Parents,

Please read through the plan 1st! The links in the plan will allow you access to the documents, PowerPoints, and videos that we have created. If you have a problem, please contact your child's teacher through their method of contact to notify us that something isn't working.

We've tried to assemble the weekly work daily, so that you will be able to find everything you need to complete our weekly lessons. We recognize that the amount of paper and ink involved is a lot. We've created a google classroom and formatted this packet so that you may do it digitally.

If you are able to do the work this way you won't have to worry about turning in paper packets or printing paper packets. We are changing and adjusting to make this as easy for you as we can while providing enrichment for your child. Our goal being, to make sure your child is ready to start 3rd grade, and has a minimal summer slide over this extended period. If you find something in the plan unclear, please reach out to us so that we can help. We are available everyday Monday-Friday to help you!

Note: Packet Turn in Days for ALL Students with Packets

- 1. Drop off in grade-level boxes outside of gym.
- 2. Papers must be returned in the envelope you received them in. If you don't have one of the envelopes you can add to another envelope from previous weeks.

2nd Packet Turn in with Textbooks - Friday May, 15

3. If you use Google Classroom you won't need to worry with coming to the school.

2nd Grade Skills Overview [†]

<u>ELA</u>

Red, White, and Blue... The Story of the American Flag

Phonics: Abbreviations

Spelling Words:

1. Mr. 7. Dr.

2. Mrs. 8. Ms.

3. St. 9. Rd.

4. Jan. 10. Oct.

5. Feb. 11. Nov.

6. Aug. 12. Dec.

Reading:

An author's purpose is his reason for or intent in writing. An author's purpose may be to amuse the reader, to persuade the reader, or to inform the reader.

Grammar: Quotation Marks

Quotation marks show the exact words a character says, or the words a person says in real life.

Math: Topic 12 Geometry

Lesson 3: Polygons and Angles

Lesson 4: Making New Shapes

Lesson 5: Cutting Shapes Apart

Lesson 6: Dividing Rectangles into Equal Squares

Lesson 7: Whole and Equal Parts

Science: Parts of a Plant

	ELA	Math
Monday	Phonics:	Topic 12 Lesson 3 Polygons and
April 27th	* rainbow write spelling words	Angles
•	* phonics practice page 306	A shape can be identified by the
	Reading:	number of its sides, vertices, or angles.
	* read Red, White, and Blue	* practice page 12 - 3
	Watch	Watch
	Grammar: locate quotation marks in the story	Watch
	Red, White, and Blue	
	Watch (Same video for the week)	
Tuesday	Phonics:	Topic 12
April 28th	* write spelling words in ABC order	Lesson 4 Making New Shapes
7.p = 5	Reading:	Some shapes can be combined to make
	* reread Red, White, and Blue and	new shapes.
	answer #5 on page 418 in your	*practice page 12-4
	books using complete sentences	Watch
	Watch	Watch
	Grammar:	waten
	write 4 sentences using quotation marks	
	<u> </u>	
M/advaada	Watch(Same video for the week) Phonics:	Topic 12
Wednesday April 29th	1	· •
April 29th	* write sentences with spelling words 1-6	Lesson 5 Cutting Shapes Apart
		Some shapes can be decomposed into
	Reading:	new shapes.
	* Write the author's purpose for	*practice pace 12-5
	writing Red, White, and Blue	Watch
	(What does the author want to	Watch
	inform you about?)	
	Watch(Same video for the rest of the week)	
	Grammar:	
	* practice page 504	
	Watch(Same video for the week)	—
Thursday	Phonics:	Topic 12 Lesson 6 Dividing
April 30th	* write sentences with spelling	Rectangles Into Equal Squares
	words 7-12	Rectangles can be partitioned into equal
	Reading:	squares.
	* Red, White, and Bluelook back at pages 412-	*practice page 12-6
	413. What is the author's purpose for including	<u>Watch</u>
	pictures of maps and flags throughout the story?	<u>Watch</u>
	Watch (Same video for the rest of the week)	
Friday	Phonics:	Topic 12 Lesson 7
May 1st	* spelling test	Whole and Equal Parts
	Reading:	A region can be divided into equal sized
	*reading assessment pages 552-553	parts in different ways.
	Watch (Same video for the rest of the week)	Watch
	Grammar: look through books,	Watch
	magazines, newspapers and look for	
	quotation marks.	
	Watch(Same video for the week)	

2nd Grade April 27th- May 1st

CRITICAL STANDARDS

<u>EL</u>A

- 20) Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. [RF.2.3]
- 21) Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. [RF.2.4]
- 25) With guidance and support from adults and peers, focus on a topic and strengthen writing as needed by revising and editing. [W.2.5]
- 37) Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. [L.2.3]
- 40) Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy). [L.2.6]

MATH

26) Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares; describe the shares using the words *halves, thirds, half of, a third of*, etc.; and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, or four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape. [2-G3]

<u>Science</u>

5) Plan and carry out an investigation, using one variable at a time (e.g., water, light, soil, air), to determine the growth needs of plants.

Name

Abbreviations

		Spe	elling Word	ls	
Mr.	Mrs.	St.	Jan.	Feb.	Aug.
Dr.	Ms.	Rd.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.

Write the abbreviation that matches each word.

- I. October 2. Road
- 3. January 4. August
- 5. Doctor 6. December

Write the list word to complete the tongue twister.

- 7. _____ Mitchell met more men for a meeting.
- 8. Fay found the field was full of figs in ______ .

10. Mary Mell and — Markham met midday at the mall.



Home Activity Your child is learning to spell abbreviations. With your child, list some adults who live in your neighborhood. Have your child write their names, using the correct abbreviations for their titles.

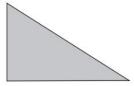
Name _____

Practice 12-3

Polygons and Angles

Name the shape shown below. Tell about the attributes of the shapes.

١.



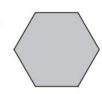
sides

____ vertices

____ angles

Shape: _____

2.



sides

vertices

____ angles

Shape: _____

Draw the shape and tell how many sides, angles, and vertices.

3. Pentagon

____ sides

____ vertices

____ angles

4. Quadrilateral

sides

vertices

____ angles

Name _			

Quotation Marks

Mark the letter of the correct sentence.

Ι.	\bigcirc	В	"Our flag has many nicknames, said Martha. "Our flag has many nicknames," said Martha. "Our flag has many nicknames, said Martha."
2.	\bigcirc	В	Is the Stars and Stripes one of the names?" asked John. "Is the Stars and Stripes one of the names? asked John." "Is the Stars and Stripes one of the names?" asked John.
3.	\bigcirc	В	"George said, Old Glory is another name for the flag." George said, "Old Glory is another name for the flag." George said, "Old Glory is another name for the flag."
4.	\bigcirc	В	I like the Red, White, and Blue best," Sally said." "I like the Red, White, and Blue best," Sally said. "I like the Red, White, and Blue best, Sally said."
5.	\bigcirc	В	Thomas asked, "Why are there 50 stars?" "Thomas asked, Why are there 50 stars?" Thomas asked, "Why are there 50 stars?
6.			"There is one star for each state in the United States, Sally said." "There is one star for each state in the United States," Sally said.

School + Home

Home Activity Your child prepared for taking tests on quotation marks. Ask your child to write a sentence about the flag. Tell him or her to use quotation marks and the name of a person mentioned on this page in the sentence.

C "There is one star for each state in the United States,

Sally said.

Read the story. **Write** the answer to each question.

Celebrating Hawaii

The people of Hawaii have many ancient customs. Two of these customs are dancing the hula and giving leis.

Hawaiians have been dancing the hula for thousands of years. In the early days, both men and women danced the hula. The dancers did not wear grass skirts then. They did wear skirts, but the skirts were made from bark.

The ancient hula was often performed to chanting, called *mele*, in which sounds were repeated over and over. Sometimes the dancers danced to music played on ancient instruments. Hawaiians used coconuts, gourds, and small logs to make instruments that they would beat or shake.

A hula dancer's movements told a story. The dances would express the history, customs, and ceremonies of Hawaii. Sometimes the dancing gave thanks for the people's blessings. The ancient hula was a serious kind of dancing. Dance teachers taught young dancers the correct way to dance this hula.

Another important custom of the Hawaiian people is to make, wear, and give away leis. A lei is a necklace of flowers—real flowers. Beautiful flowers of bright colors grow all over Hawaii.

The people who make leis usually string flowers, but sometimes they string shiny green leaves. They may also make leis with shells, nuts, or feathers.

When visitors came to Hawaii in the 1900s, the Hawaiians gave them leis as a way to welcome them to the islands. They would



Home Activity Your child read a nonfiction story and identified the author's purpose in writing it. Reread the story with your child. Ask your child why he or she thinks the author told readers about the ancient hula.

Unit 6 Week 2 Interactive Review

Name			
place the lei around the visitor's neck. Today visitors to Hawaii ar still welcomed with leis.			
No one should refuse to accept and wear a lei. To do so would hurt the feelings of the person who gives it. Leis are so important to Hawaiians that May I is called Lei Day. It's a holiday.			
I. What is the topic of this story?			
What do you think was the author's purpose in writing this story? Underline the answer below.			
to tell a funny story			
to explain how to make something			
to give information			
3. Why do you think the author told the reader about chanting?			
4. What facts about Hawaii did you learn as you read the story? Tell two things that you learned.			

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Name: _____

Parts of a Plant Write the parts of the plant on the lines. **Word Bank** roots stem flower leaf