NEW MILFORD PUBLIC SCHOOLS

New Milford, Connecticut



Grade 7 Social Studies Curriculum: World Regional Studies Two

June 2017

New Milford Board of Education

David Lawson, Chairperson

Mr. Bill Dahl, Vice Chairperson

Tammy McInerney, Secretary

Robert Coppola, Assistant Secretary

Angela Chastain

Wendy Faulenbach

David Littlefield

Brian McCauley

J.T. Schemm

Superintendent of Schools

Mr. Joshua Smith

Assistant Superintendent

Ms. Alisha DiCorpo

Authors of Course Guide

Patrick Smith

Mary Maloney

Yvonne de St. Croix

Julia Taborsak

New Milford's Mission Statement

The mission of the New Milford Public Schools, a collaborative partnership of students, educators, family and community, is to prepare each and every student to compete and excel in an ever-changing world, embrace challenges with vigor, respect and appreciate the worth of every human being, and contribute to society by providing effective instruction and dynamic curriculum, offering a wide range of valuable experiences, and inspiring students to pursue their dreams and aspirations.

Grade 7 - World Regional Studies

World Regional Studies is a two-year course for Grades 6 and 7.

Regional of Study

World Regional Studies includes:

- the East (includes geography, selected points of history, and current events/culture)
- Sub-Saharan Africa
- The Middle East and North Africa
- Subcontinental Asia
- East Asia

The study of the world's regions and cultures requires that students generate and research compelling questions such as:

- · How does where we live affect how we live?
- How and why do places change over time?
- What are the benefits and challenges that result from globalization?
- How has competition for resources and land affected the development of various regions and/or cultures?
- How do the natural resources in a particular place affect the culture and affect that region's ability to be a part of the global community?
- What characteristics make groups of people unique?
- · How does population density affect the availability of resources?
- Why are certain places more populated than others?
- How does technology influence connections among human settlements and the diffusion of culture?
- What are human rights?

Considerations for Curriculum Development

Social studies is composed of deep and enduring understandings, concepts, and skills from the disciplines.

Social studies instructors should emphasize skills and practices that prepare students for informed and engaged participation in civic

life.

Prior Knowledge:

1. It will be expected that students in elementary school will establish a fundamental understanding of geography and the use of maps and globes.

2. It will also be expected that students in elementary school will have explored America's geographic and cultural regions.

5. It will be expected that students will engage in activities that promote the development of research, reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills as part of the inquiry in the social studies classroom.

Spiraling Skills:

1. It will be expected that students in middle school will apply geographic concepts and skills to study regions of the Earth.

2. It will be expected that students in high school will apply an understanding of geography, economics, and civics to study modern world history.

3. It will be expected that elementary school, middle school, and high school students will all use local and state geography as a window into larger geographic themes.

4. It will be expected that students in elementary school, middle school, and high school will analyze a variety of viewpoints and perspectives on topics studied in the course of the year.

Core Standards Connections to the Connecticut (CSS)

The Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects standards can be accessed at CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RH.6-8, CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RH.9-10, and CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RH.11-12.

Dimension of Inquiry	Connecticut Core Standards
Developing questions and planning inquiry	R1, W7, SL1
Applying disciplinary concepts and tools	R1-10, W1, W2, W7, SL1, L1-3, L6
Evaluating sources and using evidence	R1-10, W1, W2, W7-10, SL1, L1-3
Communicating conclusions and taking informed action	R1, W1-8, SL1-6, L1-3

Source: http://www.sde.ct.gov/sde/lib/sde/pdf/board/ssframeworks.pdf

As stated, the Connecticut Social Studies frameworks use social studies literacy skills found in the Connecticut Core Standards; at the same time, it should be noted that the social studies frameworks were developed independently from the Connecticut Core Standards and include many skills and content connections not found in the Connecticut Core Standards. It is also important that social studies teachers use the ELA College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards, especially the anchor standards for speaking and listening and language.

ESTABLISHED GOALS	Tra	nsfor
ESTABLISHED GUALS	Transfer	
Geographic Representations: Spatial Views of the World	Students will be able to independently use their learning to	
GEO 6–7.2 Use maps, satellite images, photographs, and other representations to	Develop questions and plan inquiry (<u>R1,W7</u> , <u>SL1</u>)	
explain relationships between the locations of places and regions, and changes in their	Apply disciplinary concepts and tools (<u>R1-10</u> , <u>W1, W2, W7</u> , <u>SL1, L1-3, L6</u>)	
environmental characteristics.	Evaluate sources and use evidence (R1-10, W	<u>1, W2, W7-10, SL1, L1-3)</u>
Human-Environment Interaction: Places, Regions, and Culture	Communicate conclusions & take informed action (R1, W1-8, SL1-6, L1-3)	
GEO 6–7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and	Synthesize the cultural, social, political, and economic characteristics that may define a	
economic decisions influence environments	geographic region to build a global perspective	
and the daily lives of people.		aning ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
GEO 6-7.4: Analyze the cultural and environmental characteristics that make places both similar to and different from one	Students will understand thatMaps can be used or constructed to	How has Sub-Saharan Africa changed?What are the purposes and uses of
another.	represent data in a spatial form.	maps in relation to Sub-Saharan Africa?
GEO 6-7.5: Explain the connections between the physical and human characteristics of a region and the identity of individuals and	 Regions are defined by changing human and physical characteristics. 	 How are regions defined in Sub-Saharan Africa? How do physical processes influence
cultures living there.	 The earth is not static, but always changing. 	how humans live in Sub-Saharan Africa?
Human Population: Spatial Patterns and		When do complex human processes
Movement	• The interaction between economic,	interact to create change in
GEO 6–7.7 Analyze how relationships	political and social processes create	Sub-Saharan Africa?
between humans	complex change.	Why does the distribution of resources very in Sub Scheron Africa?
and environments extend or contract	The change in the importance, value	vary in Sub-Saharan Africa?How does the past influence the
settlement and movement.	 The change in the importance, value and availability of resources is an 	present in Sub-Saharan Africa?
Global Interconnections	important aspect of human systems.	 What is the relationship between the United States and the regions of

GEO 6-7.9 Analyze the ways in which cultural and environmental characteristics vary among various regions of the world	 Understanding the choices made by humans and the changes in physical systems will help us anticipate and solve the problems of the future. 	Sub-Saharan Africa, and how do they impact one another?
Change, Continuity and Context	The United States has a rich history	
HIST 6–8.1 Use questions about historically	and current involvement in the	
significant people or events to explain the	Sub-Saharan Africa.	
impact on a region		isition
Perenectives	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
Perspectives		
HIST 6-7.4 Explain how and why perspectives of people have changed over time.	The Content:	The Content:
or people have changed over line.	 Analyze how the physical geography of many sub Sabaran African countries 	 Analyze how the physical geography of many sub Sabaran African countries
CCSS INQ 6–8.6 Gather relevant information from multiple sources while using the origin, authority, structure, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection. INQ 6–8.7 Evaluate the credibility of a source by determining its relevance and intended use. Civic and Political Institutions CIV 6-7.1 Explain specific roles played by	 many sub-Saharan African countries contributes to tribal form of government and lack of a typical Western democracy. Evaluate the impact of European colonization on the culture, government, and economies of sub-Saharan African regions. Analyze the impact of human rights abuses on the people of sub-Saharan Africa (e.g., Genocide in Rwanda, Apartheid in South Africa). 	 many sub-Saharan African countries contributes to tribal form of government and lack of a typical Western democracy. Evaluate the impact of European colonization on the culture, government, and economies of sub-Saharan African regions. Analyze the impact of human rights abuses on the people of sub-Saharan Africa (e.g., Genocide in Rwanda, Apartheid in South Africa).
citizens (such as votes, jurors, taxpayers,	The Themes:	The Themes:
members of the armed forces, petitioners, protesters, and officeholders).	• Analyze how people from various world regions allocate their available resources.	• Analyze how people from various world regions allocate their available resources.
Economic Decision-Making	 Assess the impact of environmental 	 Assess the impact of environmental
ECO 6–7.2 Evaluate alternative approaches	changes on populations of various	changes on populations of various
or solutions to current economic issues in	world regions over time.	world regions over time.
terms of benefits and costs for different groups	 Analyze the pattern and impact of authors diffusion even time 	 Analyze the pattern and impact of authors diffusion even time
and society as a whole.	cultural diffusion over time.	cultural diffusion over time.
Literacy:	 Analyze a region's shifts in population over time. 	 Analyze a region's shifts in population over time
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RH.6-8.1-10		over time.
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.WHST.6-8.1,2,7-10	 Examine the diversity and views on human rights of a region. 	 Examine the diversity and views on human rights of a region.

 Evaluate the impact of immigration on the political, social, and economic conditions of a region. Explore the factors that have led to colonialism. Create graphic representations of various physical, cultural, social, political, and economic regions. 	 Evaluate the impact of immigration on the political, social, and economic conditions of a region. Explore the factors that have led to colonialism. Create graphic representations of various physical, cultural, social, political, and economic regions.
--	--

Code	Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence
• T	 Checklist/Rubric clear and focused claim and/or 	PERFORMANCE TASK(S): G: As a member of a team preparing to present in a breakout session at a Sub-Saharan African Issues Conference, you and your team members will choose an African issue to research and present. You will demonstrate your knowledge of a specific Sub-Saharan African
• A	o historical curacy	issue through preparing a research-based presentation that includes a supporting PowerPoint or other visual/multi-media presentation.
• M,A	 thorough understanding of content topics and 	R: Presenters at an International Conference A: Conference attendees/government representatives
• T,M,A	concepts o interpretation & application of sources	S: Students will attend a conference hosted in Sub-Saharan Africa that will be attended by current leadership to discuss solutions for the most pressing issues facing the region today. Prior to attending the conference they are to complete research on the problem and its impact in Sub-Saharan Africa, then, they are to formulate appropriate research-based questions for
• T • T	 citation of evidence to support claim organization 	country leaders in this world region related to addressing the issue. They will submit their list of questions to the bureau chief (teacher) prior to attending the conference, and suggest solutions to the problem.
• T	& mechanics • application of the five themes	 P: Mock Conference and Presentation S: INQ 6–8.6 Gather relevant information from multiple sources while using the origin, authority, structure, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection. GEO 6–7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and economic decisions influence environments and the daily lives of people. GEO 6-7.4: Analyze the cultural and environmental characteristics that make places both similar to and different from one another. GEO 6-7.5: Explain the connections between the physical and human characteristics of a region and the identity of individuals and cultures living there. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.1: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.2:Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

Suggested Issues: • Sustainable Agriculture – How can we curb desertification?
 Refugees – What changes would you make to help refugees return home? Child Labor – What would happen if child labor was ended?
 Child Soldiers – Do you agree with the use of children as soldiers? Conflict Diamonds – What influence does the mining of diamonds have on African
 governments? Decolonization – How would you evaluate the impact of Decolonization? Disease - What is the burden of disease in the Sub-Saharan Africa?
Adapted from Georgia PS: https://drive.google.com/a/newmilfordps.org/file/d/1KRmXQSQmsxyNDFxD-VV364INe59X5OU AuOnr1UWmPdZewhD79NGiDMYXQPRa39nvRnnREtwUIRZuvpFb/view?usp=sharing

		OTHER EVIDENCE:
• T, M, A	 Skillful application of 	 Atlas & Map Skills Check
	disciplinary tools (i.e.	Entrance/Exit slips
	maps, atlases, etc)	 Social Studies notebook
	used to make	Unit Vocabulary guiz
	accurate inferences	Close reading of primary and secondary source documents
	and logical	Student self-reflection/self-assessment
	predictions and draw	 peer evaluations/peer feedback
	conclusions	 Assignment feedback/conferring notes
• M	Thorough	 Application of disciplinary concepts and skills to current issues and events
	understanding and	
	analysis of key	
	topics/concepts	
• M,A	Accurate application	
,	of content and	
	domain specific	
	vocabulary	
• T,M,A	Selection of evidence	
.,,.	that is sufficient,	
	relevant, and	
	compelling to support	
	a claim	

Code	Pre-Assessment	
Т	 Common Pre-Assessment: Students will respond to the following questions in their Social Studies Notebooks, pair share with a partner, and share out we the entire class in whole class discussion: Where is sub-saharan Africa and what countries make up the region? What is something you know, or think you know about the geography of sub-Saharan Africa? What is something you know, or think you know about the culture of sub-Saharan Africa? What is something you know, or think you know about the history of sub-Saharan Africa? What is something you know, or think you know about the history of sub-Saharan Africa? What is something you know, or think you know about current events and issues facing modern sub-saharan Africa? What is something you know, or think you know about current events and issues facing modern sub-saharan Africa? What is something you know, or think you know about current events and issues facing modern sub-saharan Africa? What is content advance organizer (concept map, web, anticipation guide, etc) Ktuents will identify prior knowledge and formulate "want to learn" questions in their notebooks/journals Vocabulary pre-assessment 	
	Name: Class: Sub-Saharan Africa Pre-Assessment Matching: 1. shaman 2. savanna b. honored ideas, beliefs, and behaviors 3. Swahili c. widely spoken Bantu language of East Africa 4. dialects dialects d. belief that everything on earth has a spirit 5. values e. religious person believed to control spirits 6. genetics f. record of ancestors 7. animism g. regional variations of a language 8. stereotype h. study of inherited characteristics of living things 9. indigenous i. dry, grassy grazing lands 10. genealogy j. unfair generalization about a group of people 11. Written Response – If you could visit anywhere in Sub-Saharan Africa what would you most like to See and why?	

	C. part of Madagascar	B. in the Libyan	Desert	
	C. part of Madagascar	D. located in Ea	st Africa	
13	A "witch doctor" can BEST be			
	A. chi	ef B. surgeon	C. healer	D. monster
14	 How is Madagascar similar to A. It is very industrial C. Its land is being destroyed 	many parts of Africa? B. It is a desert re	gion	
	C. Its land is being destroye	d D. Its anima	l life is very sin	nilar
15	The Congo, the Niger, and the	Zambezi are all		
	A. animal refuges C. important lakes	B. African Rivers		
	C. important lakes	D. mountain rang	les	

T,M,A	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction	 Progress Monitoring Class discussions involving
	 Students will learn, internalize, and correctly use Unit-specific vocabulary. (eg. Location, Place, Region, Movement, HEI) Students will complete map work associated with the individual unit. (eg. Atlas of World History) Students will select and use credible sources to support their written tasks.(eg. World Cultures Textbook) 	 student-generated questions Student discussion based on overarching questions Notebook responses/ journal entries Research and inquiry development processes Self reflection (ie, entrance/ exit slips, peer assessments, self assessments) Conferring/ Teacher-student conferences

Junior Scholastic Magazine http://junior.scholastic.com/

Newsela https://newsela.com/

World Cultures and Geography of Western Hemisphere and Europe Published by McDougal Littel

Online databases listed at school website under LMC, such as, www.culturegrams.com

Writing guides and formative assessments for differentiating processes: https://www.facinghistory.org or

https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library?search=western%20europe%20writing%20guide&f[0]=multi_field_resource_type%3A619

Jigsaw practice: <u>https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library/teaching-strategies/jigsaw-developing-community-and-disseminating-knowledge</u> http://7thglobalstudies.weebly.com/unit-i---sub-saharan-africa.html

ESTABLISHED GOALS	Transfer	
GEO 6-7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and economic decisions influence environments	Students will be able to independently use their	learning to
and the lives of people. GEO 6-7.4 Analyze the cultural and	Develop questions and plan inquiry (<u>R1,W7</u> , <u>SL</u>	1)
environmental characteristics that make places both similar and different.	Apply disciplinary concepts and tools (R1-10, W	<u>1, W2, W7, SL1, L1-3, L6</u>)
GEO 6-7.5 Explain the connections between the physical and human characteristics of a	Evaluate sources and use evidence (R1-10, W1,	<u>, W2, W7-10, SL1, L1-3</u>)
region and the identity of cultures living there. GEO 6-7.7 Analyze how relationships between	Communicate conclusions & take informed actio	n (<u>R1, W1-8, SL1-6, L1-3</u>)
humans and environments extend or contract settlement and movement.	Synthesize the cultural, social, political, and econ geographic region.	nomic characteristics that may define a
HIST 6-7.1 Use questions about significant people or events to explain the impact on the	Меа	ning
region. HIST 6-7.2 Classify a series of historical events and developments as examples of change or continuity. HIST 6-7.4 Explain how and why perspectives of people have changed over time. HIST 6-7.7 Explain multiple causes and effects of events and developments in the past. CIV 6-7.2 Assess specific rules and laws as a means of addressing public problems. CIV 6-7.3 Compare historical and contemporary means of changing societies and promoting the common good. ECO 6-7.6 Explain barriers to trade and how they influence trade amongst nations. ECO 6-7.7 Explain the benefits and costs of trade policies. INQ 6-8.13 Critique arguments for credibility.	 UNDERSTANDINGS Students will understand that Maps can be used or constructed to represent data in a spatial form. Regions are defined by changing human and physical characteristics. The earth is not static, but always changing. The interaction between economic, political and social processes create complex change. The United States has a rich history and current involvement in the Middle East. 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS What provocative questions will foster inquiry, meaning making, and transfer the learning? How have climate and location influenced the Middle East in the past and today? What factors led to the development of civilizations in the Middle East? How have resources and migration shaped culture in the Middle East? What forces have affected the development of modern countries in the Middle East?

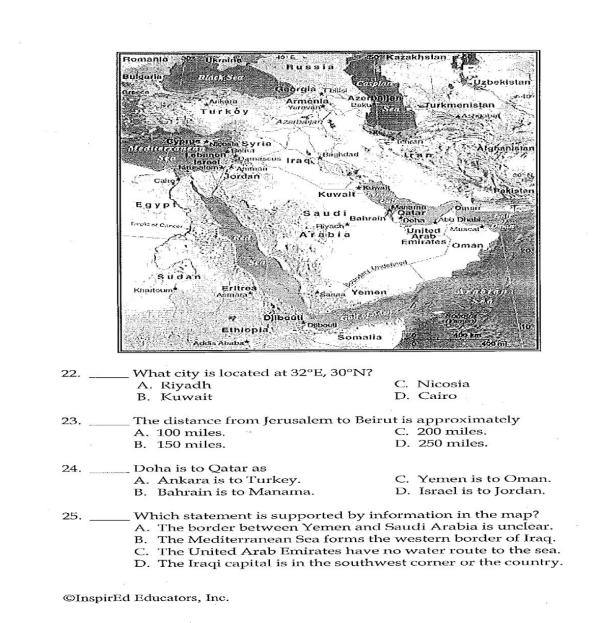
INQ 6-8.14 Critique the structure of explanations.	 The change in the importance, value and availability of resources is an important aspect of human systems. The environments of the Earth affect and shape cultures, worldwide. 	isition
	 Students will know How geographic features and population patterns encourage unity. GEO 6-7.7 How geographic and societal factors often create division. GEO 6-7.7 How societal, political, and economic structures today are a product of the past. HIST 6-8.1 How to evaluate similarities and differences between various parts of the world. GEO 6-7.9 How people modify and adapt to their environments. GEO 6-7.3 How environmental changes across borders create dispute. GEO 6-7.9 How cultural aspects of one group may migrate or affect other groups. GEO 6-7.5 The Middle East is the birthplace of three of the World's great religions. HIST 6-7.2 	 Students will be skilled at The analysis of geographic features and population patterns. GEO 6-7.7 Evaluate the factors which encourage unity, as well as those factors which create division. GEO 6-7.7 The evaluation of how societal, political, and economic structures today are a product of the past. HIST 6-8.1 The evaluation of regional similarities and differences. GEO 6-7.9 The analysis of how people from various world regions modify and adapt their environments. GEO 6-7.3 the exploration of factors of environmental changes that cross regional boundaries. <i>GEO 6-7.9</i> the analysis of how the cultural aspects of a region spread beyond its borders. <i>GEO 6-7.5</i> the exploration of the makeup of the people in a particular region. <i>GEO 6-7.1</i> the analysis of the migration of people within and beyond a region. HIST 6-7.1 the evaluation of cultural, social,

		political, and economic characteristics that may define a region. <i>GEO</i> 6-7.5 & <i>GEO</i> 6–7.7
--	--	---

Code	Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence
• T	 Checklist/Rubric clear and focused claim and/or 	Performance Task(s): Students will show they really understand by
• A	 and/or purpose historical accuracy thorough 	<i>G:</i> Recommend a foreign policy course of action regarding the Israeli-Palestinian conflict to the international peace negotiation team. Consider multiple perspectives and be mindful of and sensitive to cultural, religious, political, and historical influences.
• M, A	g of content topics and concepts	R: Student addressing the peace negotiations team A: Arab and Israeli representatives of peace negotiation team
• T, M, A	 interpretation & application of sources citation of evidence to support claim 	<i>S:</i> The Arab-Israeli Conflict has been ongoing for decades. As a student you would like to see a resolution before you graduate from high school.First, you must develop a solution to the dispute. Second, write a position statement with your recommended course of action to help the peace process along. Finally, turn the position statement into a brief address to the Israeli and Arab leadership on the peace negotiations team.
• T	 organization & mechanics o application of 	P: Address to Arab and Israeli leadership & members of peace negotiation team

• T	the five themes	 S: CIV 6-7.3 Compare historical and contemporary means of changing societies and promoting the common good. GEO 6-7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and economic decisions influence environments and the lives of people. ECO 6-7.2 Evaluate alternative approaches or solutions to current economic issues in terms of benefits and costs for different groups and society as a whole. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.1: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.2:Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
M, A • M • M, A • T,	Skillful application of disciplinary tools (i.e. maps, atlases, etc) used to make accurate inferences and logical predictions and draw conclusions Thorough understanding and analysis of key topics/concepts Accurate application of content and domain specific vocabulary Selection of evidence that is sufficient, relevant, and compelling to support a claim	OTHER EVIDENCE: • Atlas & Map Skills • Entrance/Exit slips • Social Studies notebook • Unit Vocabulary quiz • Close reading of primary and secondary source documents • Student self-reflection/self-assessment • peer evaluations/peer feedback • Assignment feedback/conferring notes • Application of disciplinary concepts and skills to current issues and events

 KWL or other advance organizer (concept map, web, anticipation guide, etc) Students will share in journals or orally as needed knowledge, experiences, and questions for the region to be deepened during the unit and shared with class. Vocabulary guides 		
Name:	Class:	
	orth Africa/Middle East Pre-Assessment	
Matching:		
	a. a meeting of high-level government officials	
2. desalination		
3 irrigation	-	
4 customs	d. area of water partially enclosed by coastline	
5 Arabic	e. the usual way of doing things	
6 scarcity		
7 arable land		
8 climagraph		
9 summit		
10 GNP	j. an insufficient amount of something	
11. Written Response	 Explain one way that the geography of this region causes problems for 	
	the people who live there.	



T,M,A	 Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction Students will learn, internalize, and correctly use Unit-specific vocabulary. (eg. Location, Place, Region, Movement, HEI) Students will complete map work associated with the individual unit. (eg. Atlas of World History) Students will select and use credible sources to support their written tasks.(eg. World Cultures Textbook) 	 Progress Monitoring Class discussions involving student-generated questions Student discussion based on overarching questions Notebook responses/ journal entries Research and inquiry development processes Self reflection (ie, entrance/ exit slips, peer assessments, self assessments) Conferring/ Teacher-student conferences 		
Junior Sc Newsela <u>World Cu</u> Online da Writing gu <u>https://ww</u> Jigsaw pu	Atlas of World History, Kids Discover Magazines, S.S. Department videos. Junior Scholastic Magazine <u>http://junior.scholastic.com/</u> Newsela <u>https://newsela.com/</u> <u>World Cultures and Geography of Western Hemisphere and Europe</u> Published by McDougal Littel Online databases listed at school website under LMC, such as, <u>www.culturegrams.com</u> Writing guides and formative assessments for differentiating processes: <u>https://www.facinghistory.org</u> or <u>https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library?search=western%20europe%20writing%20guide&f[0]=multi_field_resource_type%3A619</u> Jigsaw practice: <u>https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library/teaching-strategies/jigsaw-developing-community-and-disseminating-knowledge</u>			

Subject/Course: World Regional Studies Two

Unit 3: Subcontinental Asia

Grade:7

ESTABLISHED GOALS	Transfer	
Geographic Representations: Spatial Views	Students will be able to independently use their	learning to
of the World GEO 6–7.2 Use maps, satellite images,	Develop questions and plan inquiry (<u>R1,W7</u> , <u>SL</u>	<u>1</u>)
photographs, and other representations to explain relationships between the locations of places and regions, and changes in their	Apply disciplinary concepts and tools (R1-10, W1, W2, W7, SL1, L1-3, L6)	
environmental characteristics.	Evaluate sources and use evidence (R1-10, W1, W2, W7-10, SL1, L1-3)	
Human-Environment Interaction: Places, Regions, and Culture	Communicate conclusions & take informed action (R1, W1-8, SL1-6, L1-3)	
GEO 6–7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and economic decisions influence environments	Synthesize the cultural, social, political, and economic characteristics that may define a geographic region to build a global perspective	
and the daily lives of people.		
GEO 6-7.4: Analyze the cultural and environmental characteristics that make places both similar to and different from one another.	 UNDERSTANDINGS Students will understand that Maps can be used or constructed to represent data in a spatial form. 	 ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS How has Subcontinental Asia changed? What are the purposes and uses of maps in relation to Subcontinental Asia?
GEO 6-7.5: Explain the connections between the physical and human characteristics of a region and the identity of individuals and cultures living there.	 Regions are defined by changing human and physical characteristics. The earth is not static, but always changing. 	 How are regions defined in Subcontinental Asia? How do physical processes influence how humans live in Subcontinental Asia?

 Human Population: Spatial Patterns and Movement GEO 6–7.7 Analyze how relationships between humans and environments extend or contract settlement and movement. Global Interconnections GEO 6-7.9 Analyze the ways in which cultural and environmental characteristics vary among various regions of the world 	 The interaction between economic, political and social processes create complex change. The change in the importance, value and availability of resources is an important aspect of human systems. Understanding the choices made by humans and the changes in physical systems will help us anticipate and solve the problems of the future. 	 When do complex human processes interact to create change in Subcontinental Asia? Why does the distribution of resources vary in Subcontinental Asia? How does the past influence the present in Subcontinental Asia? What is the relationship between the United States and the regions of Sub Continental Asia, and how do they impact one another?
Change, Continuity and Context HIST 6–8.1 Use questions about historically significant people or events to explain the impact on a region	 The United States has a rich history and current involvement in the Subcontinental Asian Region. 	
	Acqui	isition
Perspectives HIST 6-7.4 Explain how and why perspectives	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
of people have changed over time.	the Content:	the Content:
CCSS INQ 6–8.6 Gather relevant information from multiple sources while using the origin, authority, structure, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the selection. INQ 6–8.7 Evaluate the credibility of a source by determining its relevance and intended use.	 how the physical geography and religious diversity of modern India and Pakistan contributes to the tension between the two countries. how the impact of India's substantial population on its environment, economy, and government. how the historical events that have created disunity and conflict in the region. 	 Analyze how the physical geography and religious diversity of modern India and Pakistan contributes to the tension between the two countries. Evaluate the impact of India's substantial population on its environment, economy, and government. Evaluate the historical events that have created disunity and conflict in the region.
<i>Civic and Political Institutions</i> <i>CIV</i> 6-7.1 <i>Explain specific roles played by</i> <i>citizens (such as votes, jurors, taxpayers,</i> <i>members of the armed forces, petitioners,</i> <i>protesters, and officeholders).</i> <i>Economic Decision-Making</i>	 the Themes: how people from the Subcontinental Asia allocate their available resources. how the impact of environmental changes on populations of the Subcontinental Asia over time. how the pattern and impact of cultural 	 the Themes: Analyze how people from various world regions allocate their available resources. Assess the impact of environmental changes on populations of various

ECO 6–7.2 Evaluate alternative approaches or solutions to current economic issues in terms of benefits and costs for different groups and society as a whole.	 diffusion over time in the Subcontinental Asia. how the Subcontinental Asia shifts in population over time. how the diversity and views on human rights of the Subcontinental Asia. how the impact of immigration on the 	 world regions over time. Analyze the pattern and impact of cultural diffusion over time. Analyze a region's shifts in population over time. Examine the diversity and views on human rights of a region.
<i>Literacy:</i> CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RH.6-8.1-10 CCSS.ELA-Literacy.WHST.6-8.1,2,7-10	 Now the impact of minigration on the political, social, and economic conditions of the Subcontinental Asia. how the factors that have led to colonialism the Subcontinental Asia. how to graphic representations of various physical, cultural, social, political, and economic regions the Subcontinental Asia. 	 Evaluate the impact of immigration on the political, social, and economic conditions of a region. Explore the factors that have led to colonialism. Create graphic representations of various physical, cultural, social, political, and economic regions.

Code	Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence
• T	 Checklist/Rubric clear and focused claim and/or 	PERFORMANCE TASK(S): G: Using the inquiry, primary and secondary sources presented in class, plus your knowledge of South Asia, construct an argument and determine the best method for presenting that argument. Your presentation must defend or criticize India's caste system which has been in
• A	 purpose historical accuracy thorough 	 place for hundreds of years, as usual, support your conclusions with text evidence. R: You are an Indian journalist and you are proposing actions you would like India's Congress to take in addressing the caste system. A: India's Congress and the millions of Indian voters.
• M,A	of content topics and concepts	S: The challenge involves centuries of religious tradition versus the social and economic isolation of 100 million "Untouchables". P: Written Argument (News Editorial) and Presentation S:
• T,M,A	 interpretation & application of sources 	 S: GEO 6-7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and economic decisions influence the daily lives of people. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.1: Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of
• T	 citation of evidence to 	 primary and secondary sources. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.6-8.2:Determine the central ideas or information of a
• T	support claim o organization	primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of the source distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
• T	 & mechanics o application of the five themes 	
• T, M, A	 Skillful application of disciplinary tools (i.e. maps, atlases, etc) used to make 	OTHER EVIDENCE: • Atlas & Map Skills • Entrance/Exit slips • Social Studies notebook • Unit Vocabulary quiz
• M	accurate inferences and logical	 Close reading of primary and secondary source documents Student self-reflection/self-assessment
• M,A	predictions and draw conclusions	 peer evaluations/peer feedback Assignment feedback/conferring notes
• T,M,A	 Thorough understanding and analysis of key topics/concepts 	Application of disciplinary concepts and skills to current issues and events

 Accurate application of content and domain specific vocabulary Selection of evidence that is sufficient, relevant and 	
that is sufficient, relevant, and compelling to support	
a claim	

Code T	 <i>Pre-Assessment</i> KWL or other advance organizer (concept map, web, anticipation guide, etc) Students will share in journals or orally as needed knowledge, experiences, and questions for the region to be deepened during the unit and shared with class. Vocabulary guides
	Name: Class: Subcontinental Asia Pre-Assessment The region officially known as Jammu and Kashmir has been the center of a great dispute between India and Pakistan since the two nations gained their independence from the British. The region, which is so beautiful it is sometimes called the "Switzerland of the East", covers over 200,000 square miles and is home to about 12 million people. About 70% of the population of Jammu and Kashmir is Muslim, but Hindus, Sikhs, and Budddhists also live in the region. Most people work either on farms or in cottage industries. The fertile valley between the Himalayas and the smaller Pir Panjal Range has a mild climate and well-watered soil, making it a productive agricultural area. Kashmir is particularly well known for its wool that is used in shawls, sweaters, and carpets. Mining in this region is also profitable because of a wealth of minerals and gems. With such beauty, rich farmland, and mineral wealth it is easy to see why India and Pakistan would benefit from controlling the region. Each country claims the land as their territory and the two have fought over control. After a war in 1947 the area was divided between India and Pakistan at the Line of Control. The area to the east of the LOC is controlled by India, and Pakistan controls the land to the west. Even today the people within the region disagree over control of the land. Rebellions and uprisings are common and despite the great beauty, tourists are discouraged from visiting the region due to unrest. Matching: 1. According to the main idea of the passage, Jammu and Kashmir is A. an independent territory. B. the "Switzerland of the East". C. rich, well-watered farmland . D. a bitterly disputed region. 2. </th

	 1962 War with China over Jammu and Kashmir. 1965 War with Pakistan 1971 War with Pakistan 1974 India successfully tests nuclear bomb 1992 Hindu mob destroys Muslim mosque sparking riots. 1994 Press reports that Pakistan has developed a nuclear 1998 India and Pakistan each conduct several nuclear test 	
	Matching: 7 The BEST title for this timeline would be A. "Pakistan and India". C. "Independent India."	B. "India's Long History." D. "Nuclear Weapons."
	 8 The word "partitioned" most nearly means A. independent. B. divided. 9 What conclusion could be drawn based on the in A. India has had many problems since 1947. B. Pakistan and India are still enemies today. C. The Subcontinent is the most dangerous world D. China poses a great threat to peace in the Sub 10 While India nuclear tests first, Pakistan a A. launched bombs C. halted capabilities 	formation in the timeline? region. pcontinent.
T,M,A	 Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction Students will learn, internalize, and correctly use L vocabulary. (eg.Hindu, Muslim, Sikh, dialect, sect) Students will demonstrate map skills work associa individual unit. (eg. Atlas of World History) Students will select and use credible sources to su tasks.(eg. World Cultures Textbook) 	Progress Monitoring Init-specific Init-specific Student-generated questions Ited with the Ited with the

Suggested Resources: World Cultures Text, Atlas of World History, Kids Discover Magazines, S.S. Department videos.

Junior Scholastic Magazine http://junior.scholastic.com/

Newsela https://newsela.com/

World Cultures and Geography of Western Hemisphere and Europe Published by McDougal Littel

Online databases listed at school website under LMC, such as, www.culturegrams.com

Writing guides and formative assessments for differentiating processes: https://www.facinghistory.org or

https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library?search=western%20europe%20writing%20guide&f[0]=multi_field_resource_type%3A619

Jigsaw practice: <u>https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library/teaching-strategies/jigsaw-developing-community-and-disseminating-knowledge</u>

Subject/Course:World Regional Studies Two

Unit 4: East Asia

Grade:7

ESTABLISHED GOALS	Transfer	
Geographic Representations: Spatial Views of the World	Students will be able to independently use their	learning to
GEO 6–7.2 Use maps, satellite images, photographs, and other representations to	Develop questions and plan inquiry (R1,W7, SL	1)
explain relationships between the locations of places and regions, and changes in their	Apply disciplinary concepts and tools (R1-10, W	<u>1, W2, W7, SL1, L1-3, L6</u>)
environmental characteristics.	Evaluate sources and use evidence (<u>R1-10</u> , <u>W1, W2, W7-10</u> , <u>SL1</u> , <u>L1-3</u>)	
Human-Environment Interaction: Places, Regions, and Culture	Communicate conclusions & take informed action (R1, W1-8, SL1-6, L1-3)	
GEO 6–7.3 Explain how cultural patterns and economic decisions influence environments	Synthesize the cultural, social, political, and eco geographic region to build a global perspective	nomic characteristics that may define a
and the daily lives of people.	Meaning	
	UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
GEO 6-7.4: Analyze the cultural and environmental characteristics that make	Students will understand that	 How has East Asia changed?

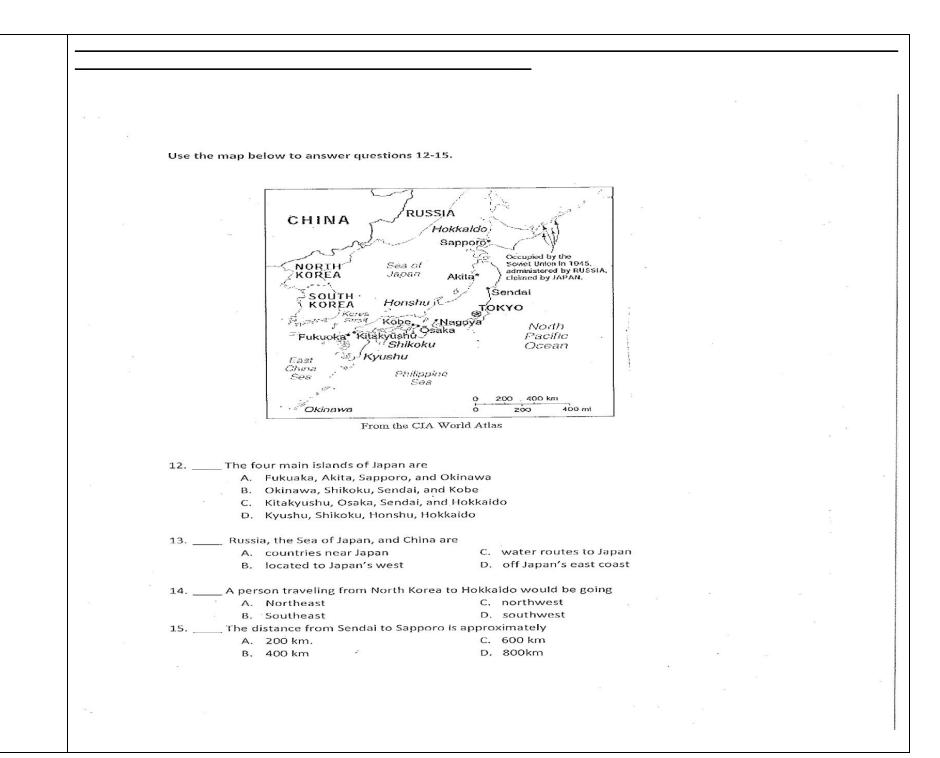
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
places both similar to and different from one	Maps can be used or constructed to	What are the purposes and uses of
another.	represent data in a spatial form.	maps in relation to East Asia?
		How are regions defined in East Asia?
GEO 6-7.5: Explain the connections between	Regions are defined by changing	How do physical processes influence
the physical and human characteristics of a	human and physical characteristics.	how humans live in East Asia?
region and the identity of individuals and		When do complex human processes
cultures living there.	• The earth is not static, but always	interact to create change in East Asia?
	changing.	Why does the distribution of resources
Human Population: Spatial Patterns and		vary in East Asia?
Movement	• The interaction between economic,	How does the past influence the
GEO 6–7.7 Analyze how relationships	political and social processes create	present in East Asia?
between humans	complex change.	What is the relationship between the
and environments extend or contract		United States and the regions of East
settlement and movement.	• The change in the importance, value	Asia, and how do they impact one
	and availability of resources is an	another?
Global Interconnections	important aspect of human systems.	
GEO 6-7.9 Analyze the ways in which cultural		
and environmental characteristics vary among	Understanding the choices made by	
various regions of the world	humans and the changes in physical	
	systems will help us anticipate and	
	solve the problems of the future.	
Change, Continuity and Context	T	
HIST 6–8.1 Use questions about historically	• The United States has a rich history	
significant people or events to explain the	and current involvement in East Asia	
impact on a region		
Devene etime		isition
Perspectives	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
HIST 6-7.4 Explain how and why perspectives		
of people have changed over time.	the Content:	the Content:
0000	the reasons for and results of	Analyze the reasons for and results of
CCSS	environmental problems of modern	environmental problems of modern
INQ 6–8.6 Gather relevant information from	China; China's policies to deal with	China; evaluate China's policies to
multiple sources while using the origin,	pollution.	deal with pollution.
authority, structure, context, and corroborative	the issues associated with China's	• Examine the issues associated with
value of the sources to guide the selection.	substantial population; its response to	China's substantial population;
INO 6 9.7 Evolute the aredibility of a course	these issues	compare its response to these issues
INQ 6–8.7 Evaluate the credibility of a source	 how Japan's geographic location 	as compared with its neighbors.
by determining its relevance and intended	affected its historical, cultural, and	Evaluate how Japan's geographic
USE.	economic development.	location affected its historical, cultural,

Civic and Political Institutions CIV 6-7.1 Explain specific roles played by citizens (such as votes, jurors, taxpayers, members of the armed forces, petitioners, protesters, and officeholders). Economic Decision-Making ECO 6–7.2 Evaluate alternative approaches or solutions to current economic issues in terms of benefits and costs for different groups and society as a whole. Literacy: CCSS.ELA-Literacy.RH.6-8.1-10 CCSS.ELA-Literacy.WHST.6-8.1,2,7-10	 the historical reasons for the division of Korea and the modern day impact on military strategy for the United States. the Themes: how people from East Asia allocate their available resources. the impact of environmental changes on populations of East Asia over time. the pattern and impact of cultural diffusion over time in the East Asia. East Asia shifts in population over time. the diversity and views on human rights of the East Asia. the impact of immigration on the political, social, and economic conditions of the East Asia. the factors that have led to colonialism the East Asia. graphic representations of various physical, cultural, social, political, and economic regions the East Asia. 	 and economic development. Explore the historical reasons for the division of Korea and the modern day impact on military strategy for the United States. the Themes: Analyze how people from various world regions allocate their available resources. Assess the impact of environmental changes on populations of various world regions over time. Analyze the pattern and impact of cultural diffusion over time. Analyze a region's shifts in population over time. Examine the diversity and views on human rights of a region. Evaluate the impact of immigration on the political, social, and economic conditions of a region. Create graphic representations of various physical, cultural, social, political, and economic regions.
--	---	--

Code	Evaluative Criteria	Assessment Evidence
• T	 Checklist/Rubric clear and focused claim and/or 	PERFORMANCE TASK(S): G: Construct a message in support of a specific action in regard to the war with Japan during WW2 that is clearly focused and supported by source evidence. R: Editorialist, Broadcast News Commentator, or Advisor to the President
• A	 purpose historical accuracy thorough 	A: The American People /Radio Audience/President S: The year is 1945, World War II is in it's final stages and a decision must be made regarding Japan. Should President Truman invade the island nation or drop an atomic bomb, or is there another course of action that should be considered?
• M,A	of content topics and concepts	P: Prepare a position statement to be delivered via radio broadcast, newspaper editorial, or proposal to the President S: Communicate conclusions & take informed action (<u>R1, W1-8, SL1-6, L1-3</u>)
• T,M,A	 interpretation & application of sources 	Change, Continuity and Context HIST 6–8.1 Use questions about historically significant people or events to explain the impact
• T	 citation of evidence to 	on a region
• T	support claim ○ organization	Perspectives HIST 6-7.4 Explain how and why perspectives of people have changed over time.
• T	& mechanics ○ application of the five themes	
• T, M, A	 Skillful application of disciplinary tools (i.e. maps, atlases, etc) used to make 	OTHER EVIDENCE: • Atlas & Map Skills Check • Entrance/Exit slips • Social Studies notebook • Unit Vocabulary quiz
• M	accurate inferences and logical	 Close reading of primary and secondary source documents Student self-reflection/self-assessment
• M,A	predictions and draw conclusions	 peer evaluations/peer feedback Assignment feedback/conferring notes
• T,M,A	 Thorough understanding and analysis of key topics/concepts 	 Application of disciplinary concepts and skills to current issues and events

Accurate application	
of content and	
domain specific	
vocabulary	
Selection of evidence	
that is sufficient,	
relevant, and	
compelling to support	
a claim	
a ciaim	

Code	Pre-Assessment			
• A	 KWL or other advance organizer (concept map, web, anticipation guide, etc) 			
	 Students will share in journals or orally as needed knowledge, experiences, and questions for the region to be 			
	deepened during the unit and shared with class.			
	Vocabulary guides			
	Name: Date:			
	East Asia Pre-Assessment			
	Fill in the blanks with terms from the word bank: (Not all words are used)			
	strait artifacts peninsula snow cap			
	gulf arable occupied archipelago			
	arid tropics elevation precipitation			
	1 A lower of anow accurring the tap of compatibing as a mountain pools or ridge, is called a			
	 A layer of snow covering the top of something, as a mountain peak or ridge, is called a Theis surrounded by water on three sides. 			
	 The is surrounded by water on three sides. The land receives less than ten inches of rain a year. 			
	4 People live where there is land since farming is important to their survival			
	 5. The of Japan has four main islands. 6. The is protected from occan storms by the land around it. 			
	6. The is protected from ocean storms by the land around it.			
	7. Mt. Everest has the highest of any mountain on Earth.			
	8. Less than ten inches of falls per year in a desert.			
	9. Most places located in the are warm year round.			
	10. We traveled through the from one sea to the other.			
	11. Written response: Based on what you've learned about Asia's geography, if you had to live somewhere in Asia, where			
	would you choose to live? Remember to give facts to explain why you chose the place you did! (Include at least two facts.)			



	Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction	Progress Monitoring
 M A T 	 Students will learn, internalize, and correctly use Unit-specific vocabulary. (eg. Location, Place, Region, Movement, HEI) Students will demonstrate map skills work associated with the individual unit. (eg. Atlas of World History) Students will select and use credible sources to support their written tasks.(eg. World Cultures Textbook, primary source documents) 	 Class discussions involving student-generated questions Student discussion based on overarching questions Notebook responses/ journal entries Research and inquiry development processes Self reflection (ie, entrance/ exit slips, peer assessments, self assessments) Conferring/ Teacher-student conferences

Suggested Resources: World Cultures Text, Atlas of World History, Kids Discover Magazines, S.S. Department videos.

Junior Scholastic Magazine http://junior.scholastic.com/

Newsela https://newsela.com/

World Cultures and Geography of Western Hemisphere and Europe Published by McDougal Littel

Online databases listed at school website under LMC, such as, <u>www.culturegrams.com</u>

Writing guides and formative assessments for differentiating processes: https://www.facinghistory.org or

https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library?search=western%20europe%20writing%20guide&f[0]=multi_field_resource_type%3A619

Jigsaw practice: <u>https://www.facinghistory.org/resource-library/teaching-strategies/jigsaw-developing-community-and-disseminating-knowledge</u>