that time, women and men were not treated equally. Women were even

denied the right to vote.

Women fought for many years until an amendment was passed to give them the right to vote.



#### ■ Is This a Joke?

Elizabeth continued to think about Mary's suggestion. She knew that it was almost impossible for a woman to become a doctor.

Elizabeth did not give up. She read medical books and saved as much money as she could. She applied to many medical schools, but every school rejected her.

Then, in 1847, Elizabeth got a surprising letter. It was from the Geneva Medical School in Geneva, New York. The letter said Elizabeth was accepted to the school!

Later, Elizabeth found out that the students at Geneva had taken a vote on whether to accept her. The students all thought that Elizabeth's application was a joke. As a result, all the men voted yes. They were very surprised when Elizabeth showed up!



At medical school, the students would learn how to use many instruments like the stethoscope.

## Rising to the Challenge

At first, Elizabeth had a difficult time at school. Classes became disorderly when she was there. In addition, some teachers did not think Elizabeth was strong enough to do the difficult and sometimes bloody work.

Elizabeth did not worry what other people thought. She worked hard and soon everyone began to respect her.

#### ■ A Doctor's Course of Study

What did medical students study in the 1840s? Classes included the following:

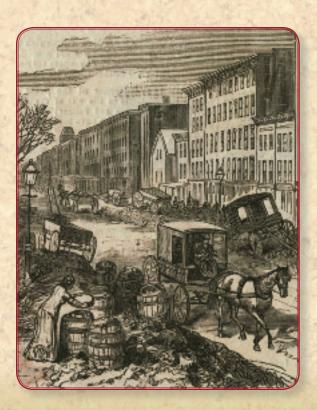
- Anatomy: the study of the human body
- Surgery: operating on a patient
- Midwifery: delivering babies
- Botany: the study of plants used for medicine
- . Chemistry: the study of what things are made of
- Physiology: the study of the body's many organs

## Helping the Poor

In 1849, Elizabeth graduated first in her class from Geneva. She decided to continue her studies in France and England. Then she came back to work in New York City.

Many medical offices did not want Elizabeth working there, so she opened a clinic in her home.

Elizabeth brought medical care to many poor women and children in New York City.



## **■** Education for All

Elizabeth wanted to educate other women so that they could become doctors too. A famous nurse named Florence Nightingale shared the same dream. Together, they opened the Women's Medical College in New York City in 1868.

Florence Nightingale helped nurse many injured soldiers in Europe during the Crimean War.





Elizabeth Blackwell helped pave the way for more women to study medicine.

Elizabeth's determination to help women grew. She knew that women in England still faced many challenges. So, in 1869, Elizabeth moved to London, where she helped start the London School of Medicine for Women.

Elizabeth also wrote many articles. In 1895, she wrote a book about her life.

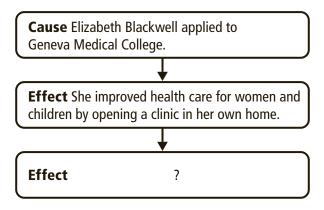
## ■Elizabeth Blackwell's Life

1821 Elizabeth is born on February 3. 1847 Elizabeth applies to medical schools. Only the Geneva Medical School accepts her. 1849 Elizabeth graduates first in her class. 1849–1851 Elizabeth studies in France and England. 1851 Elizabeth opens a small clinic in New York City. Elizabeth and Florence Nightingale start 1868 the Women's Medical College. Elizabeth helps start the London School 1869 of Medicine for Women. 1895 Elizabeth publishes her autobiography. 1910 Elizabeth dies on May 31.

Elizabeth died in 1910. Thanks to her work, many women around the world have received better medical care, while others have attended medical school and become doctors.

## Responding

TARGET SKILL Cause and Effect What were some effects of Elizabeth Blackwell's decision to apply to Geneva Medical College? Copy and complete the chart below.





**Text to Self** Think of one event or decision in your life that caused other things to happen as a result. Write a paragraph in which you describe the decision or event, and the effect it had on yourself or others.

## TARGET VOCABULARY

amendment informed approve intelligent legislature denied politics disorderly polls

- TARGET SKILL Cause and Effect Tell how events are related and how one event causes another.
- TARGET STRATEGY Infer/Predict Use text clues to figure out what isn't directly stated by the author.
- **GENRE Biography** tells about events in a person's life, written by another person.

Level: P

**DRA:** 38

**Genre:** 

**Biography** 

**Strategy:** Infer/Predict

Skill:

**Cause and Effect** 

**Word Count: 880** 



## HOUGHTON MIFFLIN Online Leveled Books







Name	Date

● Lesson 22 BLACKLINE MASTER 22.5

Flow Chart: \_\_\_\_\_

**The First Woman Doctor**Graphic Organizer 4

Title or Topic \_\_\_\_\_

Cause Elizabeth Blackwell applied to Geneva Medical College.

**Effect** She improved health care for women and children by opening a clinic in her own home.

**Effect** 

Name	Date
Name	Date

Lesson 22 BLACKLINE MASTER 22.4

Mill Girls
Target Vocabulary

## **Target Vocabulary**

#### Find the Target Vocabulary words in the Word Search.

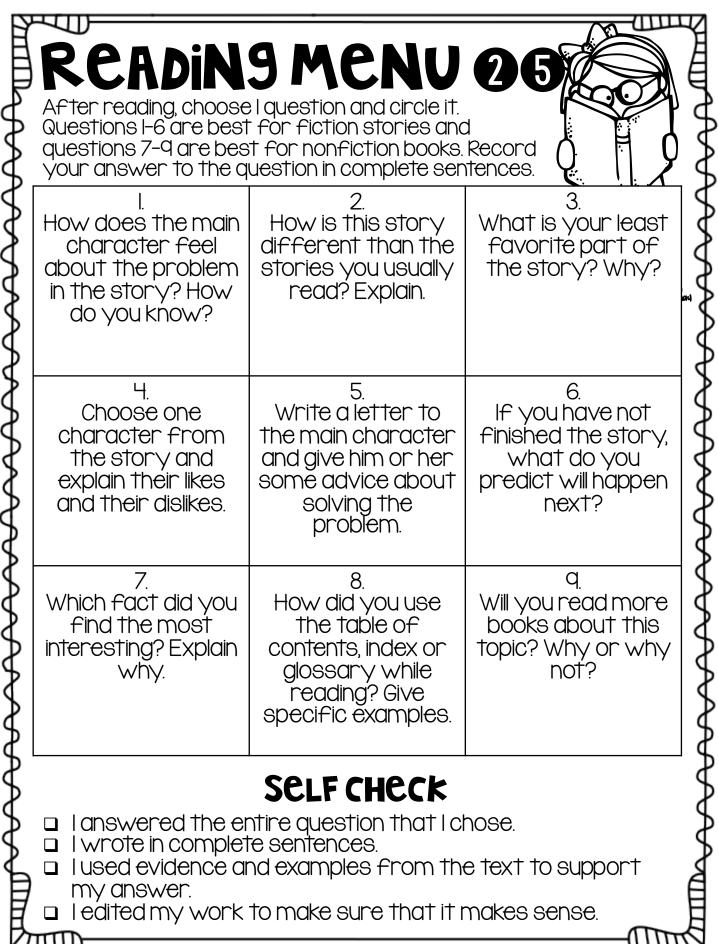
Ε	W	С	D	Χ	0	K	G	R	G	Q	Z	Р	Р	S
Н	R	С	Α	Ν	D	I	D	Α	Τ	Ε	S	_	0	L
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Υ	Υ	K	Τ	I	D	F	K	Р	Z	F	S	Т	I	0
Р	Α	Α	X	Α	R	Ε	D	Z	0	L	W	Ν	Τ	Р
Н	Α	L	J	Ν	L	Р	I	R	С	Υ	С	Ε	Ι	M
M	I	M	В	U	Υ	S	M	N	L	Υ	K	G	С	Ν
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F	G	Т	L	Ν	D	В	Ε	G	N	D	V	L	U	L
J	Ν	J	D	K	D	D	Ν	G	Е	W	Α	L	Ε	W
Q	G	В	S	W	R	M	R	Z	R	L	Υ	Ε	S	F
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K	D	K	Υ	Н	F	Q	Ι	Ε	U	R	I	В	Р	Υ

#### Vocabulary

denied
polls
politics
amendment
disorderly
legislature
candidates
intelligent
informed
approve

#### Which word describes...

- 1. a smart person \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. something that is uncontrollable \_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** people who run for office \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **4.** activities related to the government \_\_\_\_\_
- **5.** a body of lawmakers \_\_\_\_\_



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Þ	Completion	Question is not	Question is partially	2 Answer is		7
Ь	Sentences	answered.  Answer is not in	answered.  Answer is in	Answer is in complete		\
1		complete sentences.	complete sentences.	sentences and part of the question is		4
P	Thoughtfulness	Answer shows little	Answer shows	used in the answer.  Answer is		——
₽	Text Evidence	effort or thought.  Answer does not	limited thought.  Answer has limited	thoughtful.		₽
Ð		include text evidence.	use of text evidence.	Answer is supported with significant text evidence.		<u> </u>
Ħ	Editing	Answer has many errors.	Answer has some errors.	Answer has very few errors.		日
队						
VI						

Not So Wimpy Teacher

Name:	

#### Practice 1

After playing in the dirt, Sam went

home
summer
was

to wash her hands.

#### Practice 2

On her way home, she

chair
sleep
saw

an ice cream truck.



C:	
1:	

AS:\_\_\_\_\_

**G4/Progress Monitoring 12** 

#### My Memories of the State Park

Some of my best childhood memories are of the many relaxing days I spent camping and

picnicking with my family at Big Oak Tree State Park. Whenever I smell sunscreen lotion, I

remember sometimes was sketchpad then my mother dabbing it on my while I looked up at the in the park. best cheeks lunch trees family park it came to be called the talking of champions. She explained that the Once, she told me drew how pencils bald children nickname spent comes from the many tall trees in this wonderful Missouri park. ends living much grown state I'm eat now, and I live in another | do but I take my children to visit Big Oak nickname often remember trail mother Tree State Park. We go whenever we can all take a vacation. When I recently based up biggest looked learned eagle information about the park, I that my mother was right. Seven picture in the park are state were favorite trees grown Two champions. of these trees are also national champions Read . This means that the trees are the Wildlife tree observations characteristics biggest of their species, based on many including the height of the tree, its camping many how drawing honking far their branches spread out, and the live of their trunks. Of course, the heard trees on the maybe change size ham remind and die. list change as the trees

age

eagles is wildlife, so a trip to Big Oak Tree State Park living My youngest son Todd loves always a building two dabbing record treat for him. He often takes a sketchpad and drawing pencils to his observations of guess stop trees another course species animals. On our added visit, he drew a picture of a deer , a turtle, and a lizard. When we potato last left spotted left always the park, he picked up some about its history. He read that size eagles can be spotted in information bald surprised also sunscreen the trip in the winter. He added an to his drawings on the way once home eagle loves park much always My daughter loves to hike as there as my son loves to draw. She sight asks to go on one of birds last together the some in the park. Her favorite trail | couldn't | called the Bottomland Trail. This short trail trails going begins Trails national right and ends in the picnic area. Branches we all take a hike together and then eat our cheeks Sometimes picked landing time favorite picnic lunch—ham memories potato salad, and lemonade. The last part we took this hike, hike sandwiches strange see we heard a called honking sound. We looked up to same a flock of geese coming in for a park relaxing take salad geese near the trail. We were surprised to how large these birds are. My daughter couldn't landing son age animals see stop talking about the sight.

days recently my favorite part of going to Big Oak Tree State Park is building more guess far lizard They'll comes , I take sunscreen for my children. When I dab it on their cheeks, memories. Whenever we go there Treat told looked winter more remind them that the park is called I area the park of champions. Maybe some day , they'll do always seven state characteristics the same with their are children



#### K-5 PE Week May 11th-15th

The physical activity log will allow you to record specific physical activities of your choosing throughout the week. The duration of these activities will count towards your weekly physical education minutes (30 minutes a day). Please use the physical activity log below or come up with one on your own. Write your activities and total minutes/hours every day. Examples of these activities can include biking, basketball, jumping on the trampoline, walks, runs, soccer, etc.

#### **Physical Education Activity Log**

Date	Description of Activity	Duration