## ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2015

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Jana G. Ealum

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board Andalusia City Board of Education Andalusia, Alabama

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Andalusia City Board of Education (the Board), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Andalusia Board of Education as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 11 to the basic financial statements, during 2015 the Board adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date". As a result of the adoption, the Board has restated it's net position as of October 1, 2014 to comply with the pronouncements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 14, the budgetary comparison information on pages 49 and the Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Board Contributions on pages 51 and page 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Andalusia City Board of Education's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2016 on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rabus, Odom, Pierce + Hayer, PC

Andalusia, Alabama

June 24, 2016



#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

#### **Introduction**

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Andalusia City Board of Education's financial performance provides an overall review of the Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Board's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Andalusia City Board of Education's financial performance.

The MD&A is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* issued in June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A and is included in this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights of the 2014-2015 fiscal year include the following:

- General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$34,147 resulting in a fund balance of \$2,095,279 available as of the fiscal year ended 2015.
- The assets of the Board exceeded its liabilities at the close of the 2015 fiscal year by \$4,769,961 (net position).

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the Board's basic financial statements which are the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements — the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the Board's overall financial status. Although other governments may report governmental activities and business-type activities, the Board has no business-type activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Board's assets less liabilities, which results in net position. The statement is designed to display the financial position of the Board. Over time, increases and decreases in net position help determine whether the Board's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* provides information which shows how the Board's net position changed as a result of the year's activities.

The statement uses the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. All of the revenues and expenses are reported regardless of the timing of when cash is received or paid. The statement identifies the extent to which each expenditure function draws from general revenues of the Board (primarily local taxes) or is financed through charges for services (such as lunchrooms) and intergovernmental aid (primarily federal programs and state appropriations).

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's most significant funds — not the Board as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate fiscal accountability.

Governmental funds - Most of the Board's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds statements — the *Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* — are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplementary Information* (RSI) other than the MD&A consisting of a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund and each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedule includes an accompanying note explaining the differences between actual amounts as reported on the basis of budgeting and the GAAP basis of reporting.

#### Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

As noted earlier, the Andalusia City Board of Education has no business-type activities. Consequently, all of the Board's net position are reported as Governmental Activities.

### Condensed Statement of Net Position September 30,

	2015	Restated	Characa
	2015	2014	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,623,655	\$ 3,838,642	\$ (1,534,703)
Restricted Assets	1,162,274	982,245	180,029
Capital Assets – Net of Depreciation	22,079,934	22,705,405	(625,471)
Total Assets	26,865,863	27,526,292	(1,980,145)
Deferred Outflows	977,560	898,000	79,560
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	1,078,223	1,104,677	(26,454)
Long-term Liabilities	21,143,239	22,158,720	(1,015,481)
Total Liabilities	22,221,462	23,263,397	(1,041,935)
	, ,	, ,	
Deferred Inflows	852,000	-	852,000
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	12,297,695	12,677,685	(379,990)
Restricted	1,597,927	1,696,184	(98,257)
Unrestricted	(9,125,661)	(9,212,974)	87,313
Total Net Position	\$ 4,769,961	\$ 5,160,895	\$ (390,934)
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The Board's assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,769,961 and \$5,160,895 for 2015 and 2014, respectively at the close of the fiscal year, a decrease of \$390,934 from 2014 and a decrease of \$11,908,677 from 2013.

The majority of the Board's net position are invested in capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment) owned by the Board. These assets are not available for future expenditures since they will not be sold. Unrestricted net position — the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by enabling legislation, debt covenants, or other legal requirements — is a deficit of \$9,125,661 at the end of 2015 and a deficit of \$9,212,974 at the end of 2014 which constitutes an increase of \$119,705 from 2014 to 2015 and a decrease of \$12,740,642 from 2013 to 2014. These deficits were created due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 68, see Note 19 on page 46 for additional information.

The Board's total revenues and expenditures are reflected in the following chart:

### Condensed Statement of Activities September 30,

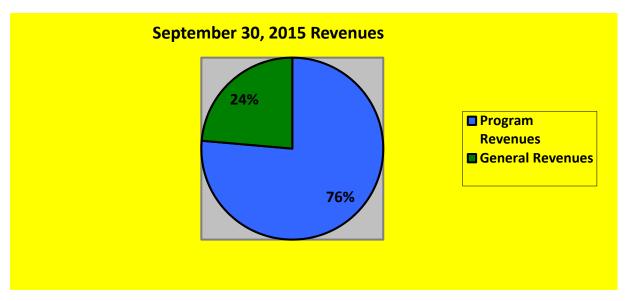
	2015	Restated 2014	Change
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,509,303	\$ 1,308,472	\$ 200,831
Operating Grants and Contributions	10,449,155	10,500,569	(51,414)
Capital Grants and Contributions	428,971	498,433	(69,462)
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	738,952	746,976	(8,024)
Sales Taxes	1,454,734	838,704	616,030
Miscellaneous Taxes	1,037,705	1,107,192	(69,487)
Contributions – Nonrestricted	96,000	96,000	-
Section 16 Land Funds	17,765	24,182	(6,417)
Investment Earnings	21,964	19,692	2,272
Contributions – Restricted	209,205	297,076	(87,871)
Erate/On Behalf Of	55,395	53,401	1,994
Miscellaneous	197,981	224,629	(26,648)
Gain on Disposition of Capital Assets	-	4,300	(4,300)
Total Revenues	16,217,130	15,719,626	497,504
Expenses			
Instructional Services	9,611,489	10,188,459	(576,970)
Instructional Support Services	2,246,641	1,972,729	273,912
Operation and Maintenance Services	1,652,327	1,590,147	62,180
Food Service	1,179,980	1,028,877	151,103
Student Transportation Services	661,016	602,692	58,324
General Administrative Services	683,178	778,393	(95,215)
Other	283,599	205,586	78,013
Interest and Fiscal Charges	289,834	28,420	261,414
Total Expenses	16,608,064	16,395,303	828,311
Change in Net Position	(390,934)	(675,677)	284,743
Net Position, Beginning (as restated)	5,160,895	5,836,572	(675,677)
Net Position, Ending	\$ 4,769,961	\$ 5,160,895	\$ (390,934)

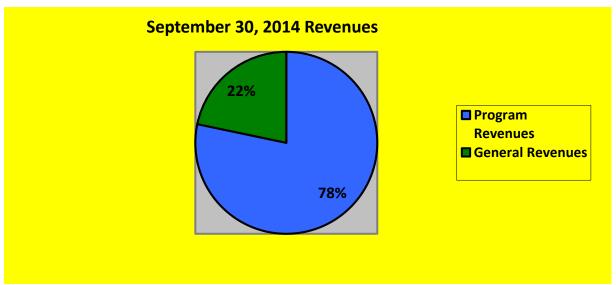
The Board's total revenues increased by 3.16 percent and the total cost of all programs and services increased 5.05 percent. This accounts for the Board's loss of \$390,934 for the fiscal year.

The increase in revenues can be attributed to the following sources of income:

- Program Revenues .65% increase
- General Revenues 12.24% increase

The charts below depict the percentage of program and general revenues to total revenues.





Program revenues, specifically operating grants and contributions, are the largest component of total revenues (76% in 2015 and 78% in 2014).

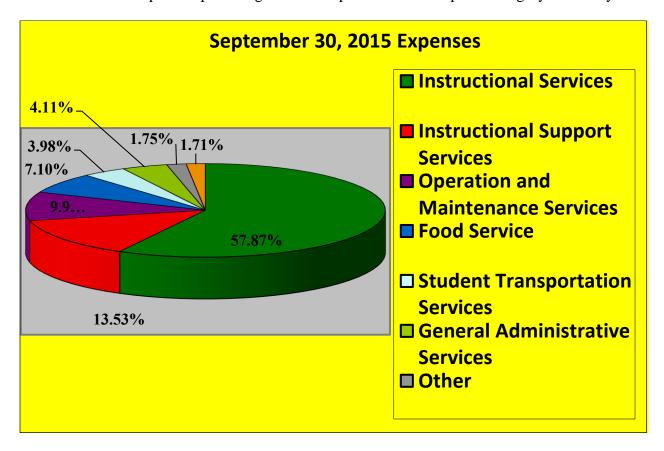
- Operating grants and contributions contribute 84% of program revenues and 64% of total revenues. The major sources of revenues in this category are State foundation program funds, state transportation operating funds, and state and federal funds restricted for specific programs.
- Capital grants and contributions include state capital outlay funds and state funds to replace buses.
- Charges for services include federal reimbursement for meals, student meal purchases, and local school revenues.

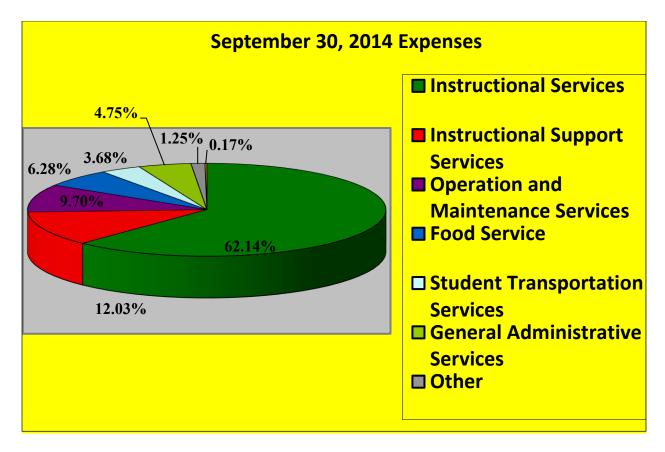
General revenues, primarily property taxes and sales taxes, are used to provide \$3,231,391 for expenses not covered by program revenues.

The increase in the cost of programs and services can be found within the following programs:

- Instructional and Instructional Support Services 2.49% decrease
- Operations and Maintenance 3.91% increase
- Food Service 14.69% increase
- Other -18.73% increase

The charts below depict the percentage of total expense for each expense category for each year.





Instructional services expenses, primarily salaries and benefits for classroom teachers, are the largest expense function of the Board (57.87% in 2015 and 62.14% in 2014).

- In addition to teacher salaries and benefits, instructional services includes teacher aides, substitute teachers, textbooks, depreciation of instructional buildings, professional development, and classroom instructional materials, supplies, and equipment.
- Instructional support services includes salaries and benefits for school principals, assistant principals, librarians, counselors, school secretaries, school bookkeepers, speech therapists, and school nurses, and professional development expenses.
- Operation and maintenance services include utilities, security services, janitorial services, maintenance services, and depreciation of maintenance vehicles.
- In addition to bus driver salaries and benefits, student transportation services includes mechanics, bus aides, vehicle maintenance and repair expenses, vehicle fuel, depreciation of buses and bus shops, and fleet insurance.
- Food services includes salaries and benefits for cooks, servers, lunchroom managers, and cashiers, as well as donated and purchased food, food preparation and service supplies, kitchen and lunchroom equipment, and depreciation of equipment and facilities.
- General administrative services include salaries and benefits for the superintendent, assistants, clerical and financial staff, and other personnel that provide system-wide support for the schools. Also included are legal expenses, liability insurance, training for board members and general administrative staff, printing costs, and depreciation of central office equipment and facilities.

- Other expenses includes the salaries and benefits for adult and continuing education teachers, preschool teachers and aides, extended day personnel, and summer feeding program expenditures. Includes cooperative agreement with the City of Andalusia for repayment of bonds issued to construct the Andalusia Elementary School. Also included are the materials, supplies, equipment, related depreciation, and other expenses for operating programs outside of those for educating students in the K through 12 instructional programs.
- Debt service includes interest, but not principal payments, on long-term debt issues and other expenses related to the issuance and continuance of debt issues.

#### Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

The analysis of governmental funds serves the purpose of looking at what resources came into the funds, how they were spent, and what is available for future expenditures. Did the Board generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available for spending at the end of the year?

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Board's governmental funds reported a combined decrease in fund balance of \$22,999. This decrease resulted in a fund balance of \$3,693,206. Of this amount, \$2,095,279 was unreserved and available for use in future operations.

The general fund increased its fund balance by \$34,147, resulting in a fund balance of \$2,095,279.

The Food and Nutrition fund decreased its fund balance by \$100,839, resulting in a fund balance of \$127,576.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original 2015 fiscal year budget, adopted on September 8, 2014, was based on a "conservative" approach that reflected only guaranteed revenues and necessary expenditures. The original budget figures were amended when revenues or expenditures exceed 10%. Over the course of the year, the Board revised the annual operating budgets one time: May 18, 2015.

The comparison of general fund original budget to the final amended budget is on page 49. The differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of the Board are \$375,000 increase in overall revenue appropriations and \$173,893 increase in overall expenditures and can be briefly summarized as follows:

• Amendment #1 was necessary to record State of Alabama Grant \$75,000, and an additional \$300,000 of Sales Tax. Expenditures were increased to include additional instructional and instructional support. Various other expenditures were adjusted based on related revenues.

Overall, the final amended budget is reflective of the actual operating activity for the year. Actual local and other revenues were \$169,205 more than budgeted due to local ad valorem taxes collected being more than anticipated, the receipt of E-rate funds for wireless connectivity projects and other various sources. For purposes of this budgetary analysis, only the General Fund of the Board is discussed in accordance with the new reporting model.

General Fund – The comparison of the General Fund original budget to the final amended budget is on page 49. The differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of the Board were relatively minor. Overall, the final budget is reflective of the actual operating activity for the year.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets - At September 30, 2015, the Board had \$22,079,934 invested in capital assets including land, buildings, equipment, vehicles and construction in progress costing \$5,000 or more. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation to date. Increases during the year represent additions to those categories, while decreases represent retirements of assets during the year and depreciation of depreciable assets for the year. The capital asset activity for the year is detailed on page 31.

Approximately \$149,795 in various equipment purchases for the Andalusia High School and Central Office were made with general funds and various grants. In addition, the Child Nutrition Program purchased approximately \$110,411 of new equipment to accommodate the combining of the middle and high school cafeterias. Building costs were increased by \$4,705,741 due to the completion of the Andalusia Jr. High School building at the campus of Andalusia High School. The cost of this project was being funded by bonds sold by the City of Andalusia on behalf of the Andalusia City Schools.

**Long-Term Debt** - The Board entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Alabama School Finance Cooperative to issue \$750,000 of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) for the purpose of renovations at the Andalusia High School. The Board chose the deferred payment option and will make payments of \$56,606 for ten years starting on June 1, 2006. These annual payments will be deposited into a restricted fund which will accumulate to earn interest to repay the face amount of the QZAB.

The Board entered into a special pool loan agreement of Series 2010 Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) issued by the Alabama Public School & College Authority (PSCA) for the purpose of construction of a Physical Education Facility at Andalusia High School. The Board will make sinking fund payments beginning September 1, 2011 in the amount of \$111,411 for 16 years until the bond matures on September 1, 2027. The Board agreed to have quarterly interest payments withheld from Public School Fund allocations. The amounts to be withheld for QSCB interest payments are \$10,541 for the fiscal year 2011 and \$10,750 for each of the remaining 16 years until the bond matures.

The Board entered into a Cooperative Agreement with the City of Andalusia in connection with the General Obligation Warrants, Series 2011-A issued to construct additions to the Andalusia High School and Andalusia Elementary School. According to the agreement, the City shall transfer to the Board the sum of \$5,500,000 at a rate of 4% to finance the additions. In exchange for said transfer, the Board agrees to be obligated to pay the debt service on \$6,430,000 (said sum being the total principal due including capitalized interest through May 1, 2014). The Board is responsible for the full annual payment on the warrants beginning November 1, 2014 through September 30, 2042. To secure this payment, the Board agreed to designate and pledge its local tax revenues to the extent necessary to pay its portion of the annual debt service on the warrants.

The Board entered into a Secured Equipment Financing Agreement with Regions Equipment Finance Corporation, of Birmingham, Alabama for the sole purpose of purchasing three school buses in the amount of \$237,103 at a rate of 2.96%. The Board will begin making payments in the amount of \$6,884 beginning December 5, 2013, and continuing on the 5<sup>th</sup> day of each quarter (being March 5, June 5, September 5, and December 5 thereafter) through and including June 5, 2023. To secure this payment, the Board agreed to designate and pledge its State of Alabama Fleet Renewal funds to the extent necessary to pay its portion of the annual debt service under this agreement.

The Board entered into lease purchase agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase Apple personal computers, servers, and networking equipment not to exceed \$108,152 at a rate of 3.51%. The lease period is for a period of 36 months with payments being made annually beginning September 2013 in the amount of \$35,321. The Board will use Title I and local funds to secure this payment to the extent necessary to pay its portion of the annual debt service under this agreement. The Board paid this lease in full during the year ended September 30, 2015.

The Board entered into lease purchase agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase Apple personal computers, servers, and networking equipment not to exceed \$146,829 at a rate of 3.59%. The lease period is for a period of 36 months with payments being made annually beginning in May 2014 in the amount of \$47,227. The Board will use local funds to secure this payment to the extent necessary to pay its portion of the annual debt service under this agreement.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The following are currently known Andalusia City economic factors considered in going into the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

10 Mill Required Local Effort – Act 95-314, Section 16-13-231 of the Code of Alabama requires that local support for schools must be funded at an amount equivalent to 10 mills of district ad valorem tax. The State Department of Education reduces the Board's appropriation by this required local support. Because the assessed value of the property in Andalusia City is growing rapidly, the required 10 mill match continues to grow at a much higher rate than the Board's total tax revenues. In essence, even though the local ad valorem tax revenue has grown, the 10 mill match has caused the Board to lose money.

Additional Ad Valorem Tax – City of Andalusia – The City Council of Andalusia voted to increase the annual rate of ad valorem tax by one-fourth of one percent to be used exclusively for the purpose of capital improvements. The board expects to receive approximately \$190,000 annually. This tax may be revoked at any time by majority vote of the City Council of Andalusia.

Sales Tax Revenues – County sales tax revenues have increased approximately \$48,310 from fiscal year 2014 to 2015. In addition, the City Council of Andalusia voted to increase the sales tax rate by 1 percent with ½ percent earmarked for the Andalusia City Schools beginning July 1, 2013. For the period from October 1, 2013 through September 30, 2015, the City has paid \$300,000 on behalf of the Andalusia City Schools.

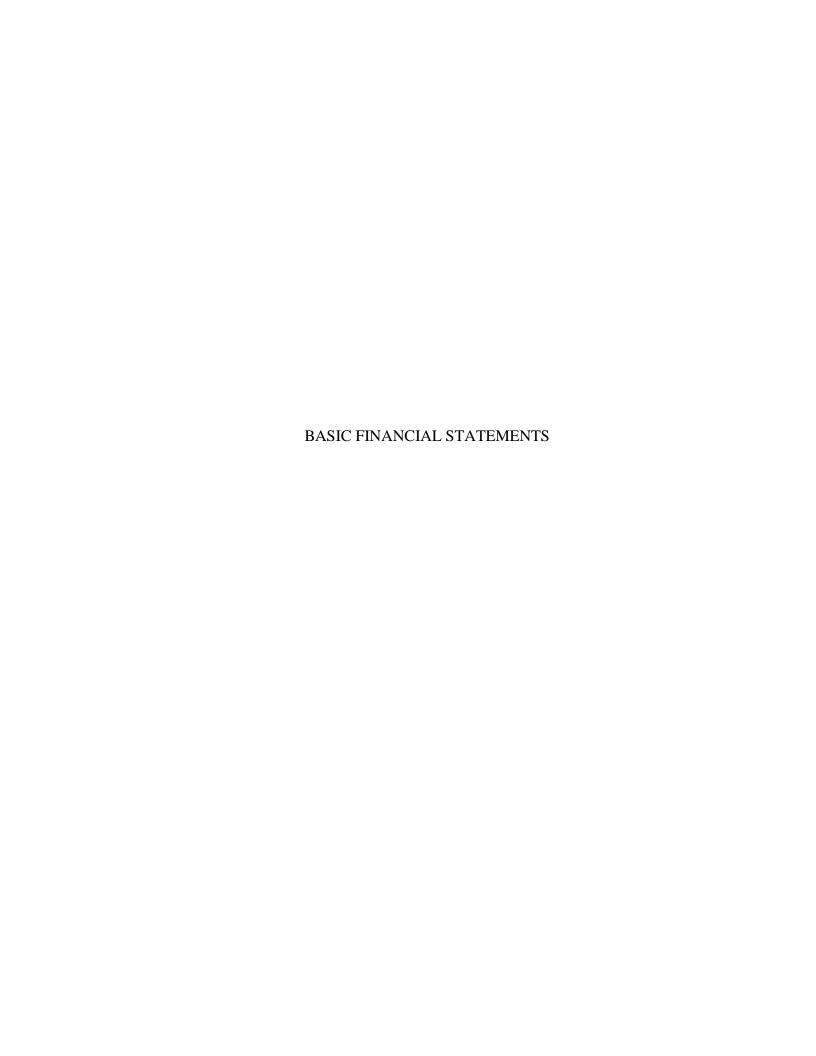
**Student Enrollment** - The latest student enrollment figure as of the forty-day report in the 2015-2016 school year of 1,687 indicates there will be an actual decrease in enrollment of approximately 25 students for the 2017 fiscal year. This loss will result in a decrease of .12 earned teacher units.

*Medical and Retirement Costs* - Employee health insurance is provided through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Program (PEEHIP). PEEHIP employer costs increased from \$714 per employee per month for fiscal year 2014 to \$780 per employee per month for fiscal year 2015. The PEEHIP employer cost will remain the same for fiscal year 2016 but will increase to \$800 per employee per month for the fiscal year 2017. The employer contribution rate to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS) is 11.94 percent for fiscal year 2016 for Tier I employees. For Tier II employees, the employer contribution rate to TRS is 10.84 percent for fiscal year 2016. The Board must use local funds to pay the salary-related benefit costs not paid by state and federal funds.

School Construction – The Board approved the closing of the Andalusia Middle School upon the construction of a sixth grade wing at the Andalusia Elementary School and a seventh and eighth grade wing at the Andalusia High School. Construction costs are to be funded by bonds issued by the City of Andalusia. The sixth grade wing of Andalusia Elementary School was completed before the beginning of the fiscal year 2014 school year. The new Andalusia Jr. High building located on the campus of Andalusia High School was completed in late 2014.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Board's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Katie Odom, Chief School Finance Officer. 1201 C. C. Baker Avenue, Andalusia, AL 36421 or by calling 334-222-3186 during regular office hours, Monday through Friday, from 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., central standard time.



### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2015

	GOVERNMENTA ACTIVITIES		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,337,476	
Investments		16,629	
Receivables		2,230,407	
Inventory		24,643	
Other Assets		14,500	
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		596,211	
Investments		566,063	
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		541,471	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		21,538,463	
Total Assets		26,865,863	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Related to Pension		977,560	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable		16,503	
Accrued Salaries		984,089	
Unearned Revenue		77,631	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year		209,335	
Due in More Than One Year		9,572,904	
Net Pension Liability		11,361,000	
Total Liabilities		22,221,462	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Related to Pension		852,000	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		12,297,695	
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects		117,078	
Debt Service		1,161,776	
Special Revenue		319,073	
Unrestricted		(9,125,661)	
Total Net Position	\$	4,769,961	

				PROG	GRAM REVEN	UES		REV C	(EXPENSE) VENUE AND CHANGES ET POSITION
		C	HARGES	OI	PERATING	C	CAPITAL		
			FOR	GR.	ANTS AND	GR	ANTS AND	GOVI	ERNMENTAL
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	<b>EXPENSES</b>	S			TRIBUTIONS	CON	TRIBUTIONS		CTIVITIES
Instructional Services	\$ 9,611,489	\$	424,952	\$	7,346,699	\$	191,938	\$	(1,647,900)
Instructional Support Services	2,246,641		176,085		1,621,993		-		(448,563)
Operation and Maintenance	1,652,327		6,720		485,193		237,033		(923,381)
Student Transportation Services	661,016		40,091		382,031		-		(238,894)
Food Services	1,179,980		837,301		80,153		-		(262,526)
General Administrative Services	683,178		89		404,586		-		(278,503)
Interest Expense	283,599		_		´-		_		(283,599)
Other	289,834		24.065		128,500		_		(137,269)
Total	\$ 16,608,064	\$	1,509,303	\$	10,449,155	\$	428,971		(4,220,635)
Taxes Property Tax for General Purposes Local Sales Tax Other Taxes Grants and Contributions Not Restricted for Specific Programs Investment Earnings Section 16 Land Income Miscellaneous Contributions Erate/On Behalf Of									
		T	otal General	Revent	es and Special	Items			3,829,701
			Change in 1	Net Posi	tion				(390,934)
		Net	Position - Be	ginning	(As previously	stated)			18,434,307
		Res	statements - 1	Note 19					(13,273,412)
		Net	Position - Be	ginning	(As restated)				5,160,895
		Net	Position - En	ding				\$	4,769,961

	G	ENERAL		APITAL ECTS FUND	DEI	BT SERVICE FUND	RI FUN	PECIAL EVENUE ID - TITLE I PART A	RI FUN	PECIAL EVENUE ND - FOOD NUTRITION	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS														
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,078,291	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,971	\$	68,180	\$	157,034	\$	1,337,476
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		16,629		16,629
Receivables		1,816,438		-		-		-		92,142		321,827		2,230,407
Due from Other Funds		612,291		216,602		-		17		-		-		828,910
Inventory, at Cost		-		-		-		-		24,643		-		24,643
Other Assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assets:														
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		498		595,713		-		-		-		596,211
Investments		-		-		566,063		-		-		-		566,063
Total Assets	\$	3,507,020	\$	217,100	\$	1,161,776	\$	33,988	\$	184,965	\$	495,490	\$	5,600,339
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:														
Accounts Payable	\$	16,003	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	500	\$	16,503
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	Ψ	936,159	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	47,930	Ψ	500	Ψ	984,089
Unearned Revenue		2,632		_		_		33,988		9,459		31,552		77,631
Due to Other Funds		456,947		100,022		_		-		-		271,941		828,910
Total Current Liabilities		1,411,741	-	100,022		_		33,988		57,389		303,993		1,907,133
FUND BALANCES:														
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		24,643		-		24,643
Restricted		-		117,078		1,161,776		-		102,933		191,497		1,573,284
Unassigned		2,095,279		-		-		-		-		-		2,095,279
Total Fund Balances		2,095,279		117,078		1,161,776		-		127,576		191,497		3,693,206
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,507,020	\$	217,100	\$	1,161,776	\$	33,988	\$	184,965	\$	495,490	\$	5,600,339

# ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

3,693,206

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:

Prepaid expenses applicable to future periods are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

14,500

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of Capital Assets \$ 34,406,102 Accumulated Depreciation (12,326,168)

22,079,934

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

125,560

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported as liabilities in the funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Capital Lease \$ (47,343)
Notes Payable
Bonds and Warrants Payable
Net Pension Liability \$ (5,484,896)
(3,250,000)
(11,361,000)

(21,143,239)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 4,769,961

	GENERAL		PITAL CTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	F	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - TITLE I PART A	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FOOD AND NUTRITION	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES										
State Sources	\$ 8,944,553	\$	305,573	\$ 143,757	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,400	\$	9,403,283
Federal Sources	1,140		-	-		486,969	770,422	906,952		2,165,483
Local Sources	3,443,423		127,292	15,742		-	142,881	730,423		4,459,761
Other Sources	173,912	-	-	-		-	11,579			185,491
Total Revenues	12,563,028		432,865	159,499		486,969	924,882	1,646,775		16,214,018
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Instructional Services	7,568,310		-	-		385,776	-	979,577		8,933,663
Instructional Support Services	1,848,632		32,664	-		51,445	-	290,294		2,223,035
Operation and Maintenance Services	1,488,298		60,721	-		-	-	10,467		1,559,486
Student Transportation Services	542,983		-	-		-	-	49,004		591,987
Food Services	-		-	-		- 40.740	1,219,821	- 02.071		1,219,821
General Administrative Services	554,689		-	-		49,748	5,184	92,971		697,408
Other Expenditures Debt Service:	159,458		-	-		-	5,184	125,192		289,834
Principal	84,128		140,000	21,352						245,480
Interest	3,140		263,526	16,933		_	_			283,599
Capital Outlay	14,321		58,456	-		_	111,411	135,474		319,662
Total Expenditures	12,263,959		555,367	38,285		486,969	1,336,416	1,682,979		16,363,975
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										<u> </u>
Over Expenditures	299,069		(122,502)	121,214			(411,534)	(36,204)		(149,957)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Indirect Cost	123,846		-	-		-	-	-		123,846
Transfers In	6,395		30,000	56,606		-	310,695	26,329		430,025
Transfers Out	(398,275)		-	-		-	-	(31,750)		(430,025)
Other Financing Sources	3,112		-	-		<u> </u>	-			3,112
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(264,922)		30,000	56,606			310,695	(5,421)		126,958
Net Change in Fund Balances	34,147		(92,502)	177,820			(100,839)	(41,625)		(22,999)
FUND BALANCES - OCTOBER 1, 2014 (as previously stated)	4,160,356		215,519	978,017		-	269,526	233,122		5,856,540
Restatements Reclassifications	(2,099,224)		(5,939)	5,939		- -	(41,111)	- 		(2,140,335)
FUND BALANCES - OCTOBER 1, 2014 (as restated)	2,061,132		209,580	983,956		-	228,415	233,122		3,716,205
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	\$ 2,095,279	\$	117,078	\$ 1,161,776	\$	-	\$ 127,576	\$ 191,497	\$	3,693,206

#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2015

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (22,999)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation in the period.

Capital Outlays \$ 319,662 Depreciation Expense (945,137)

(625,475)

Payments for expenses that benefit future periods are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the statement of activities the cost of these expenditures are allocated over the period it benefits.

Prepaid Expense 14,500

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

Repayment of debt 245,480

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Pension Expense (2,440)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ (390,934)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Andalusia City Board of Education (the Board) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The Andalusia City Board of Education is governed by an elected board consisting of five members elected by qualified voters of the City. The Board is responsible for the general administration and supervision of the public schools within the City.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600 establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for agencies that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for a legally separate agency if its officials appoint a voting majority of that agency's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that agency or there is a potential for the agency to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. There are no component units, which should be included as a part of the financial reporting entity of the Andalusia City Board of Education.

#### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of net position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This category represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> – This category represents constraints imposed on net position by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. For the year ended September 30, 2015, restricted net position for the Andalusia City Board of Education include \$117,078 for capital projects, \$1,161,776 for debt service, and \$319,073 for special revenue funds.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This category represents net position that is not subject to externally imposed stipulations and is available for any purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Andalusia City Board of Education's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by unrestricted resources.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to the various functions. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Board. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the issuance and continuance of debt.

<u>Title I Part A</u> – This fund is used to help improve teaching and learning of children failing, or most at-risk of failing, to meet challenging State academic standards.

<u>Child Nutrition Program</u> – This fund is used to account for activities associated with providing nutritious breakfast and lunch services for school children.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Board reports the following fund types in the "Other Governmental Funds" column:

#### **Governmental Fund Types:**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special revenue funds consist of the following: Other State Revenues, IDEA, Part B, Preschool, Part B, Basic Grant, Title II, Part A, Title IV, Title VI, Part B, and Local School Public and Nonpublic funds.

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING/MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Board uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues reported in the governmental funds are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred and there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program it is the Board's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance consists of \$24,643 for Food and Nutrition inventory.

Restricted – Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance for Capital Projects, Debt Service, Food and Nutrition, and Other Governmental funds in the amount of 117,078, \$1,161,776, \$127,576, and \$191,497 is restricted for the new physical education facility construction, investments for the repayment of bonds, food and nutrition services, and various other instructional and support services, respectively.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board, and remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts that are constrained by the Board for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Residual amounts for the governmental funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance for the General fund is \$2,095,279 for any instructional, support, operations, maintenance, student, food, or general services.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **BUDGETS**

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of encumbrances. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

#### **INVENTORIES**

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased except commodities donated by the federal government, which are expensed when consumed.

#### PENSIONS

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets purchased, including capital outlay costs, are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements at the time of purchase. In the government-wide financial statements, all purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist.

Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value on the date donated. Disposals are removed at depreciated recorded cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	All	N/A
Land Improvements	All	15 years
Buildings	All	15-40 years
Building Improvements	\$50,000	15-20 years
Vehicles	\$5,000	10 years
Equipment	\$5,000	5-10 years

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over estimated useful lives.

#### **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

Generally, all investments are reported at fair market value.

#### RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain funds received for capital projects and improvements, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment of debt, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained separately and their use is limited.

	mber 30, 2015
Cash - Capital Projects Cash with Fiscal Agent - Debt Service	\$ 498 595,713
Investments with Fiscal Agent - Debt Service	 566,063
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 1,162,274

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### COMPENSATED ABSENCES

For vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics, GASB Statement No. 16 requires the accrual of a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of these conditions are met:

- a. The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- b. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.

Professional and support personnel are provided 2 days of personal leave per year with pay. Professional employees are paid, at the Board's substitute rate, for up to 2 days of unused personal leave. Professional and support personnel may convert unused, unreimbursed personal leave to sick leave at the end of the scholastic year. Unused personal leave cannot be carried over to succeeding years; therefore, no liability for unpaid leave is accrued in the financial statements.

All twelve month professional employees are allowed two weeks of vacation leave. All other twelve month employees are allowed one week of vacation leave. Unused vacation leave cannot be carried over to succeeding years; therefore, no liability for unpaid leave is accrued in the financial statements.

Professional and support employees earn non-vesting sick leave at the rate of one day per month worked. Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave days. Accrued sick leave is limited to one day per month worked as applied to membership service in determining the total years of creditable service in the teachers' retirement system, with no additional cost to the Board. Employees do not receive compensation for unused sick leave at termination; therefore, no liability is recorded on the financial statements.

#### **ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Board's policy is to deposit funds in a financial institution approved as a qualified public depository by the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE Program). The Board follows the deposit and investment policies as required by the *Code of Alabama 1975*, Section 41-14A-3 and Section 36-17-18.

The Board had cash on deposit with various qualified public depositories at September 30, 2015 of \$1,332,880. At year end the Board also had cash on hand in various funds totaling \$5,094.

At September 30, 2015 all of the Board's investments were in certificates of deposit. These certificates of deposit are classified as "Deposits" in order to determine insurance and collateralization; however, they are classified as "Investments" on the financial statements.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$498 are for the construction of the new sixth grade wing at the elementary school and the new junior high building at the high school. The funds are from the issuance of debt by the City of Andalusia. The Board has an agreement to repay the debt with the City of Andalusia.

#### NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS WITH FISCAL AGENT

At September 30, 2015, the Board reported restricted cash with a fiscal agent of \$595,713 related to the capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2010-QSCB (Note 14).

At September 30, 2015, the Board reported restricted investments with a fiscal agent of \$566,063 related to the capital Outlay Pool Warrant, QZAB bonds (Note 14).

#### NOTE 4 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE

#### **BUDGETS**

On or before October 1 of each year, the Board is required to prepare and submit to the state superintendent of education the annual budget to be adopted by the Board. The city superintendent of education or Board cannot approve any budget for operations of the school system for any fiscal year which shows expenditures in excess of income, estimated to be available, plus any balances on hand. The superintendent, with the approval of the Board, has the authority to make changes within the approved budget provided that a deficit is not incurred by such changes.

The budget was originally adopted by the Board on September 8, 2014. Budgeted amounts presented are as amended by the Board on May 18, 2015.

#### **NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Board carries traditional insurance coverage rather than finance risks through self-insurance.

The State makes payments for unemployment compensation insurance for Board employees except those employees paid from federal grants. The state also pays the employer health insurance premiums for Board employees except those employees paid from federal grants. Payments made by the state for unemployment compensation and health insurance are recorded as revenues and expenditures in the funds from which the employees are paid. Payments made by the Board are recorded as expenditures in the applicable federal fund.

The State Board of Adjustment is a State agency with which people can file claims against the Board to collect reimbursement for damages when all other means have been exhausted.

#### NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Government-wide financial statement receivables at September 30, 2015 consist of:

	Govern	mental Activities
State Department of Education:		
Child Nutrition	\$	72,660
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables		3,818
Chief Supply Corporation		12
IDEA, SSIP		146,086
IDEA, Discretionary		165,554
Title I, School Improvement		287
Title I, Part A		15,652
Virtual Alabama School Safety		500
21st Century Workforce		9,400
State of Alabama Penny Trust Fund		747
City of Andalusia		1,463,494
Covington County Commission		96,678
Covington County Probate Judge		10,169
Covington County Probate Judge-Helping Schools		395
Estep Foundation		833
St of AL Emergency Management Agency		199,355
Andalusia City Schools Foundation		44,767
TOTALS	\$	2,230,407

#### NOTE 7 - PAYMENTS OR SERVICES FURNISHED BY OTHER AGENCIES

Certain payments or services are furnished by the State on behalf of the Board. Included in these items is the employer's portion of fringe benefits (health insurance, retirement, and unemployment compensation). These payments or services are reflected as revenues and expenditures on the Board's financial statements in the applicable funds.

#### NOTE 8 - DONATED FOOD PROGRAM

The commodities received from the federal government in connection with the donated food program are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The total assigned value of commodities donated for fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 was \$29,319.

#### NOTE 9 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

The following is a schedule of the due to/from other funds in the fund financial statements at September 30, 2015:

	 Oue From	 Due To
General Funds:		
Local Default Source	\$ 271,924	\$ 456,947
Foundation	400	-
Helping Schools Tag	2,685	-
Income - 16th Section	17,765	-
PSF - Interest	7,413	-
Section 16 - EFT	312,104	-
Capital Projects Fund:		
Local Sources	-	100,022
PSF - Capital Outlay	151,910	-
Transportation Fleet Renewal	64,692	-
Special Revenue Funds:		
Title I, Part A	17	-
IDEA, Discretionary	-	156,171
IDEA, SSIP	-	105,870
Virtual Alabama School Safety	-	500
21st Century Workforce	 	 9,400
	\$ 828,910	\$ 828,910

#### NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities:	10/1/2014	Additions	Retirements	9/30/2015
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 541,471	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 541,471
Construction in Progress	4,647,285	58,456	4,705,741	
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	5,188,756	58,456	4,705,741	541,471
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements (Exhaustible)	514,719	-	-	514,719
Buildings	22,328,462	4,705,741	-	27,034,203
Buildings Improvements	3,884,411	-	-	3,884,411
Vehicles	876,694	-	8,000	868,694
Equipment	1,311,208	261,206	9,810	1,562,604
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	28,915,494	4,966,947	17,810	33,864,631
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements (Exhaustible)	485,479	8,340	-	493,819
Buildings	6,936,065	580,792	-	7,516,857
Buildings Improvements	2,366,287	231,476	-	2,597,763
Vehicles	575,613	45,257	8,000	612,870
Equipment	1,035,397	79,272	9,810	1,104,859
Total Accumulated Depreciation	11,398,841	945,137	17,810	12,326,168
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	17,516,653	4,021,810	-	21,538,463
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$22,705,409	\$ 4,080,266	\$ 4,705,741	\$22,079,934

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instructional Services	\$ 689,886
Instructional Support Services	23,606
Operation and Maintenance Services	92,841
Student Transportation Services	69,029
Food Services	68,551
General Administrative Services	 1,224
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 945,137

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN**

#### Plan description

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established as of September 15, 1939, under the provisions of Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its Board of Control. The TRS Board of Control consists of 15 trustees. The plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). Title 16-Chapter 25 of the Code of Alabama grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

#### Benefits provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits are calculated and paid to the beneficiary based on the member's age, service credit, employment status and eligibility for retirement.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Contributions

Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2014 was 11.71% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.08% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the System were \$907,642 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2015 the Board reported a liability of \$11,361,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013. The Board's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2014 the Board's proportion was 0.125057%, which was an increase of 0.001209% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2013.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the System recognized pension expense of \$910,082. At September 30, 2015, the System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		852,000	
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		98,000		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
Measurement Date	-	879,560			
Total	\$	977,560	\$	852,000	

Deferred outflows of resources includes \$879,560 related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Vear	Ended	September	30.
rear	сиаеа	Sebiember	DOD:

2016	\$(190,000)
2017	(190,000)
2018	(190,000)
2019	(190,000)
	\$(760,000)

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determine by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Investment rate of return*	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.5% - 8.25%

<sup>\*</sup>Net of pension plan investment expense

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2010. The Board of Control accepted and approved these changes on January 27, 2012, which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2012.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA projected to 2015 and set back one year for females.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	25.00%	5.00%
U.S. Large Stocks	34.00%	9.00%
U.S. Mid Stocks	8.00%	12.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	3.00%	15.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00%	11.00%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	16.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	:

<sup>\*</sup> Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current pan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(7.00%)	Rate (8.00%)	(9.00%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$15,477,000	\$11,361,000	\$ 7,872,000

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2014. The auditor's report dated May 1, 2015 on the total pension liability, total deferred outflows of resources, total deferred inflows of resources, total pension expense for the sum of all participating entities as of September 30, 2014 along with supporting schedules is also available. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at <a href="https://www.rsa-al.gov.">www.rsa-al.gov.</a>

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### Plan Description

The Board contributes to the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan. The Trust provides health care benefits to state and local school system retirees and was established in 2007 under the provisions of Act Number 2007-16, Acts of Alabama, as an irrevocable trust fund. Responsibility for general administration and operations of the Trust is vested with the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Board (PEEHIB) members. The *Code of Alabama*, Section 16-25A-4 provides the PEEHIB

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years. The Trust issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at the Public Educations Employees' Health Insurance Plan website, <a href="http://www.rsa.al.gov/PEEHIP/peehip.html">http://www.rsa.al.gov/PEEHIP/peehip.html</a> under the Trust Fund Financials tab.

#### **Funding Policy**

The Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Fund (PEEHIF) was established in 1983 under the provisions of Act Number 455, Acts of Alabama, to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for current and retired employees of state educational institutions. The plan is administered by the PEEHIB. Any Trust fund assets used in paying administrative costs and retiree benefits are transferred to and paid from the PEEHIF. The PEEHIB periodically reviews the funds available in the PEEHIF and if excess funds are determined to be available, the PEEHIB authorizes a transfer of funds from the PEEHIF to the Trust. Retirees are required to contribute monthly as follows:

Individual Coverage - Non-Medicare Eligible	\$	151.00
Individual Coverage - Medicare Eligible		10.00
Family Coverage - Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare		391.00
Eligible Dependent(s)		
Family Coverage - Non-Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent		250.00
Medicare Eligible		
Family Coverage - Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Non-Medicare		250.00
Eligible Dependent(s)		
Family Coverage - Medicare Eligible Retired Member and Dependent Medicare Eligible		109.00
Tobacco surcharge	\$28 pe	r month
Optional Plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, Vision)		*
Surviving Spouse - Non-Medicare Eligible		700.00
Surviving Spouse - Non-Medicare Eligible and Dependent Non-Medicare Eligible		934.00
Surviving Spouse - Non-Medicare Eligible and Dependent Medicare Eligible		907.00
Surviving Spouse - Medicare Eligible		354.00
Surviving Spouse - Medicare Eligible and Dependent Non-Medicare Eligible		595.00
Surviving Spouse - Medicare Eligible and Dependent Medicare Eligible		568.00

<sup>\*</sup> Up to two optional plans can be taken by retirees at no cost if the retiree is not also enrolled in one of the Hospital Medical Plans. Otherwise, retirees can purchase the Optional Plans at the normal monthly rate of \$38 or \$45 for family dental.

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Members who on or after October 1, 2005 and before January 1, 2012, pay two percent of the employer premium for each year under 25 years of service, and for each year over 25 years of service, the retiree premium is reduced by two percent. Employees who retire on or after January 1, 2012, with less than 25 years of service, are required to pay 4% for each year under 25 years of service. Additionally, non-Medicare eligible employees who retire on or after January 1, 2012 are required to pay 1% more for each year less than age 65(age premium) and to pay the net difference between the active employee subsidy and the non-Medicare eligible retiree subsidy (subsidy premium). When the retiree becomes Medicare eligible, the age and subsidy premium no longer applies. However, the years of service premium (if applicable to the retiree) will continue to be applied throughout retirement. These changes are being phased in over a five year period.

The Board is required to contribute a rate specified by the State for each active employee. The Board's share of premiums for retired Board employees health insurance is included as part of the premium for active employees. The following show the required contributions in dollars and the percentage of that amount contributed for Board retirees:

				Percenta	age of				
Acti	ve Health	Aı	mount of	Active En	nployee		Total	Percer	ntage
Fiscal Year In		Premium		Premi	ums	An	nount Paid	of Req	uired
Pr	remiums Attributa		remiums Attributable Attributable Attributable		Attributable		ributable to	Amo	unt
Paid	by Board	to	Retirees	to Retirees Retirees		Retirees		Contrib	outed
\$	714.00	\$	216.90	•	30.38%	\$	483,353	1	.00%
	714.00		220.09	•	30.83%		490,896	1	.00%
	780.00		180.76	2	23.17%		402,033	1	.00%
	In Pr Paid	714.00	Insurance Premiums Att Paid by Board to  \$ 714.00 \$ 714.00	Insurance Premium Premiums Attributable Paid by Board to Retirees  \$ 714.00 \$ 216.90 714.00 220.09	Active Health Amount of Insurance Premium Premiums Attributable Attributable Paid by Board to Retirees to Retires  \$ 714.00 \$ 216.90       714.00	Insurance Premium Premiums Premiums Attributable Paid by Board to Retirees to Retirees  \$ 714.00 \$ 216.90 30.38% 714.00 220.09 30.83%	Active Health Amount of Insurance Premium Premiums Ann Premiums Attributable Attributable Attributable to Retirees to Retirees Insurance Premiums Ann Premiums Attributable Attributable Attributable Attributable Insurance Premiums Ann Attributable Attributable Attributable Insurance Premiums Ann Attributable Insurance Premiums Insurance Premiums Ann Attributable Insurance Premiums Insurance Pr	Active Health InsuranceAmount of PremiumActive Employee PremiumsTotal Amount Paid Attributable to RetireesPaid by Boardto Retireesto RetireesRetirees\$ 714.00\$ 216.9030.38%\$ 483,353714.00220.0930.83%490,896	Active Health InsuranceAmount of PremiumActive Employee PremiumsTotal Amount Paid Attributable to RetireesPercent Amount Paid Attributable to RetireesPaid by Boardto Retireesto RetireesRetireesContrib\$ 714.00\$ 216.90 220.0930.38% 30.83%\$ 483,353 490,8961

Each year the PEEHIB certifies to the Governor and to the Legislature the contribution rates based on the amount needed to fund coverage for benefits for the following fiscal year and the Legislature sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

The Board has accounted for payments received from the federal government for Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) payments in accordance with GASB Technical Bulletin 2006-1. This bulletin requires the EGWP to be recorded as an "on-behalf payment", resulting in offsetting revenues and expenditures. The amount recognized in the 2015 financial statements for EGWP is \$90,054.

#### NOTE 13 – NOTE PAYABLE WITH THE CITY OF ANDALUSIA

#### 2011 Cooperative Agreement

The Board has an Agreement with the City of Andalusia in connection with the General Obligation School Warrants, Series 2011-A issued to construct the new junior high school building at the high school, the sixth grade wing at the elementary school and improve infrastructure.

According to the agreement, the City will transfer the sum of \$5,500,000 representing the portion of the Series 2011-A General Obligation Warrant proceeds designated for use by the Board. In exchange for such transfer, the Board hereby agrees to be obligated to pay the debt service on \$6,430,000 (said sum being the total principal due because of capitalization of interest through May 1, 2014) as shown below. The Board shall cause to be transferred to the City the sum necessary for paying the annual debt service at least ten days prior to the due date of such annual debt service. To secure this payment, the Board pledges its tax revenues including those revenues collected and disbursed through the City for the timely payments of the obligation and the City is authorized to withhold from such tax revenues an amount equal to any amount past due and unpaid amount of such debt service after the 7.5 mils has been satisfied.

Due to the implementation of GASB 34, payments on the above will be reported as a Note Payable to the City of Andalusia in the financial statements. A Note Receivable associated with these warrants is reflected in the City's financial statements.

NOTE 13 – NOTE PAYABLE WITH THE CITY OF ANDALUSIA (Continued)

The Board's annual payments are as follows:

Warrant Year	Principal School Board's Share		Во	Interest School Board's Share		Total
2016	\$	140,000	\$	252,113	\$	392,113
2017	Ψ.	145,000	4	249,081	4	394,081
2018		150,000		245,575		395,575
2019		155,000		241,375		396,375
2020		155,000		236,919		391,919
2021		160,000		232,388		392,388
2022		165,000		227,306		392,306
2023		170,000		221,778		391,778
2024		180,000		215,780		395,780
2025		185,000		209,208		394,208
2026		190,000		202,175		392,175
2027		200,000		194,690		394,690
2028		210,000		186,615		396,615
2029		215,000		177,954		392,954
2030	225,000			168,768		393,768
2031		235,000		159,049		394,049
2032		245,000		148,726		393,726
2033		255,000		137,851		392,851
2034		270,000		126,433		396,433
2035		280,000		114,260		394,260
2036		295,000		101,323		396,323
2037		305,000		87,823		392,823
2038		320,000		73,600		393,600
2039		335,000		58,535		393,535
2040		350,000		42,780		392,780
2041		370,000		26,220		396,220
2042		385,000		8,855		393,855
	\$	6,290,000	\$	4,347,180	\$ 1	10,637,180

#### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT

#### 2005 QZAB

During the year ended September 30, 2005, the Andalusia City Board of Education (the lessee) entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Alabama School Finance Cooperative (the lessor). This agreement was structured to qualify as a "Qualified Zone Academy Bond" (QZAB) pursuant to Section 1397E of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

Under this agreement, the Board issued a QZAB in the amount of \$750,000. This obligation is referred to as the "Board of Education of the City of Andalusia, Alabama QZAB". The funds from the QZAB will be used for (a) rehabilitating or repairing the public school facility; (b) providing equipment; (c) developing course materials for education; (d) training teacher and other school personnel.

The Andalusia City Board of Education chose the deferred payment option. Under this option, the Board will make payments of \$56,606 for ten years starting on June 1, 2006. These annual payments will be deposited into a restricted fund which will accumulate to earn interest to repay the face amount of the QZAB. The Board will recognize interest as income annually beginning June 2007. At the end of the bond term, the payment of debt principal will be recognized at one time. As of September 30, 2015, the Board had an investment of \$566,063 in US Treasury Bills for the repayment of the QZAB.

#### Series 2010-QSCB

In August 2009, Governor Riley signed Act No. 2009-813, providing for the sale of Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) by the Alabama Public School and College Authority (PSCA). This legislation allows the local school board to pledge local taxes and public school funds (PSF Capital Purchase) for the local school board's payments for the QSCB bonds.

During November 2010, the Andalusia City Board of Education obtained a Pool Loan from the PSCA in the amount of \$2,500,000 to fund the construction of a new Physical Education Facility. The Board accepted the Board Pool Loan and entered into the Special Pool Loan Agreement, dated as of September 8, 2010 between the Board, the State Superintendent of Education and the Authority and, in order to evidence the obligation to repay the Board Pool Loan the Board will issue to the Authority its Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2010-QSCB in the principal amount of \$2,500,000.

The Andalusia City Board of Education has agreed to have the quarterly interest payments withheld for annual PSF Capital Purchase allocations. The amounts to be withheld for QSCB interest payments are \$10,541 for the first fiscal year and \$10,750 for each of the remaining 16 years until the bond matures.

#### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The first annual sinking fund payment was made on September 1, 2011 in the amount of \$111,411 with the same amount for each of the following 16 years until the bond matures on September 1, 2027. The annual sinking fund payment will not be withheld from annual PSF Capital Purchase allocations although the annual sinking fund payment may be made from the PSF Capital Purchase funds or available local sources. As of September 30, 2015, the Board had \$595,713 in restricted cash for the repayment of the QSCB.

#### Regions Bank

On August 9, 2013, the Board entered into a Secured Equipment Financing Agreement with Regions Bank to purchase three school buses in the amount of \$237,103. The full term of the agreement is a period of 120 months starting December 5, 2013, and continuing on the 5<sup>th</sup> day of each quarter thereafter through and including June 5, 2023. The interest is 2.96%

#### Apple Inc.

On August 5, 2013, the Board entered into a master lease purchase agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase computers and various small equipment. The lease term is for 36 months with an interest rate of 1.50%. The Board has the option of buying the equipment for \$1. With the \$1 purchase option, the Board that owns their equipment at term's end may seek to trade in that equipment for credit toward new systems or for cash. At September 30, 2015 this lease had been paid in full.

In addition, on May 20, 2014, the Board entered into a second master lease purchase agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase computers and various small equipment. The lease term is 36 months with an interest rate of 1.90%. The Board has the option of buying the equipment for \$1. With the \$1 purchase option, the Board that owns their equipment at term's end may seek to trade in that equipment for credit toward new systems or for cash.

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Balance 10/1/2014	Proceeds	Proceeds Payments 9/3		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Note Payable - City of Andalusia	\$ 6,430,000	\$ -	\$ 140,000	\$ 6,290,000	\$ 140,000	
Capital Outlay Pool Warrant, Series 2010 - QSCB	2,500,000	-	-	2,500,000	-	
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	750,000	-	-	750,000	-	
Regions Bank	216,248	-	21,352	194,896	22,992	
Apple, Inc. 2013	35,321	-	35,321	-	-	
Apple, Inc. 2014	96,150	_	48,807	47,343	47,343	
	\$10,027,719	\$ -	\$ 245,480	\$ 9,782,239	\$ 210,335	

#### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal		incipal Interest		Total	
September 30, 2016	\$	209,335	\$	270,164	\$	479,499
September 30, 2017		167,650		264,718		432,368
September 30, 2018		173,328		260,534		433,862
September 30, 2019		179,026		255,635		434,661
September 30, 2020		179,745		250,460		430,205
Thereafter		8,873,155		3,201,194	1	2,074,349
	\$	9,782,239	\$	4,502,705	\$1	4,284,944

#### NOTE 15 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unearned revenues in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At September 30, 2015, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	U	Unearned			
	R	evenue			
Child Nutrition Program	\$	9,459			
Title I, Part A		33,988			
Title II, Part A		11,537			
Title VI, Part B		810			
IDEA - Part B		19,205			
General		2,632			
	\$	77,631			

#### **NOTE 16 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The amounts of interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Transfers In		T 	Cransfers Out
General Fund	\$	6,395	\$	398,275
Capital Projects Fund		30,000		-
Debt Service Fund		56,606		-
Child Nutrition Fund		310,695		-
Other Governmental Funds	26,329			31,750
	\$	430,025	\$	430,025

The Board typically uses transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies.

#### **NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCY**

The Board receives various amounts under grants and programs that are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Any amounts disallowed, if any, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Such amounts, if any, are not considered to be material by the Board.

#### NOTE 18 - CLOSING OF ANDALUSIA MIDDLE SCHOOL

During the year ended September 30, 2012, the Andalusia City Board of Education voted to close the Andalusia Middle School and transfer sixth grade to Andalusia Elementary School and seventh and eighth grade to Andalusia High School. The Board has obtained financing for the additional facilities at the Elementary School and High School through a cooperative agreement with the City of Andalusia. At September 30, 2015 both of the new facilities were occupied by students.

#### **NOTE 19 - RESTATEMENTS**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

#### Change in Accounting Policy

The Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The implementation of this statement required the Board to record beginning net pension liability and the effect on net position of contributions made by the Board during the measurement period (fiscal year ended September 30, 2014). As a result of this implementation, net position for the year ended September 30, 2014 was restated and decreased by \$11,233,000.

#### Government-Wide Statements and Fund Financial Statements

#### **Prior Period Adjustments**

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Board was required to make a prior period adjustment for the account receivable from the City of Andalusia previously recorded. This adjustment was required due to a change in accounting method by the City of Andalusia. The ending balance for net position in the government wide financial statements and fund balance in the fund financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2014 decreased by \$1,335,368.

During the year ended September 30, 2015, it was discovered that accrued salaries had been understated. This resulted in an understatement of salaries of \$705,044 and \$804,967, for government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, respectively, in the year ended September 30, 2014. As a result, a prior period adjustment has been made to correct the financial statements. The ending balance for net position for September 30, 2014 decreased by \$705,044 for government-wide financial statements and the fund balance decreased by \$804,967 for fund financial statements to reflect this adjustment.

#### NOTE 19 – RESTATEMENTS (Continued)

The impact of the restatements described above on net position as previously reported is as follows:

		Restatements					
	As Previously	Reclass to					
	Reported	Deferred	Net	Prior	As Restated		
	September	Outflows/	Pension	Period	September		
Government-Wide	30, 2014	Inflows	Liability	Adjustments	30, 2014		
Total Assets	\$ 28,861,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,335,368)	\$ 27,526,292		
Deferred Outflows							
of Resources		898,000			898,000		
Total Liabilities	10,427,353		12,131,000	705,044	23,263,397		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<del>-</del>						
Net Position							
Net Investment in							
Capital Assets	12,677,685	-	-	-	12,677,685		
Restricted	1,696,184	-	-	-	1,696,184		
Unrestricted	4,060,438	898,000	(12,131,000)	(2,040,412)	(9,212,974)		
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 18,434,307	\$ 898,000	\$ (12,131,000)	\$ (2,040,412)	\$ 5,160,895		

The impact of the restatements described above on fund balance as previously reported is as follows:

Fund Finacial Statements	As Previously Reported September 30, 2014		Restatements Prior Period Adjustments	As Restated September 30, 2014	
Total Assets	\$	6,929,594	\$ (1,335,368)	\$	5,594,226
Total Liabilities		1,073,054	804,967		1,878,021
Fund Balance					
Nonspendale		28,992	-		28,992
Restricted		1,667,192	-		1,667,192
Unassigned		4,160,356	(2,140,335)		2,020,021
Total Fund Balance		5,856,540	(2,140,335)		3,716,205
Total Liabilties and Fund Balance	\$	6,929,594	\$ (1,335,368)	\$	5,594,226

#### **NOTE 20 - RECLASSIFICATION**

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Board reclassed assets and the related fund balance from the Capital Projects fund to the Debt Service fund in the amount of \$5,939.

#### NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In June 2016, the Board entered into a new capital lease agreement with Apple, Inc. for Ipads and computers.

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 24, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND Year Ended September 30, 2015

	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
State Sources	\$ 8,774,869	\$ 8,942,569	\$ 8,944,553	\$ 1,984
Federal Sources	800	800	1,140	340
Local Sources	3,220,830	3,428,130	3,443,423	15,293
Other Sources	20,000	20,000	173,912	153,912
Total Revenues	12,016,499	12,391,499	12,563,028	171,529
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	7.255.742	7 422 507	7.500.210	(125,002)
Instructional Services	7,355,743	7,432,507	7,568,310	(135,803)
Instructional Support Services	1,674,988	1,717,117	1,848,632	(131,515)
Operation and Maintenance Services	1,476,444	1,531,444	1,488,298	43,146
Student Transportation Services General Administrative Services	450,954	450,954	542,983	(92,029)
	575,426	575,426	569,010	6,416
Special Revenue Outlay	153,490	153,490	150 459	(5.069)
Other Expenditures Debt Service	87,268	87,268	159,458 87,268	(5,968)
Total Expenditures	11,774,313	11,948,206	12,263,959	(315,753)
•	11,//4,515	11,946,200	12,203,939	(313,733)
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	242,186	443,293	299,069	(144,224)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Indirect Cost	-	-	123,846	123,846
Transfers In	-	-	6,395	6,395
Transfers Out	-	-	(398,275)	(398,275)
Other Financing Sources	126,089	131,881	3,112	(128,769)
Other Fund Uses	(368,275)	(368,275)		368,275
Total Other Fund Uses	(242,186)	(236,394)	(264,922)	(28,528)
Net Change in Fund Balances		206,899	34,147	(172,752)
FUND BALANCES - OCTOBER 1, 2014 (as restated)	3,998,121	4,160,356	2,061,132	(2,099,224)
FUND BALANCES - SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	\$ 3,998,121	\$ 4,367,255	\$ 2,095,279	\$ (2,271,976)

The accompanying Notes to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund are an integral part of these statements.

# ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY COMPARISON

The Andalusia City Board of Education has not included budgetary comparisons for the major special revenue funds because the Board does not adopt a legal budget for each special revenue fund. The Board legally adopts a budget for the general fund and for all federal funds as a whole.

#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN OF ALABAMA

Year Ended September 30, 2015

	2015
Board's proportion of the net pension liability	0.125057%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,361,000
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,962,269
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	142.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.01%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF SYSTEM CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ALABAMA Year Ended September 30, 2015

	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 878,560
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 878,560
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
System's covered-payroll	\$ 7,808,882
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.25%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.



Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR'S NUMBER	DISBURSEMENTS/ EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A Cluster:			
Title I, Part A (M)	84.010	104	\$ 403,014
Title I, Part A, Carryover (M)	84.010	104	83,955
Title I, School Improvement	84.010	104	25,287
			512,256
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster:			
IDEA, VI B, School Program (M)	84.027	104	424,401
IDEA, VI B, Special Education Discretionary Grant (M)	84.027	104	165,554
IDEA, VI B, SSIP Discretionary Grant (M)	84.027	104	146,086
IDEA, Preschool Incentive (M)	84.173	104	29,267
			765,308
Title II, Part A, Teacher Training	84.367	104	64,886
Title IV, Part A, Subpart A - School Safety Planning	84.184	104	500
Title VI, Part B, Rural Education Initiative	84.358	104	25,395
Vocational - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	104	25,576
	0.110.100.0		116,357
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,393,921
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Food Distribution Program (N)	10.550	104	31,881
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (N)	10.582	104	48,566
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Breakfast Program (M)	10.553	104	253,633
National School Lunch Program (M)	10.555	104	429,145
Summer Food Service Program (M)	10.559	104	7,197
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			689,975
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			770,422
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster:			
Disability Determination	96.001	104	1,140
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			1,140
TO THE SIJE DELIVERATION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH			1,170
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,165,483

<sup>(</sup>N) Non-cash assistance

<sup>(</sup>M) Major program

#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended September 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Andalusia City Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS September 30, 2015

Auditee qualified as low -risk auditee

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results						
Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?			modif ye		X	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			ye	s	X	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statement	ents noted?		ye	s	X	_no
<u>Federal Awards</u>						
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?			ye	s	X	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			ye	s	X	_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complian for major programs:	ce	Un	modif	fied		
Any audit findings disclosed that are require reported in accordance with Circular A-1: Section .510(a)?			ye	s	X	_no
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number(s) Nam	ne of Federal Program	or C	<u>luster</u>			
10.553; 10.555	Child Nutrition Clust	<u>er</u>				
84.010	Title I, Part A Cluster	<u>r</u>				
84.027; 84.173	Special Education Cl	uste	<u>r_</u>			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$	300,0	000		

X yes no

#### ANDALUSIA CITY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) September 30, 2015

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None



### RABREN, ODOM, PIERCE & HAYES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

W.S. Rabren, Jr., CPA Kenneth R. Odom, CPA, CGFM, CGMA Melissa C. Pierce, CPA, CGFM, CITP Gail C. Hayes, CPA, CGMA 1600 Dr. MLK, Jr. Expressway Andalusia, AL 36420 Telephone: (334) 222-4101

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Andalusia City Board of Education Andalusia, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Andalusia City Board of Education (the Board) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2016.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Andalusia City Board of Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Andalusia City Board of Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Andalusia City Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, the communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Andalusia, Alabama

Rabru, Odom, Pierce + Hayer, PC

June 24, 2016



### RABREN, ODOM, PIERCE & HAYES, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

W.S. Rabren, Jr., CPA Kenneth R. Odom, CPA, CGFM, CGMA Melissa C. Pierce, CPA, CGFM, CITP Gail C. Hayes, CPA, CGMA 1600 Dr. MLK, Jr. Expressway Andalusia, AL 36420 Telephone: (334) 222-4101

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board Andalusia City Board of Education Andalusia, Alabama

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Andalusia City Board of Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Andalusia City Board of Education's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. The Andalusia City Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Andalusia City Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Andalusia City Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Andalusia City Board of Education's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Andalusia City Board of Education, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Andalusia City Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Andalusia City Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Andalusia City Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Andalusia, Alabama

Rabner, Odom, Pierce + Hayer, PC

June 24, 2016