**What were the problems faced by farmers in the United States?**

* Railroads charging \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ prices.
* Crop prices were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Mortgaged their farms to buy more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hoping to produce more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**How could railroads charge so much?**

**How do you make money if you are the farmer?**

**The Farmers’ Alliance**

* Farmers needed “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” money (gold and silver).
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a “Sub-Treasury.
* Government control of railroads and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**More Problems**

* The prices keep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Railroads continue to charge \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ prices.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more money.

Cause of the problem=Farmers refused to admit it, but the primary cause of their problem was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ caused by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of farm land and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ per acre due to improved farming methods generated by newly created agricul

**Mississippi’s Farmers Alliance**

* Frank Burkitt led the Mississippi Farm Alliance.
* Editor of the Okolona *Chickasaw Messenger*.

**Democratic Party**

After 1875, a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ emerged to control the Democratic Party. Led by James Z. George, L. Q. C. Lamar, Edward C. Walthall, John M. Stone, and Robert Lowry

**Ethelbert Barksdale**

* One candidate farmers supported in the 1880s was Ethelbert Barksdale, editor of the Jackson *Clarion*.
* A Democrat and one of the leaders of the overthrow of Republican rule in Mississippi.
* He supported regulation of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and other programs championed by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* He failed in his bid for the United States Senate in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and again in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when he attempted to defeat incumbent Senator James Z. George.

**Why did Ethelbert Barksdale loss the election?**

* State legislature elected the United States senators from Mississippi.
* James Z. George controlled the state’s legislature.
* The election was marred by accusations of fraud, ballot-box stuffing and violence.

**Populists Party**

* Frank Burkitt left the Democrats to form the Populists party in Mississippi.
* The People’s party (as it was called) demanded:
  + Tariff \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ income tax.
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of railroads.
  + Use of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as money.
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ election of U.S. senators.

**In the 1896 Election in the U.S.**

* Republican William McKinley vs. Democrat/Populist William Jennings Bryan
* “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” speech.
* McKinley received approximately \_\_\_million votes to Bryan’s \_\_\_million votes.

**What happen to the Populists Party after that election?**

* The Populists party \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the United States.
* To be elected to office in Mississippi, you had to belong to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**So, how do we back our money in the United States?**

**Where do we keep the gold used to back our money?**

Fort Knox is found to contain 147.4 million troy ounces. 4,603 tons (4,176 metric tons) It is second in the United States only to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York's underground vault in Manhattan. (5,000 metric tons)

**What do we call the period of United States history from 1870s to the 1900s?**

**Why?** The external glitter of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ concealed a corrupt political \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**What is patronage?** Appointing people to government positions (jobs) as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for political support (votes).

**Political Bosses**

* Political Bosses controlled the parties conventions.
* Anyone who would be elected at the convention was chosen by the Political Bosses.
* Voters were not always enough to carry an election, so they would turn to fraud.

**In Mississippi it works the same. (Without immigrants)**

* The Political Boss in Mississippi was Anselm J. McLaurin.
* The Political Bosses in each county used patronage and fraud to keep power.
* The political bosses then controlled the party convention.

**Andrew Houston Longino**

* At the 1899 convention, McLaurin chooses A. H. Longino (State Supreme Court Justice) as the nominee for governor.
* He proved to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ governor.
* Tried to attract \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Oversaw the design and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the New Capitol.
* The building cost $\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which was paid by the Illinois Central Railroad via back taxes they owed the state.

**Call for Primary.**

**What is a primary?** All of the party’s members \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of their choice.

* Due to widespread political corruption and financial scandals in 1900, pressure increased to change.

**Primary starts.**

* James K. Vardaman (editor of the Greenwood Commonwealth) stepped up to lead \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Democrats.
* In 1902, A. H. Longino asked the state legislature to pass a primary law.
* Due to pressure, the legislature agreed to a “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ only” primary.

**James K. Vardaman runs for Governor.**

* He supported Burkitt and Barksdale while remaining a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Favored government control of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The central issue of his campaign was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* He opposed spending state money to educate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ children.

The “Great White Chief”

* He was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Shoulder length hair, white suits and large hats.
* Rode in a wagon pulled by several pair of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* James k. Vardaman \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.