

Asheboro, North Carolina

# Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

Prepared by:

Finance Division
Todd Lowe, Finance Officer

# BOARD OF EDUCATION OF RANDOLPH COUNTY <u>ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA</u>

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
List of Principal Officials		i
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report		1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3 - 9
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	11
Statement of Activities	2	12
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	3	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	4	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	4	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund and Major Budgeted Special Revenue Funds	5	16
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	6	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	7	19
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	8	20 - 21

# BOARD OF EDUCATION OF RANDOLPH COUNTY ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)	Exhibit	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)		
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements		22 - 48
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		50
Schedule of Contributions		51
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability		52
Schedule of Contributions - Retiree Health Benefit Fund		53
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset		54
Schedule of Contributions - Disability Income Plan of North Carolina		55
Combining and Individual Financial Statements and Schedules:	Schedule	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – General Fund	1	58 - 60
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	2	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Funds	3	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Federal Grants Fund	4	64
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund	5	66
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP) - School Food Service Fund	6	68 - 69

# BOARD OF EDUCATION OF RANDOLPH COUNTY ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONCLUDED)

	<b>Exhibit</b>	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (Concluded)		
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:		
Comparative Schedules by Source	7	73
Schedule by Function and Activity	8	74
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	9	75

# BOARD OF EDUCATION OF RANDOLPH COUNTY ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

### LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2020

### **BOARD OF EDUCATION MEMBERS**

Gary Cook, Chair

Brian Biggs, Vice Chair

Tracy Boyles

Fred Burgess

Todd Cutler

Sharon Farlow

Matthew Lambeth

### **SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS**

Dr. Stephen Gainey

**FINANCE OFFICER** 

Todd Lowe

**Financial Section** 



# WILLIAM R. HUNEYCUTT

### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PLLC

216 West North Street Albemarle, NC 28001 Phone: (704) 983-5012 Fax: (704) 983-5109

379 South Cox Street Asheboro, NC 27203 Phone: (336) 626-9970 Fax: (336) 626-5981

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Board of Education of Randolph County Asheboro, North Carolina

### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Randolph County, Asheboro, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board of Education of Randolph County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Randolph County, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the State Public School Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability and the Schedule of Contributions and Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset and the Schedule of Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Board of Education of Randolph County, Asheboro, North Carolina. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by me in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In my opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 27, 2021, on my consideration of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 27, 2021

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC
Asheboro, North Carolina

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Randolph County Board of Education's (the Board) annual financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2020. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

### Financial Highlights

- The Randolph County Board of Education continued to work diligently with the Randolph County Board of Commissioners in an effort to meet the financial needs of the school system.
- Construction of Trinity Middle School began in August 2019, at a cost of \$34 million.
- The Randolph County Board of Commissioners funded an increase of \$1,056,300 in current expense appropriations to support continuation costs and supplement increases for employees.
- The Randolph County Board of Commissioners funded a \$100,000 increase for the Randolph County School System's 9-Year Facility Plan, which now totals \$850,000 annually.
- State Public School Fund revenues totaled \$105,708,010. The \$141,298 increase from prior year was due to increases in employee matching benefits, offset by a decrease in student enrollment.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Randolph County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents combining and budgetary statements for non-major governmental funds and budgetary statements for the enterprise fund

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the government-wide statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The Statement of Activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds and proprietary fund. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary fund is presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the

government-wide statements, a reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the Board's assets and deferred outflows and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and state and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service is included here.

The government-wide statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds, such as the Federal Grants fund, to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

Randolph County Board of Education has two types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine

whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation following the governmental funds statements, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, and the Federal Grants Fund.

The governmental fund statements are Exhibits 3, 4, and 5 of this report.

*Proprietary funds*: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. Randolph County Board of Education has one proprietary fund — an enterprise fund — the School Food Service Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are Exhibits 6, 7, and 8 of this report.

### Financial Analysis of the Schools as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$112,104,541 as of June 30, 2020. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets, of \$147,056,109.

The following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

				Ta	ble 1	· <del></del>							
	Condensed Statement of Net Position												
		Governm	ent	al Activities		Business	e Activities	Total Primary Government					
	2020			2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Current assets	\$	18,337,891	\$	14,400,724	\$	4,550,940	\$	5,138,823	\$	22,888,831	\$	19,539,54	
Capital assets		148,314,950		140,734,254		244,766		338,058		148,559,716	·	141,072,31	
Total assets		166,652,841		155,134,978		4,795,706		5,476,881		171,448,547		160,611,85	
												100,011,03	
Deferred outflows of resources		40,711,274		43,581,033		1,400,100		1,503,399		42,111,374		45,084,43	
Current and other liabilities		232,695,144		221,321,651		8,058,222		7,735,359		240,753,366		229,057,01	
Long-term liabilities	_	6,344,829		7,156,025		-				6,344,829			
Total liabilities		239,039,973		228,477,676		8,058,222		7,735,359		247,098,195		7,156,02 236,213,03	
Deferred inflows of resources		75,864,085		87,684,773		2,702,182		3,091,771		78,566,267		90,776,544	
Net investment in capital assets		146,811,343		139,429,190		244,766		338,058		147,056,109		139,767,248	
Restricted net position		5,632,618		3,486,999		7,925		5,913		5,640,543		3,492,912	
Inrestricted net position		(259,983,904)		(260,362,627)		(4,817,289)		(4,190,821)		(264,801,193)		(264,553,448	
Total net position	\$	(107,539,943)	\$	(117,446,438)	\$	(4,564,598)	Ś	(3,846,850)	Ś	(112,104,541)	<u>.</u>	(121,293,288)	

Note that net position increased during the year by 8.2%. A large contributing factor to the increase in net position is the increase in net investment in capital assets. Also note that the Board carries capital assets for which Randolph County carries the offsetting debt.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current fiscal year.

			<u></u>	able 2							
	Conder Governn		ement of Revenues Governmental		nses, and Chan Business- type	ges in Net Position Business- type		Total Primary			Total Primary
	Activ	ities	Activities	Activities		Ac	Activities		Government		Government
	202	0	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 2,17	3,974	\$ 2,463,819	\$	1,564,914	\$ 2	,146,571	\$	3,738,888	\$	4,610,39
Operating grants and											
contributions	117,42	9,870	<b>117,774,47</b> 5		5,551,452	6	219,465		122,981,322		123,993,94
Capital grants and											
contributions	1,52	1,243	1,294,486		-		-		1,521,243		1,294,486
General revenues:											
County appropriations:											
Operating	20,08	1,808	19,025,508						20,081,808		19,025,508
Capital	14,00	7,940	3,929,934		=		-		14,007,940		3,929,93
Federal appropriations:											
Operating	262	2,840	408,898		-				262,840		408,898
Supplemental taxes	2,410	),888	2,331,908				-		2,410,888		2,331,908
Investment earnings	g	,895	12,443		37,765		37,707		47,660		50,150
Miscellaneous	2,763	,962	3,877,822		_		-		2,763,962		3,877,822
Total revenues	160,662	,420	151,119,293		7,154,131	8.	403,743		167,816,551		159,523,036
Expenses:											100,020,000
Governmental activities:											
Instructional services	119,970	,033	115,951,074						119,970,033		115,951,074
System-wide support services	28,684	,250	28,772,970		_				28,684,250		28,772,970
Ancillary services	166	,555	-						166,555		20,772,570
Non-programmed charges	1,667	,361	1,542,589				_		1,667,361		1 542 500
Interest on long-term debt	•	-	_,,		_				1,007,301		1,542,589
Business-type activities:							•		•		•
Food service		_			8,139,605	0 -	45,245		0.130.605		0.745.345
Total expenses	150,488	.199	146,266,633		8,139,605				8,139,605		8,745,245
ransfers in (out)	(267,		(255,094)				45,245		158,627,804		155,011,878
ncrease (decrease) in net position	9,906	••••	4,597,566		267,726		55,094			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net position, beginning	3,300, {117,446,4				(717,748)		36,408)		9,188,747		4,511,158
Net position, beginning restated	(11/,440)	-30)	(122,044,004)		(3,846,850)	(3,7)	50,442)		(121,293,288)		(125,804,446)
Net position, ending	¢ /107.530.4	242) ^	(117 417 105)			<u> </u>			-		
res position, enumg	\$ (107,539,9	943) \$	(117,446,438)	\$	(4,564,598)	\$ (3,84	16,850)	\$	(112,104,541)	\$	(121,293,288)

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$160.7 million while expenses in this category totaled \$150.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. Comparatively, revenues were \$151.1 million

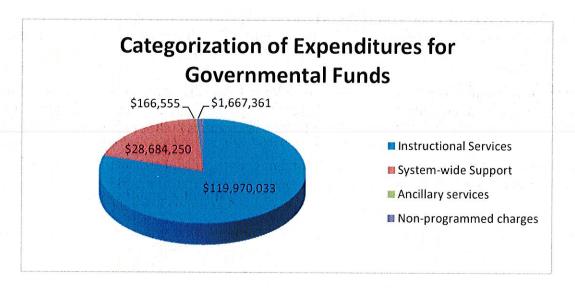
and expenses totaled \$146.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. After transfers to the business-type activities, the increase in net position stands at \$9.9 million at June 30, 2020, compared to an increase of \$4.6 million in 2019. Instructional services expenses comprised 80% of total governmental-type expenses, while system-wide support services made up 19% of those expenses for 2020. County funding comprised 21% of total governmental revenue, while State and Federal funding accounted for 73%. Business-type activities generated revenues of \$7.2 million and expenses of \$8.1 million. Net position in the business-type activities decreased \$717,748 after transfers from the governmental activities of \$267,726.

### Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Randolph County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10.5 million, an increase of \$1,371,506 from last year. State funding increased \$274,255, while county funding increased \$11,134,306. Expenditures for the year increased \$8,317,043.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type fund, the School Food Service Fund, reflected a decrease in net position of \$717,748 compared to 2019. Operating expenses decreased \$605,640 from the prior year, while operating revenues decreased \$581,657.



### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund expenditures decreased \$1,511,431 compared to prior year. The majority of this decrease was due to the state-wide school campus closures in March 2020, as a result of Covid-19. Revenues decreased \$1,812 from prior year. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1,397,461 in the General Fund, and resulted in an increase of \$1,222,438 in the General Fund balance, after transfers to other funds totaling \$215,721.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets increased (net of depreciation) approximately \$7.5 million from the previous year. The following is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation at year-end. More detailed information can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

					Table	e 3						
<b>'</b>				Summa	ry of Ca	apital Assets						
		Governn	nenta	al Activities		Business-	type	Activities	Total Primary Government			
		2020		2019		2020		2019	 2020		2019	
Land	\$	5,536,989	\$	5,536,989	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,536,989	\$	5,536,989	
Construction in progress		12,164,364		1,181,712		-		-	12,164,364		1,181,712	
Buildings		123,168,681		127,092,081		-		-	123,168,681		127,092,081	
Furniture and equipment Vehicles and motorized		2,254,854		2,249,932		244,766		338,058	2,499,620		2,587,990	
equipment Library Books		5,286,508		4,410,385				•	5,286,508		4,410,385	
Computer Equipment		(05.445)		•		-		-	-		-	
	_	(96,446)		263,155		<del>-</del>		<del></del>	 (96,446)		263,155	
Total	\$ =	148,314,950	\$	140,734,254	\$	244,766	\$	338,058	\$ 148,559,716	\$	141,072,312	

### **Debt Outstanding**

During the year the Board's outstanding debt increased \$8,355,015, mainly due to the increase in net OPEB liability of \$8,436,897.

#### **Economic Factors**

Continued maintenance of facilities, technology upgrades, and retention of employees and services are top priorities for the Board of Education. County funding is a major source of income for the Board; therefore, the county's economic outlook directly affects that of the schools. The following factors have affected the economic outlook of Randolph County:

- As of June 2020, the county's unemployment rate was 7.8%, which was slightly lower than the state average of 7.9%.
- As of June 2020, the county's property tax rate was \$.6327, representing a decrease of \$.0198 from the previous year.
- As of June 2020, the Archdale/Trinity school tax rate was \$.0922, representing a decrease of \$.0032 from the previous year.
- Limited local resources continue to create challenges for the county commissioners with regard to prioritizing and funding projects and services throughout the county.

### Impact of Coronavirus on School

During the fiscal year, the state and the nation were affected by the spread of a coronavirus. The Randolph County Board of Education's response included:

- Providing remote learning opportunities to the fullest extent possible for all students.
- Providing meal pick-up for all students.
- Providing personal protective equipment for all staff members.
- Providing thermometers and cleaning supplies for all schools.
- Comprehensive planning for the return of students to school campuses in August 2020.

The spread of the coronavirus resulted in a mandated state-wide school closure on March 14, 2020. Schools remained closed to students for the remainder of the 2019-2020 year, causing financial impacts in several areas. Transportation, utilities, and substitute teacher costs were drastically lower during the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter, resulting in savings for the General Fund. However, the School Food Service Fund experienced a considerable shortfall due to a decrease in meals served and loss of supplemental sales. Due to employee leave provisions, compensation and benefits continued for most employees, adding to the financial strain on the School Food Service program. The Board of Education utilized federal coronavirus funding to purchase personal protective equipment, cleaning supplies, and other necessary items needed to minimize the coronavirus spread.

### **Requests for Information**

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Randolph County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Todd Lowe, Finance Officer Randolph County Board of Education 2222-C South Fayetteville Street Asheboro, North Carolina 27205 This page intentionally left blank.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:		·.·	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,893,822	\$ 4,165,107	\$ 12,058,929
Due from Other Governments	7,184,201	178,175	7,362,376
Accounts Receivable	174,054	10,289	184,343
Taxes Receivable	38,497	-	38,497
Net OPEB Asset	219,450	7,925	227,375
Inventories	809,205	189,444	998,649
Prepaid Expenses	2,018,662	•	2,018,662
Capital Assets:			_,,,,,,,_
Land, Improvements and			
Construction in Progress	17,701,353	_	17,701,353
Other Capital Assets, Net	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		17,701,333
of Depreciation	130,613,597	244,766	130,858,363
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	148,314,950	244,766	148,559,716
Total Assets	166,652,841	4,795,706	171,448,547
Deferred Outflows of Resources	40,711,274	1,400,100	42,111,374
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	2 457 107	54.020	
Retainage Payable	2,457,197	54,938	2,512,135
Accrued Compensation	518,177	-	518,177
Accrued Employee Benefits	3,520,436	-	3,520,436
Unearned Revenue	940,497	-	940,497
	-	147,842	147,842
Long-Term Liabilities:	***		
Net Pension Liability	59,618,690	2,118,604	61,737,294
Net OPEB Liability	160,322,844	5,659,161	165,982,005
Due Within One Year	5,317,303	77,677	5,394,980
Due in More Than One Year	6,344,829	<del> </del>	6,344,829
Total Liabilities	239,039,973	8,058,222	247,098,195
Deferred Inflows of Resources	75,864,085	2,702,182	78,566,267
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	146,811,343	244,766	147,056,109
Individual Schools	1,527,138	_	1,527,138
Stabilization by State Statute	2,944,615	_	2,944,615
Trinity/Archdale Tax District	941,415	<del>,</del>	
DIPNC OPEB Plan	219,450	7,925	941,415
Unrestricted	(259,983,904)	(4,817,289)	227,375 (264,801,193)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ (107,539,943)	\$ (4,564,598)	\$ (112,104,541)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these Statements.

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net (Exnense)	Revenue and Change	s in Net Position
			Operating	Capital			5 M Tice I Collion
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:							
Instructional Services:							
Regular Instructional	\$ 69,702,040	<b>\$</b> 153,514	\$ 60,709,831	\$ -	\$ (8,838,695)	\$ -	\$ (8,838,695)
Special Populations	16,955,139	-	16,233,075	•	(722,064)	-	(722,064)
Alternative Programs	9,144,151	-	8,032,747	-	(1,111,404)	-	(1,111,404)
School Leadership	9,513,755	-	8,342,008	-	(1,171,747)	-	(1,171,747)
Co-curricular	4,820,073	2,020,460	2,214,794	55,464	(529,355)	_	(529,355)
School-based Support	9,834,875	-	8,738,432	-	(1,096,443)		(1,096,443)
System-wide Support Services:					,		(1,070,110)
Support and Development	515,787	•	263,198	•	(252,589)	_	(252,589)
Special Population Support and Development	1,394,507	-	1,213,326	-	(181,181)	-	(181,181)
Alternative Programs and Services Support					(,,		(101,101)
and Development	238,655	_	83,736	_	(154,919)	_	(154,919)
Technology Support	804,885	-	115,336	•	(689,549)		(689,549)
Operational Support	21,624,907	•	9,811,518	1,465,779	(10,347,610)	_	, , ,
Financial and Human Resource	2,219,783	=	695,131	•	(1,524,652)	-	(10,347,610)
Accountability	203,951	=	26,159	_	(177,792)	-	(1,524,652)
System-wide Pupil Support	444,306	-	232,678	_	(211,628)	-	(177,792)
Policy, Leadership and Public Relations	1,237,469	-	717,901	_	(519,568)	-	(211,628)
Ancillary Services	166,555	_	-	_	(166,555)	-	(519,568)
Nonprogram Charges	1,667,361	•		_	(1,667,361)	•	(166,555)
Total Governmental Activities	150,488,199	2,173,974	117,429,870	1,521,243	(29,363,112)		(1,667,361)
Business-Type Activities:				1,021,415	(27,303,112)		(29,363,112)
School Food Service	0.120.405						
School Food Service	8,139,605	1,564,914	5,551,452	-		(1,023,239)	(1,023,239)
Total Business-Type Activities	8,139,605	1,564,914	5,551,452			(1,023,239)	(1,023,239)
Total	\$ 158,627,804	\$ 3,738,888	\$ 122,981,322	\$ I,521,243	(29,363,112)	(1,023,239)	(30,386,351)
		General Revenues:			(-1,000,112)	(1,023,237)	(30,380,331)
		Unrestricted County A	Annronriations - Oners	tina	20.001.000		
		Unrestricted County	Appropriations - Opera	ung d	20,081,808	-	20,081,808
		Unrestricted Federal			14,007,940	-	14,007,940
		Supplemental School		ung	262,840	-	262,840
		Investment Earnings,			2,410,888	-	2,410,888
		Miscellaneous, Unres			9,895	37,765	47,660
	п	ransfers	iricieu		2,763,962	-	2,763,962
	,				(267,726)	267,726	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>
		Total General Rev	enues, Special Items,	and Transfers	39,269,607	305,491	39,575,098
		Change in Net Pos			9,906,495	(717,748)	9,188,747
	D	let Position Beginning	of Year, Previously R	eported	(117,446,438)	(3,846,850)	(121,293,288)
	И	let Position End of Yea	ur		\$ (107,539,943)	\$ (4,564,598)	\$ (112,104,541)

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

				lajor Funds				m . t		
		General	5	State Public School		Capital Outlay	1	Total Non-Major Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Receivables:	\$	5,856,179	\$	-	·	510,505	\$	1,527,138	\$	7,893,822
Due from Other Governments Accounts Receivable		228,750 174,054		4,088,213		2,508,668		358,570		7,184,201 174,054
Taxes Receivable		38,497		-		_		-		38,497
Due From Other Funds		33,143		-		_		-		33,143
Inventories		499,362		309,843		_				809,205
Prepaid Insurance		2,018,662		-		-				2,018,662
Total Assets	_\$_	8,848,647	_\$_	4,398,056	\$	3,019,173	_\$_	1,885,708	\$	18,151,584
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Retainage Payable	\$	509,041	\$	-	\$	1,948,156 518,177	\$		\$	2,457,197 518,177
Accrued Compensation		104,288		3,152,594		-		263,554		3,520,436
Accrued Employee Benefits		27,558		842,499				70,440		940,497
Due to Other Funds						33,143		,		33,143
Total Liabilities		640,887	_	3,995,093		2,499,476		333,994		7,469,450
Deferred Inflows of Resources		38,497		93,120		-		24,576		156,193
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventories Prepaid Assets Restricted:		499,362 2,018,662		309,843 -		:		· ·		809,205 2,018,662
Individual Schools		-		_				1,527,138		1,527,138
Stabilization by State Statute		435,947		-		2,508,668		-		2,944,615
Trinity/Archdale Tax District		941,415		-						941,415
Unassigned:		4,273,877				(1,988,971)		•		2,284,906
Total Fund Balances		8,169,263		309,843	T	519,697		1,527,138		10,525,941
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	_\$_	8,848,647	\$	4,398,056	_\$	3,019,173	\$	1,885,708		
Amounts reported for governmental activiti-	es in 1	the statement	of ne	t position (Ex	hibit	1) are				
different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activi										
not reported in the funds.										148,314,950
Net OPEB asset										219,450
Deferred outflows of resources related to	pensi	ons								23,218,930
Deferred outflows of resources related to	OPE	3								17,492,344
Liabilities for earned but unavailable reve Some liabilities, compensated absences ar	nd ins	tallment purc	hase (	obligations, a	re not					156,193
due and payable in the current period and	there	fore are not re	porte	d in the funds	s.					(11,662,132)
Net OPER liability										(59,618,690)
Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources related to O	DED									160,322,844)
Deferred inflows of resources related to O	res encie	10								(73,424,627)
	cusiol	12								(2,439,458)
Net position of governmental activities									\$ (	107,539,943)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENT'AL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Major Funds		<u>.</u>	
	General	State Public School	Capital Outlay	Total Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
State of North Carolina	\$ 1,401,907	\$ 105,708,010	\$ 1,465,779	\$ -	\$ 108,575,696
Randolph County	20,081,808	Ψ 105,700,010	14,007,940		34,089,748
Supplemental School Taxes	2,404,813	-	. 1,007,710		2,404,813
United States Government	269,867	-	-	9,237,199	9,507,066
Other	2,318,841		121,217	4,235,254	6,675,312
Total Revenues	26,477,236	105,708,010	15,594,936	13,472,453	161,252,635
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instructional Services:					
Regular Instructional	5,986,457	59,442,922	_	844,009	66 372 200
Special Populations	871,848	13,397,958		2,835,117	66,273,388
Alternative Programs	1,530,794	3,723,191	_	4,309,556	17,104,923
School Leadership	1,264,519	8,342,008	_	4,509,550	9,563,541
Co-curricular	631,282			4,195,728	9,606,527
School-based Support	1,362,664	8,491,555	•		4,827,010
System-wide Support Services:	1,502,001	0,771,333	•	246,877	10,101,096
Support and Development	256,593	260,525		2 (22	510.501
Special Population Support and Development	195,644	706,071	•	2,673	519,791
Alternative Programs and Services Support	175,044	700,071	-	507,255	1,408,970
and Development	157,258	399		02.225	
Technology Support	686,325	115,336	•	83,337	240,994
Operational Support	7,830,002	9,511,705	•	***	801,661
Financial and Human Resource	1,533,083		•	299,813	17,641,520
Accountability	179,845	687,597	•	7,534	2,228,214
System-wide Pupil Support	232,980	26,159	•	-	206,004
Policy, Leadership and Public Relations	524,494	232,678	-	-	465,658
Ancillary Services	·	717,901	•	-	1,242,395
Nonprogram Charges	168,626	-	•	-	168,626
Debt Service:	1,667,361	•	-	101,028	1,768,389
Principal					
Capital Outlay:	•	-	1,465,779	-	1,465,779
Real Property and Buildings					
Furniture and Equipment	•	-	11,784,589	-	11,784,589
Buses and Motor Vehicles	-	-	112,267	-	112,267
Other Costs and Projects	-	-	1,864,064	-	1,864,064
			1,943,331		1,943,331
Total Expenditures	25,079,775	105,656,005	17,170,030	13,432,927	161,338,737
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,397,461	52,005	(1,575,094)	39,526	(86,102)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					<del></del>
Installment Purchase Obligations Issued	-	_	1,664,322		1.664.333
Insurance Recovery	40,698		1,004,322	•	1,664,322
Transfer to Other Funds	(215,721)	(52,005)		-	40,698
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(175,023)	(52,005)	1,664,322		(267,726)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,222,438	(32,003)		20.526	1,437,294
		<del></del>	89,228	39,526	1,351,192
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventories	6,941,829	294,525	430,469	1,487,612	9,154,435
Fund Balances - End of Year	4,996	15,318		<u> </u>	20,314
rund datances - End of Year	\$ 8,169,263	\$ 309,843	\$ 519,697	\$ 1,527,138	\$ 10,525,941

Exhibit 4 (Page 2 of 2)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,351,192
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	d 1	7,602,230
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Change in unavailable revenues		30,255
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities  Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		10,739,711
on the Statement of Activities		5,440,239
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		(198,543)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Pension expense		(20,190,996)
Net OPEB expense		4,633,223
Compensated absences		500,404
Loss on Disposal of Assets		(21,534)
Increase in inventories included in governmental activities		20,314
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	9,906,495

### 16

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

### GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Gener	al Fund			State Public	School Fund	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)				Variance With Final Budget - Positive
	Original	I IIIAI	Actual	(Negative)	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:								
State of North Carolina	\$ 740,000	\$ 1,255,000	\$ 1,401,907	\$ 146,907	\$ 100,846,253	\$ 107,567,046	\$ 105,708,010	6 (1.050.02()
Randolph County	20,081,808	20,081,808	20,081,808	- 110,501	₩ 100,040,233	3 107,007,040	\$ 105,708,010	\$ (1,859,036)
Supplemental School Taxes	2,290,000	2,290,000	2,404,813	114,813		•	-	-
United States Government	285,000	285,000	269,867	(15,133)		-	•	-
Other	2,895,300	2,380,300	2,318,841	(61,459)		-	_	•
Total Revenues	26,292,108	26,292,108	26,477,236	185,128	100,846,253	107,567,046	105,708,010	(1,859,036)
Expenditures:					<u> </u>	<del></del>		(1,007,000)
Current:								
Instructional Services:								
Regular Instructional	8,172,651	6,276,110	5,986,457	289,653	58,805,368	60 000 204	60 440 600	
Special Populations	-,,	871,848	871,848	269,033	12,887,686	59,902,394	59,442,922	459,472
Alternative Programs	816,100	1.531.519	1,530,794	725	4,309,815	13,400,387	13,397,958	2,429
School Leadership	781,700	1,308,720	1,264,519	44,201	7,996,827	3,728,324	3,723,191	5,133
Co-curricular	397,099	631,282	631,282	44,201	1,550,621	8,383,730	8,342,008	41,722
School-based Support	521,100	1,458,249	1,362,664	95,585	7,274,925	8,991,860		
System-wide Support Services:	,	.,,	1,502,004	25,50	1,214,723	8,991,800	8,491,555	500,305
Support and Development	1,573,500	341,965	256,593	85,372	142,000	260,525	260.625	
Special Population Support and Development	12,400	199,957	195,644	4,313	562,000	706,071	260,525	-
Alternative Programs and Services Support and Development	_	157,258	157,258	4,515	302,000	399	706,071	-
Technology Support	392,000	686,325	686,325		108,511		399	-
Operational Support	8,463,558	8,491,303	7,830,002	661,301	7,526,620	115,336	115,336	
Financial and Human Resource	1,187,100	1,661,076	1,533,083	127,993	7,526,620 561,000	9,528,943	9,511,705	17,238
Accountability	16,000	179,845	179,845	127,993	361,000	687,597	687,597	-
System-wide Pupil Support	2,029,600	232,980	232,980	-	25,000	26,159	26,159	-
Policy, Leadership and Public Relations	329,300	556,505	524,494	32,011	646,501	232,678	232,678	-
Ancillary Services	-	180,914	168,626	12,288	040,301	717,901	717,901	-
Nonprogram Charges	1,600,000	1,667,361	1,667,361	12,200	-	-	•	-
Total Expenditures	26,292,108	26,433,217	25,079,775	1,353,442	100,846,253	106,682,304	105,656,005	1.026.000
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures					100,040,255	<del></del>		1,026,299
• •	<u>-</u> _	(141,109)	1,397,461	1,538,570		884,742	52,005	(832,737)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance Recovery								
Transfer to Other Funds	-		40,698	40,698	-	-	-	-
		(215,721)	(215,721)	<u></u>		(884,742)	(52,005)	832, <del>7</del> 37
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(215,721)	(175,023)	40,698		(884,742)	(52,005)	832,737
Appropriated Fund Balances:								<del></del>
Appropriated Fund Balance		356,830		(356,830)				
Total Appropriated Fund Balances	<del></del>	356,830		(356,830)		<del></del>		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ -	<u> </u>	1,222,438	\$ 1,222,438	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			6,941,829				294,525	<del></del>
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventories			4,996				15,318	
Fund Balances - End of Year			\$ 8,169,263					
			ψ 0,107,203				\$ 309,843	

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these Statements.

### Exhibit 6

# RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2020

	School Food Service
Assets:	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,165,107
Due from Other Governments	178,175
Accounts Receivable	10,289
Net OPEB Asset	7,925
Inventories	189,444
Total Current Assets	4,550,940
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Equipment, net	244,766
Total Noncurrent Assets	244,766
Total Assets	\$ 4,795,706
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,400,100
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	54,938
Unearned Revenues	147,842
Compensated Absences - Current	77,677_
Total Current Liabilities	280,457
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net Pension Liability	2,118,604
Net OPEB Liability	5,659,161
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,777,765
Total Liabilities	8,058,222
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position:	2,702,182
Net Investment in Capital Assets	044.844
DIPNC OPEB Plan	244,766
Unrestricted	7,925
	(4,817,289)
Total Net Position	\$ (4,564,598)

This page intentionally left blank.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Food Sales       \$ 1,564,914         Operating Expenses:         Food Cost:       Purchased Food       2,149,250         Donated Commodities       603,198         Salaries and Benefits       4,281,522         Materials and Supplies       296,875         Repairs and Maintenance       40,562         Purchased Services       100,607         Depreciation       104,216         Other       30,986         Indirect Costs       532,389         Total Operating Expenses       8,139,605	Operating Revenues:	Major Fund School Food Service
Operating Expenses:           Food Cost:         2,149,250           Donated Commodities         603,198           Salaries and Benefits         4,281,522           Materials and Supplies         296,875           Repairs and Maintenance         40,562           Purchased Services         100,607           Depreciation         104,216           Other         30,986           Indirect Costs         532,389           Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5,058,037           Federal Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         296,726           General Fund         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)		\$ 1,564,914
Purchased Food         2,149,250           Donated Commodities         603,198           Salaries and Benefits         4,281,522           Materials and Supplies         296,875           Repairs and Maintenance         40,562           Purchased Services         100,607           Depreciation         104,216           Other         30,986           Indirect Costs         532,389           Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)	Operating Expenses:	<del></del>
Donated Commodities         603,198           Salaries and Benefits         4,281,522           Materials and Supplies         296,875           Repairs and Maintenance         40,562           Purchased Services         100,607           Depreciation         104,216           Other         30,986           Indirect Costs         532,389           Total Operating Expenses         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5058,037           State Reimbursements         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)		
Salaries and Benefits       4,281,522         Materials and Supplies       296,875         Repairs and Maintenance       40,562         Purchased Services       100,607         Depreciation       104,216         Other       30,986         Indirect Costs       532,389         Total Operating Expenses       8,139,605         Operating Loss       (6,574,691)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):       5,058,037         State Reimbursements       3,613         Federal Reimbursements       38,613         Federal Commodities       454,802         Interest Earned on Investments       37,765         Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       5,589,217         Loss Before Transfers       (985,474)         Transfers From Other Funds:       215,721         State Public School Fund       52,005         Total Transfers From Other Funds       267,726         Change in Net Position       (717,748)		2,149,250
Materials and Supplies       296,875         Repairs and Maintenance       40,562         Purchased Services       100,607         Depreciation       104,216         Other       30,986         Indirect Costs       532,389         Total Operating Expenses       8,139,605         Operating Loss       (6,574,691)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):       5,058,037         Federal Reimbursements       38,613         Federal Commodities       454,802         Interest Earned on Investments       37,765         Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       5,589,217         Loss Before Transfers       (985,474)         Transfers From Other Funds:       215,721         State Public School Fund       52,005         Total Transfers From Other Funds       267,726         Change in Net Position       (717,748)	Donated Commodities	
Repairs and Maintenance       40,562         Purchased Services       100,607         Depreciation       104,216         Other       30,986         Indirect Costs       532,389         Total Operating Expenses       8,139,605         Operating Loss       (6,574,691)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):       5,058,037         Federal Reimbursements       38,613         Federal Commodities       35,058,037         State Reimbursements       3454,802         Interest Earned on Investments       37,765         Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       5,589,217         Loss Before Transfers       (985,474)         Transfers From Other Funds:       215,721         State Public School Fund       52,005         Total Transfers From Other Funds       267,726         Change in Net Position       (717,748)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,281,522
Purchased Services         100,607           Depreciation         104,216           Other         30,986           Indirect Costs         532,389           Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         Federal Reimbursements           Federal Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)		296,875
Depreciation         104,216           Other         30,986           Indirect Costs         532,389           Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):           Federal Reimbursements         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:           General Fund         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)		40,562
Other         30,986           Indirect Costs         532,389           Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5,058,037           Federal Reimbursements         38,613           State Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         215,721           General Fund         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)		100,607
Indirect Costs         33,986           Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         (985,474)           General Fund         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)	•	104,216
Total Operating Expenses         8,139,605           Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5,058,037           Federal Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)		30,986
Operating Loss         (6,574,691)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         5,058,037           Federal Reimbursements         38,613           State Reimbursements         38,613           Federal Commodities         454,802           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         5,589,217           Loss Before Transfers         (985,474)           Transfers From Other Funds:         215,721           State Public School Fund         52,005           Total Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Change in Net Position         (717,748)	Indirect Costs	532,389
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Federal Reimbursements 5,058,037 State Reimbursements 38,613 Federal Commodities 454,802 Interest Earned on Investments 37,765  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 5,589,217  Loss Before Transfers (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds: General Fund 215,721 State Public School Fund 52,005  Total Transfers From Other Funds (717,748)  Change in Net Position (717,748)	Total Operating Expenses	8,139,605
Federal Reimbursements State Reimbursements State Reimbursements 38,613 Federal Commodities 454,802 Interest Earned on Investments 37,765  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 5,589,217  Loss Before Transfers (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds: General Fund State Public School Fund 52,005  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position (717,748)	Operating Loss	(6,574,691)
State Reimbursements Federal Commodities Interest Earned on Investments  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)  Loss Before Transfers  (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds: General Fund State Public School Fund  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  (717,748)		
State Reimbursements Federal Commodities Interest Earned on Investments  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)  Loss Before Transfers  (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds: General Fund State Public School Fund  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  (717,748)	Federal Reimbursements	5.058.037
Federal Commodities Interest Earned on Investments  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)  Loss Before Transfers  (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds: General Fund State Public School Fund  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  (717,748)	State Reimbursements	
Interest Earned on Investments  Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)  Loss Before Transfers  (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds:  General Fund State Public School Fund  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  (717,748)	Federal Commodities	-
Loss Before Transfers (985,474)  Transfers From Other Funds:  General Fund 215,721  State Public School Fund 52,005  Total Transfers From Other Funds 267,726  Change in Net Position (717,748)	Interest Earned on Investments	
Transfers From Other Funds:  General Fund State Public School Fund  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  (717,748)	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	5,589,217
General Fund State Public School Fund  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  215,721 52,005 267,726  (717,748)	Loss Before Transfers	(985,474)
State Public School Fund  52,005  Total Transfers From Other Funds  Change in Net Position  (717,748)	Transfers From Other Funds:	
State Public School Fund 52,005 Total Transfers From Other Funds 267,726 Change in Net Position (717,748)	General Fund	215 721
Total Transfers From Other Funds 267,726  Change in Net Position (717,748)	State Public School Fund	
Change in Net Position (717,748)	Total Transfers From Other Funds	
The INCOME BY A STATE OF THE ST	Change in Net Position	
(5,616,655)	Total Net Position - Beginning of Year, Previously Reported	,
Total Net Position - End of Year \$ (4,564,598)		

Exhibit 8 (Page 1 of 2)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash Received From Customers         \$ 1,585,514           Cash Paid For Goods and Services         (3,378,403)           Cash Paid to Employees For Services         (4,300,676)           Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities         (6,093,565)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         37,765           Interest Earned on Investments         37,765           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         38,613           Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,364,376           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         7(702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ 4,165,107           Reconcillation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         \$ 4,165,107           Reconcillation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         \$ (6,574,691)           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash         \$ (6,574,691)           Used by Operating Activities:         \$ (6,574,691)           Depreciation         104,216           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)	Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Paid to Employees For Services         (4,300,676)           Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities         (6,093,565)           Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         37,765           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         38,613           Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,058,037           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         4,165,107           Reconcillation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         4,165,107           Reconcillation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         4,165,107           Reconcil Commodities Received         454,802           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         1,429           (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability         266,364           (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension         769           Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OP		\$ 1,585,514
Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities:         (6,093,565)           Cash Flows from Investinents         37,765           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         5,058,037           State Reimbursements         33,613           Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,364,376           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         4,867,455           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$ 4,165,107           Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         Used by Operating Activities:           Operating Loss         \$ (6,574,691)           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash         104,216           Donated Commodities Received         454,802           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         1,429           (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension <td< td=""><td></td><td>(3,378,403)</td></td<>		(3,378,403)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:         37,765           Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:         5,058,037           Federal Reimbursements         38,613           State Reimbursements         38,613           State Reimbursements         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,364,376           Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         4,867,455           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         4,165,107           Reconcillation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         Used by Operating Activities:           Operating Loss         \$ (6,574,691)           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash         104,216           Used by Operating Activities:         104,216           Depreciation         104,216           Donated Commodities Received         454,802           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         266,364           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         266,364 <t< td=""><td>Cash Paid to Employees For Services</td><td>(4,300,676)</td></t<>	Cash Paid to Employees For Services	(4,300,676)
Interest Earned on Investments   37,765	Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities	(6,093,565)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:   Federal Reimbursements   5,058,037     State Reimbursements   38,613     Transfers From Other Funds   267,726     Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities   5,364,376     Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:   (10,924)     Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities   (10,924)     Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents   (702,348)     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   4,867,455     Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year   4,165,107     Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash   Used by Operating Activities:   (10,924)     Operating Activities:   (10,924)     Operating Loss   (6,574,691)     Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash   (10,924)     Used by Operating Activities:   (10,924)     Operating Decrease in Accounts Receivable   (10,924)     Operating Decrease in Net OPEB Asset   (2,009)     Operating Commodities Received   (10,924)     Operating Decrease in Net OPEB Asset   (2,009)     Operating Decrease in Net OPEB Liability   (15,510)     Operating Decrease in Net OPEB Liability   (16,364)     Operating Decrease in Net OPEB Liability   (16,364)     Operating Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension   (10,924)     Operating Decrease in Deferred Inflows - OPEB   (206,000)     Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB   (390,359)     Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB   (390,359)     Increase (Decrease) in Operating Decrease in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (3,828)     Increase (D		
Federal Reimbursements         38,613           State Reimbursements         38,613           Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,364,376           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (702,348)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         \$ 4,165,107           Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash           Used by Operating Loss to Net Cash           Used by Operating Activities:           Operating Loss           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash           Used by Operating Activities:           Depreciation         104,216           Depreciation         104,216           Operating Activities:           Operating Activities:           Operating Decrease in Accounts Receivable         (36,943)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         (75,510)           (Dec	Interest Earned on Investments	37,765
Federal Reimbursements         38,613           State Reimbursements         38,613           Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,364,376           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (702,348)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         \$ 4,165,107           Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash           Used by Operating Loss to Net Cash           Used by Operating Activities:           Operating Loss           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash           Used by Operating Activities:           Depreciation         104,216           Depreciation         104,216           Operating Activities:           Operating Activities:           Operating Decrease in Accounts Receivable         (36,943)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         (75,510)           (Dec	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
State Reimbursements         38,613           Transfers From Other Funds         267,726           Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities         5,364,376           Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:         (10,924)           Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities         (10,924)           Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents         (702,348)           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         4,867,455           Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year         \$4,165,107           Reconcilitation of Operating Loss to Net Cash         Used by Operating Activities:           Operating Loss         \$ (6,574,691)           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash         104,216           Used by Operating Activities:         104,216           Depreciation         104,216           Donated Commodities Received         454,802           (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable         (36,943)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset         (2,009)           (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability         1,429           (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability         266,364           (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension         309,309	Federal Reimbursements	5,058,037
Transfers From Other Funds  Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:  Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:  Acquisition of Capital Assets  Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities  Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset  (Loope)  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability  (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Outflows - OPEB  Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB  Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB  Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Naccounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities  (10,000)  Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Lorented Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Lorented R		
Acquisition of Capital Assets (10,924)  Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (10,924)  Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (702,348) Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 4,867,455  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$4,165,107  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Depreciation 104,216 Donated Commodities Received 454,802 (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (10,694) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability (75,510) (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (1,429) (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension (10,600) Increase (Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (206,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension 769 Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues 57,543 Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues 57,543 Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (	Transfers From Other Funds	
Acquisition of Capital Assets  Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities  (10,924)  Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (1,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (200,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (382,83) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities	Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	5,364,376
Acquisition of Capital Assets  Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities  (10,924)  Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (1,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (200,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (382,83) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Unwearned Revenues (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accued Liabilities	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation Donated Commodities Received (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	Acquisition of Capital Assets	(10,924)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation Donated Commodities Received Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (300,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (300,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (300,359)	Net Cash Flows (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(10,924)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year  Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (2,009) (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (481,126)	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(702.348)
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation Donated Commodities Received (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (206,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  (481,126)	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	
Used by Operating Loss Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation Donated Commodities Received (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (206,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (481,126)	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 4,165,107
Operating Loss  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) in Umearned Revenues (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Decrease Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) Incr		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash  Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease Increase (Decrease) Increase (Decr		
Used by Operating Activities:  Depreciation  Donated Commodities Received  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset  (Increase) Decrease in Inventory  (Increase) Decrease in Inventory  (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability  (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability  (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB  (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB  (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities  (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities  (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities  (Increase) Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) In Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) In Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) Incr		\$ (6,574,691)
Depreciation Donated Commodities Received (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Donated Commodities Received  (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset  (Increase) Decrease in Inventory  (Increase) Decrease in Inventory  (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Liability  (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability  (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Liability  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB  (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension  Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB  (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities  (Increase) Decrease) in Unwarned Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Unwarned Revenues  Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  (Increase) Decrease (Decrease) Increase (Dec		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Decrease) in Umearned Revenues (Increase) Decrease) in Umearned Revenues (Increase) Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Decrease) Increase (Increase)		
(Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Asset (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) In Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Increase) Increase (Decrease) In Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Increase (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) In Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Increase (Decrease) Increase		
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  (75,510) (		•
(Decrease) Increase in Net Pension Liability (Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (206,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  481,126		
(Decrease) Increase in Net OPEB Liability (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (Increase) In Deferred Inflows - Pension (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues (Increase) Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Increase (Decrease) Increase (Decrease) In Accrued Vacation Pay (Increase) Increase (Decrease) Increase (De		
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB (206,000) Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB (390,359) Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  481,126		
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  (206,000) (390,359) (3,828) (3,828) (1,352) (1,3		•
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  769 (390,359) (3,828) 1,352	(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPER	
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - OPEB Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  (390,359) (3,828) 1,352  Total Adjustments  481,126	Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows - Pension	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (3,828) Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues 57,543 Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay 1,352  Total Adjustments 481,126		
Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Adjustments  481,126		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Vacation Pay  1,352  Total Adjustments  481,126	Increase (Decrease) in Umearned Revenues	
Total Adjustments 481,126		
NACO MILITARY	Total Adjustments	<del></del>
Ψ (0,073,303)	Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (6,093,565)

Exhibit 8 (Page 2 of 2)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$454,802 during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue. The Fund recorded the consumption of \$603,198 worth of donated commodities during the fiscal year as an operating expense.

The State Public School Fund and the General Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$52,005 and \$215,721, respectively, to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected by a transfer in and an operating expense in Exhibit 7.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Randolph County School System conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Randolph County School System (System) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Randolph County, North Carolina. The System is governed by an elected seven-member board. The System receives local, State and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding source entity. However, the System has discretion regarding the use of appropriations from Randolph County; accordingly, the System is not considered fiscally dependent on Randolph County.

The Randolph County School System provides public education to the children of Randolph County not living within the boundaries of the Asheboro City Local Education Agency. The educational services were provided during the year through eighteen elementary schools, six middle schools, six high schools and one early college high school. Randolph County levies, on behalf of the Randolph County School System, a special property tax levy at the rate of 9.22 cents per \$100 valuation of certain property (Trinity-Archdale District) subject to ad valorem property taxes.

### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the System. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities on revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the System. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the System and for each function of the System's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the System's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Proprietary fund operating expenses are those transactions which are directly related to the principal activity of the fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Concluded)

The System reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the System. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary fund) and is reported as a capital project fund. It is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Randolph County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of Randolph County bonds issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds, as well as certain State assistance.

The System reports the following major enterprise fund:

School Food Service Fund. The Child Nutrition Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system and is reported as an enterprise fund.

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the System gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The System considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the System funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the System's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. BUDGETARY DATA

The System's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the Individual Schools Special Revenue Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No annual budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all of the System's annually budgeted funds. The superintendent is authorized by the governing board to transfer appropriations between functions of the same fund up to \$1,000. Such transfers must be reported to the governing board at its next regular meeting. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or exceed \$1,000 must be approved by the governing board prior to any expenditures being made. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. Amendments, which alter the county appropriation or transfer monies to or from the Capital Projects Fund also, require the approval of the Randolph County Board of Commissioners. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the majority of which was due to the receipt of certain grant revenues from the state of North Carolina. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

# E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the System are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The System may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina.

Also, the System may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The System also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the System to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining a AAAm rating from S&P. The NCCMT Term Portfolio is a bond fund, has no rating and has a duration of .11 years. The North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. The STIF consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

Randolph County School System's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. However, the System did not hold any such investments during the year. The System's money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost.

### ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY (Continued)

### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All of the System's cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### 3. Inventories

The inventories of the System are valued at cost and the System uses the weighted average method in determining cost. The inventories of the System's General Fund and Special Revenue Fund consist of expendable materials and supplies which are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reserved.

Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

### 4. Capital Assets

The System's capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are listed at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

It is the policy of the System to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of one or more years. In addition, other items that are purchased and used in large quantities such as student desks and furniture are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Randolph County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the System. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the System give the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title of the property back to the System once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Equipment in the business-type activities of the System is depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rate per year:

Furniture and Equipment 8.3% Computer Equipment 20.0%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY (Continued)

#### 4. Capital Assets (Concluded)

Capital assets used in the governmental activities of the System are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings25-50 yearsFurniture and Equipment5-20 yearsComputer Equipment5 yearsVehicles6 years

### 5. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The System has several items that meet this criterion - pension and OPEB related deferrals and contributions made to the related plans subsequent to the measurement date. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The System has several items that meet this criterion - property taxes receivable, sales tax receivable and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

### 7. Compensated Absences

The System follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. The System's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2020, is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. The current portion was estimated based on leave used during the current year.

The sick leave policy of the System provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the System has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

### 8. Net Position / Fund Balances

Net Position.

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY (Continued)

### 8. Net Position / Fund Balances (Continued)

Fund Balance.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the yearend fund balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid Assets - portion of fund balance not available for appropriation because it represents a deferred charge which is not an expendable, available resource.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for School Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital Outlay [G.S. 159-18 through 22].

Restricted for Individual Schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fundraising activities for which they were collected.

Restricted for Trinity-Archdale Tax District - portion of fund balance restricted for use in the Trinity-Archdale school district.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Randolph County School System's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires a majority vote by quorum by the governing body in the form of a resolution.

Assigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance assigned by majority vote of the governing body that the Randolph County School System intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed fund balance. The governing body approves the appropriation.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- E. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND EQUITY (Concluded)
  - 8. Net Position / Fund Balances (Concluded)

Fund Balance (Concluded).

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

### 9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and OPEB Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of NC (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The System's employer contributions are recognized when due and the System has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### F. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position. The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of (\$118,065,884) consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column)  Less Accumulated Depreciation  Net Capital Assets	\$ 269,719,545 ( 121,404,595) 148,314,950	
Net OPEB Asset Pension related deferred outflows of resources Contributions made to pension plan in current fiscal year Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Contributions made to OPEB plan in current fiscal year	219,450 12,479,219 10,739,711 12,052,105 5,440,239	
Liabilities for revenue unavailable but earned and therefore recorded in the fund statements but not the government-wide statements	156,193	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	( 2,439,458) ( 73,424,627)	
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:  Net OPEB Liability  Net Pension Liability  Compensated Absences  Installment Financing	( 160,322,844) ( 59,618,690) ( 10,158,523) ( 1,503,609)	
Total Adjustment	(\$118,065,884)	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concluded)

### F. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Concluded)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$8,555,303 as follows:

Description		Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$	13,083,045
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(	5,480,815)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the government-wide statement of net position	(	1.664.220)
F vone	(	1,664,322)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements		1,465,779
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities  Contributions to the OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are not included in the statement		10,739,711
of activities		5,440,239
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:		
Pension expense	(	20,190,996)
Net OPEB expense Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not		4,633,223
in the fund statements because they do not use current resources		500,404
Loss on disposal of assets	(	21,534)
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements:		
Increase in deferred inflows – taxes receivable at June 30, 2020		6,075
Increase in deferred inflows – sales tax refund receivable at June 30, 2020  Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the		24,180
government-wide statements		20,314
Total Adjustment	\$	8,555,303

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the System reported expenditures within the Capital Outlay Fund that violated General Statute 115C-441 because they exceeded the amounts appropriated in the budget ordinance by \$2, 284,400. This was due to payables associated with the construction of a new middle school not being recorded at year end. This project is funded from Limited Obligation Bonds issued by Randolph County and reimbursement for the expenditures was received subsequent to year end. Management will monitor the cutoff of payables to ensure recording in the proper period.

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. ASSETS

#### 1. Deposits

All of the System's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the System's agent in the System's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the System, these deposits are considered to be held by the System's agent in the System's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the System or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the System under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The System has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the System had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$12,058,929 and with the State Treasurer of \$0. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer was \$13,736,840 and \$0, respectively. Of these balances, \$587,164 was covered by federal depository insurance; \$0 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer; and \$13,149,676 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

#### 2. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

_	Due From Other Governments	Other
Governmental Activities: General Fund Other Governmental	\$ 228,750	\$ 174,054
Activities	6,955,451	
Total	\$ 7,184,201	\$ 174,054
Business-type Activities: School Food Service	\$ 178,175	\$ 10,289

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### A. ASSETS (Continued)

#### 2. Accounts Receivable (Concluded)

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental Activities:		Description
General Fund	\$ 228,750	Revenue from federal and state sources and sales tax refund from the Department of Revenue
State Public School Fund	4,088,213	Operating funds from DPI and sales tax refund from the Department of Revenue
Capital Outlay Fund	2,508,668	Sales tax refund from the Department of Revenue and construction reimbursements from Randolph County
Federal Grants Fund	358,570	Operating funds from DPI and sales tax refund from the Department of Revenue
Total	\$ 7,184,201	
Business-type Activities:		
School Food Service	\$ 178,175	Revenue from federal sources and sales tax refund from the Department of Revenue

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### HI. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### A. ASSETS (Concluded)

#### 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases	,	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:	_			mercuses	·'	Decreases	_	Datances
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	5,536,989	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,536,989
Construction in Progress		1,181,712	. <u> </u>	10,982,652			J	12,164,364
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		6,718,701		10,982,652				17,701,353
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		221,363,657		283,148		81.080		221,565,725
Furniture and Equipment		7,314,681		293,684		147,719		7,460,646
Computer Equipment		1,683,749		275,004		347,485		
Vehicles		19,872,075		1,842,162		58,680		1,336,264 21,655,557
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	250,234,162		2,418,994		634,964		252,018,192
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						·-		
Buildings		94,271,576		4,206,548		81,080		00.307.014
Furniture and Equipment		5,064,749		267,228		126,185		98,397,044
Computer Equipment		1,420,594		41,000		-		5,205,792
Vehicles		15,461,690		966,039		28,884		1,432,710
TO . 1.4				900,039		58,680		16,369,049
Total Accumulated Depreciation		116,218,609	\$	5,480,815	\$	294,829		121,404,595
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		134,015,553			•			130,613,597
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net		140,734,254					\$	148,314,950
Depreciation expense was charged to governmental function	ıs as f	ollows:						
Regular Instructional Services				4,365,907				
Technology Support Services				18,913				
Operational Support Services				1,091,821				
Policy, Leadership & Public Relations Support Ser	vices			4,174				
			\$	5,480,815				
Business-type Activities:			<u> </u>	-,,				
Equipment	\$	4,030,580	•	10.004	_			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	Đ	4,030,580 3,692,522	\$	10,924	\$	35,526	\$	4,005,978
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	338,058	t	104,210	<u> </u>	35,526		3,761,212 244,766
Construction Commitments:		,						244,700

#### Construction Commitments:

The System has entered into contract commitments, as of June 30, 2020, for architectural costs & construction costs associated with the construction of the new Trinity Middle School. At year-end, the System's commitments are as follows:

<u>.</u> .		Remaining
Project	Spent-to-date	Commitment
Trinity Middle School	\$ 12,030,279	\$ 24,264,104

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### B. LIABILITIES

- 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations
  - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System.

Plan Description. The Randolph County School System, is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consist of thirteen members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454 or at <a href="https://www.osc.nc.gov">www.osc.nc.gov</a>.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. System employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The System's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 is 12.97% of annual covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### B. LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued).

Contributions (Concluded). contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. The System's contributions to TSERS for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$11,093,674.

Refunds of Contributions. System employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By State law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2020, the System reported a liability of \$61,737,294 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The System's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the System's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, the System's proportion was .62% and .64%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the System recognized pension expense of \$20,856,456. At June 30, 2020, the System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ferred Outflows of Resources		eferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 5,164,254 6,578,854	\$	124,202 - 0 -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences	1,183,417		- 0 -
between System contributions and proportionate share of contributions System contributions subsequent to the	- 0 -		2,448,395
measurement date Total	 11,093,674 24,020,199	<u> </u>	- 0 - 2,572,597

The \$11,093,674 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from System contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued).

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued).

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 7,934,789
2022	1,364,518
2023	640,739
2024	413,802
2025	w w
Thereafter	
	\$ 10,353,928

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e.general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the forgoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Continued).

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued).

Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded).

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7,0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
System's proportionate share			(0,0,0)
of net pension liability (asset)	\$117,503,260	\$ 61,737,294	\$ 14,956,771

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### B. LIABILITIES (Continued)

- 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
  - a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (Concluded).

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded).

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### b. Other Post-employment Benefits

#### Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of thirteen members; eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent, and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan. The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at <a href="https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports">https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports</a>.

Benefits Provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

#### Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Concluded). more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partial contributory basis. For future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21(c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the System contributed 6.47% of covered payroll which amounted to \$5,534,007.

At June 30, 2020, the System reported a liability of \$165,982,005 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The System's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the System's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the System's proportion was .5530%.

The \$5,534,007 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from System contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

Contributions (Concluded).

Year Ending June 30	
2022	\$ 18,452,861
2022	18,452,861
2023	18,436,881
2024	7,866,321
2025	609,613
Thereafter	
	\$ 63,818,537

Actuarial Assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including 3.50%
	inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of OPEB plan
	investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate - medical	5.00 - 6.50 percent
Healthcare cost trend rate - prescription drug	5.00 - 9.50 percent
Healthcare cost trend rate - Medicare advantage	5.00 - 6.50 percent
Healthcare cost trend rate - administrative	3.00 percent

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF was 3.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 3.50% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.50%)	Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Increase (4,50%)
System's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$197,245,221	\$165,982,005	\$140,947,249

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

#### Healthcare Benefits (Concluded)

Sensitivity of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates. The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (Medical- 4.0 - 5.5%; Pharmacy- 4.0 - 8.5%; Medicare Advantage-4.0 - 5.5%; Administrative- 2.0%)	Healthcare Trend Rates (Medical- 5.0 - 6.5%; Pharmacy- 5.0 - 7.25%; Medicare Advantage-4.0 - 5.0%; Administrative- 3.0%)	1% Increase (Medical- 6.0 - 7.5%; Pharmacy- 6.0 - 8.25%; Medicare Advantage-5.0 - 6.0%; Administrative-
System's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$136,672,647	\$165,982,005	4.0%) \$204,516,471

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### Disability Benefits

Plan Description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of thirteen members; eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent, and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's CAFR, which can be found at <a href="https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports">https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports</a>.

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

#### Disability Benefits (Concluded)

Benefits Provided (Concluded). salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the State fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, employers make a statutory contribution of .10% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. System contributions to the plan were \$85,533 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

At June 30, 2020, the System reported an asset of \$227,375 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset/liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB asset/liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. The total OPEB asset/liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The System's proportion of the net OPEB asset/liability was based on a projection of the System's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the System's proportion was .5478%.

The \$85,533 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from System contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2021	\$	95,281
2022	•	68,519
2023		50,893
2024		32,966
2025		44,383
Thereafter		4,460
	_\$	296,502

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Continued)
  - 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Continued)
    - b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued).

Actuarial Assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10 percent, including 3.50%
	inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.75 percent, net of OPEB plan
	investment expense, including inflation

Sensitivity of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.75%)	Discount Rate (3.75%)	1% Increase (4.75%)
System's proportionate share of net OPEB asset	\$ 192,581	\$ 227,375	\$ 261,184

Common Actuarial Assumptions for Both OPEB Plans. The total OPEB asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was calculated through the use of update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized. The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements. The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation and by adding expected inflations. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### B. LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 1. Pension Plan and Other Post-employment Obligations (Concluded)

#### b. Other Post-employment Benefits (Concluded)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Concluded).

Asset Class	Target Allegation	Long-Term Expected
<del></del>	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

Total OPEB Expense, OPEB Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPPD 5	RHBF	DIPNC	Total
OPEB Expense	(\$ 5,004,702)	\$ 218,777	(\$ 4,785,925)
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$165,982,005	(\$ 227,375)	\$165,754,630
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	.52460%	.55269%	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Differences Between Expected & Actual			
Experience	\$ -0-	\$ 232,280	\$ 232,280
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 7,977,877	\$ 25,188	\$ 8,003,065
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual	Ψ 1,211,011	Ψ 23,100	φ 6,005,005
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$ 110,531	\$ 43,309	\$ 153,840
Changes in Proportion & Differences Between	Ψ 110,551	φ <del>4</del> 3,309	\$ 153,840
Contributions & Proportionate Share of Contributions	\$ 4,060,719	¢ 21.720	<b>ድ 4 ሰ</b> 00 440
System Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		\$ 21,730	\$ 4,082,449
by commoditions buosequent to the Measurement Date	\$ 5,534,007	\$ 85,533	\$ 5,619,540
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Differences Between Expected & Actual			
Experience	\$ 8,367,584	\$ -0-	\$ 8,367,584
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 49,901,464	\$ 23,328	
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual	Ψ 77,701,404	\$ 23,320	\$ 49,924,792
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$ -0-	Φ Δ	Φ 0
Changes in Proportion & Differences Between	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Contributions & Proportionate Share of Contribution	ф 1 <b>=</b> соо ст		
Contributions & Proportionate Share of Contributions	\$ 17,698,616	\$ 2,678	\$ 17,701,294

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### B. LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries	Benefits
Governmental Activities: General Fund Other Governmental Activities	\$ 509,041 1,948,156	\$ 104,288 3,416,148	\$ 27,558 912,939
Total	\$ 2,457,197	\$3,520,436	\$ 940,497

#### 3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balance in deferred outflows/inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows
D'M	Resources	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,396,534	\$ 8,491,786
Changes of assumptions	14,581,919	49,924,792
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	,	<b>,</b> , <b>,</b> - <b>-</b>
on pension plan investments	1,337,257	- 0 -
Changes in proportion and differences between	-, ,	v
system contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	4,082,449	20,149,689
Taxes receivable - Unavailable revenue (General	1,002,149	20,149,009
Fund)	- 0 -	20.407
Sales tax receivable - Unavailable revenue (Special	- 0 -	38,497
Revenue funds)	•	115 606
System contributions subsequent to the measurement	- 0 -	117,696
date		
	16,713,214	- 0 -
Total	\$ 42,111,373	\$ 78,722,460

#### 4. Risk Management

The System is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The System participates in the North Carolina School Boards Trust (the Trust), a member funded risk management program administered by the North Carolina School Boards Association. Through the Trust, the System maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Trust has an annual aggregate limit for general liability of \$2,550,000 and an annual aggregate limit of \$2,550,000 for errors and omissions. The Trust is reinsured through commercial companies for losses in excess of \$150,000 per claim for errors and omissions and general liability. Statutory workers' compensation coverage is purchased through private insurers. Coverage is provided to the extent employees are paid from Federal or local funds. The State of North Carolina provides workers' compensation through a self-insured fund for employees to the extent they are paid from State funds.

The System also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, insuring the tangible property assets of the System. Coverage is provided on an "all risk" perils contract. Buildings and

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

#### B. LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 4. Risk Management (Concluded)

contents are insured on a replacement cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on flood, earthquake, business interruption and extra expense. \$10 million per occurrence is provided on increased cost of construction.

The System does not carry flood insurance because the area has not been designated an "A" area by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

The System also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the System are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The System pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the System's employees who have custody of the System's monies at any given time of the System's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and deputy finance officer are bonded for \$100,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

The System carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 5. Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2020, the System was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the System's management and the System's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the System's financial position.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

#### a. Installment Purchase

The System is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through a special third party financing arrangement by Banc of America Public Capital Corp. at total payments less than the purchase price. In the year ended June 30, 2020, the System entered into direct placement installment purchase contracts to finance the purchase of school buses. The buses are pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. All financing contracts require only principal payments of \$84,238, \$21,901, \$145,178, \$21,160, \$131,623, \$43,608, 391,827 and \$24,253, due at the beginning of each contract year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

- B. LIABILITIES (Concluded)
  - 6. Long-Term Obligations (Concluded)
    - a. Installment Purchase (Concluded)

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental
	Activities
Year Ending June 30	Principal
2021	\$ 888,043
2022	615,565
	\$ 1,503,608

#### b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the System's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Governmental <u>Activities</u> Direct Placement:	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020	Current Portion
Installment Purchase Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Compensated Absences Total	\$ 1,305,066	\$ 1,664,322	\$ 1,465,780	\$ 1,503,608	\$ 888,043
	59,401,493	217,197	- 0 -	59,618,690	- 0 -
	152,152,311	8,170,533	- 0 -	160,322,844	- 0 -
	10,658,927	3,928,857	4,429,260	10,158,524	4,429,260
	\$223,517,797	\$13,980,909	\$ 5,895,040	\$ 231,603,666	\$5,317,303
Business-type Activities Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Compensated Absences	\$ 2,117,174	\$ 1,430	\$ -0-	\$ 2,118,604	\$ -0-
	5,392,797	266,364	-0-	5,659,161	-0-
	76,325	196,071	194,719	77,677	77,677
	\$ 7,586,296	\$ 463,865	\$ 194,719	\$ 7,855,442	\$ 77,677

Compensated absences are typically liquidated by the general and other governmental funds.

#### C. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

#### 1. Transfers To / From Other Funds

Transfers to / from other funds at June 30, 2020, consists of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs.

From the General Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs.

\$ 52,005
215,721
\$ 267,726

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

#### III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Concluded)

#### C. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY (Concluded).

#### 2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Receivable			
Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund:	 	_
	Amounts remitted to Capital Outlay Fund in error.	\$ 33,143	

#### D. FUND BALANCE.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance – General Fund	\$ 8,169,263
Less:	
Prepaid Assets	2,018,662
Inventories	499,362
Stabilization by State Statute	435,947
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2021 budget	- 0 <b>-</b>
Remaining Fund balance	\$ 5,215,292

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Enc	umbrances
General Fund	Non-major Funds
\$ -0-	\$ -0-

#### IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The System has received proceeds from several Federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Fines, Forfeitures and Supplemental School Tax

Due to a State Supreme Court ruling, Randolph County School System may be required to disburse additional funds to various charter schools in its vicinity. These payments represent a portion of the fines and forfeitures and supplemental school tax revenue that the Randolph County School System has received over the past three years. If requested to do so by a charter school with at least one enrolled student from Randolph County, the Randolph County School System must make these payments to the charter schools during the upcoming fiscal year.

#### V. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The board of trustees of Randolph County Community College is comprised of thirteen members. The Board of Education of Randolph County appoints two trustees, the Asheboro City Board of Education appoints two trustees, the board of county commissioners appoints four trustees, the governor appoints four trustees, and the president of the student body is an ex officio non-voting member of the board.

#### Required Supplemental Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Position Liability for Teacher's and State Employees' Retirement System.
- Schedule of Contributions to Teacher's and State Employees' Retirement System.
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability for Retiree Health Benefit Fund
- Schedule of Contributions to Retiree Health Benefit Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset for Disability Income Plan Of North Carolina
- Schedule of Contributions to Disability Income Plan of North Carolina

### SCHEDULE OF THE SYSTEM'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
System's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) System's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) System's covered payroll System's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.62%	0.62%	0.64%	0.64%	0.64%	0.66%	0.66%
	\$ 61,737,294	\$ 61,518,667	\$ 50,433,680	\$ 59,327,190	\$ 23,705,397	\$ 7,720,389	\$ 39,838,027
	\$ 88,218,985	\$ 86,990,242	\$ 86,271,669	\$ 83,439,964	\$ 85,290,182	\$ 83,593,947	\$ 84,755,940
as a percentage of its covered payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.98%	70.72%	58.46%	71.10%	27.79%	9.24%	47.00%
	92.01%	91.89%	89.51%	87.32%	94.64%	98.24%	90.60%

Notes to the schedule:

#### SCHEDULE OF THE SYSTEM'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 11,093,674	\$ 10,842,113	\$ 9,377,548	\$ 8,609,912	\$ 7,634,755	\$ 7,804,051	\$ 7,264,314
	11,093,674	10,842,113	9,377,548	8,609,912	7,634,755	7,804,051	7,264,314
	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
System's covered payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 85,533,338	\$ 88,218,985	\$ 86,990,242	\$ 86,271,669	\$ 83,439,964	\$ 85,290,182	\$ 83,593,947
	12.97%	12.29%	10.78%	9.98%	9.15%	9.15%	8.69%

Notes to the schedule:

### SCHEDULE OF THE SYSTEM'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Four Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
System's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) System's covered payroll System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.5246%	0.5530%	0.5771%	0.5574%
	\$ 165,982,005	\$ 157,545,108	\$ 189,232,270	\$ 242,490,987
	\$ 88,218,985	\$ 86,990,242	\$ 86,271,669	\$ 83,439,964
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	188.15%	181.11%	219.34%	290.62%
	4.40%	3.52%	3.52%	2.41%

Notes to the schedule:

#### SCHEDULE OF THE SYSTEM'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Four Fiscal Years

	 2020		2019	_	2018		2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$  5,534,007 5,534,007	\$ _ <b>\$</b>	5,531,330 5,262,910 268,420	\$ 	5,262,910 5,262,910	\$ \$	5,193,555 5,193,555
System's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 85,533,338 6.47%	\$	88,218,985 5.97%	\$	86,990,242 6.05%	\$	86,271,669 6.02%

#### Notes to the schedule:

### SCHEDULE OF THE SYSTEM'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

#### OF THE NET OPEB ASSET

Disability Income Plan of North Carolina Last Four Fiscal Years

		2020		2019		2018		2017
System's proportion of the net OPEB asset System's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset System's covered payroll System's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ \$	0.5269% 227,375 88,218,985	\$ \$	0.5478% 166,385 86,990,242	\$ \$	0.5634% 344,368 86,271,669	\$ \$	0.5574% 358,621 83,439,964
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset		0.26% 116.47%		0.19% 116.37%		0.40% 116.23%		0.43% 116.06%

#### Notes to the schedule:

#### SCHEDULE OF THE SYSTEM'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Disability Income Plan of North Carolina Last Four Fiscal Years

	 2020	 2019		2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$  85,533 85,533	\$  123,506 123,506	\$ \$	121,786 121,786	\$  327,833 327,833
System's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 85,533,338 0.10%	\$ 88,218,985 0.14%	\$	86,990,242 0.14%	\$ 86,271,669 0.38%

#### Notes to the schedule:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed when it becomes available.

This page intentionally left blank.

**Individual Statements and Schedules** 

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the principal operating fund for the Board of Education of Randolph County mandated by State law as the Local Current Expense Fund. It includes transactions for the Trinity-Archdale School District Tax.

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

			2020	
	I	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina: Outreach Program Other	\$	515,000	\$ 620,463	\$ 105,463
Total State of North Carolina		740,000	 781,444	 41,444
Randolph County: Appropriations From General Revenues		1,255,000	 1,401,907	 146,907
		0,081,808	 20,081,808	 -
Trinity-Archdale District Supplemental School Taxes		2,290,000	 2,404,813	 114,813
United States Government: ROTC		285,000	 269,867	 (15,133)
Other: Tuition and Fees Fines and Forfeitures Forestation Interest Earned on Investments Interest Earned on Investments - Trinity-Archdale Community Schools Miscellaneous Local Operating Revenues Restricted Local Revenues Indirect Cost Allocated		132,000 1,150,000 2,000 1,300 15,000 205,000 225,000 650,000 2,380,300	 153,514 856,420 9,569 5,862 3,641 8,310 347,767 262,840 670,918 2,318,841	 21,514 (293,580) 9,569 3,862 2,341 (6,690) 142,767 37,840 20,918 (61,459)
Total Revenues		6,292,108	 26,477,236	 185,128
Expenditures: Instructional Services: Regular Instructional: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds			 4,461,542 1,524,915	 103,120
Total Regular Instructional		5,276,110	 5,986,457	 289,653
Special Populations: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds			 762,776 109,072	
Total Special Populations		871,848	 871,848	-
Alternative Programs: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds			1,335,024 195,770	 
Total Alternative Programs	1	,531,519	 1,530,794	725
School Leadership: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds			 975,975 288,544	
Total School Leadership	_\$ 1	,308,720	\$ 1,264,519	\$ 44,201

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Concluded): Instructional Services (Concluded): Co-curricular: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds	\$	\$ 467,893 163,389	\$
Total Co-curricular	631,282	631,282	-
School-based Support: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds		1,144,654 218,010	
Total School-based Support	1,458,249	1,362,664	95,585
Total Instructional Services	12,077,728	11,647,564	430,164
System-wide Support Services: Support and Development	341,965	256,593	85,372
Special Population Support and Development	199,957	195,644	4,313
Alternative Programs and Services Support and Development	157,258	157,258	
Technology Support	686,325	686,325	
Operational Support: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds		7,817,408 12,594	
Total Operational Support	8,491,303	7,830,002	661,301
Financial and Human Resource	1,661,076	1,533,083	127,993
Accountability	179,845	179,845	-
System-wide Pupil Support	232,980	232,980	_
Policy, Leadership and Public Relations	556,505	524,494	32,011
Total System-wide Support Services	12,507,214	11,596,224	910,990
Ancillary Services: Regular School Regular School - Trinity-Archdale District Funds		157,689 10,937	
Total Ancillary Services	180,914	168,626	12,288
Nonprogram Charges: Payments to Charter Schools	1,667,361	1,667,361	
Total Expenditures	26,433,217	25,079,775	1,353,442
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (Forward)	\$ (141,109)	\$ 1,397,461	\$ 1,538,570

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (Brought Forward)	\$ (141,109)	\$ 1,397,461	\$ 1,538,570
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance Recovery Transfer to School Food Service Fund	(215,721)	40,698 (215,721)	40,698
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(215,721)	(175,023)	40,698
Appropriated Fund Balance: Appropriated Fund Balance	356,830	<u> </u>	(356,830)
Total Appropriated Fund Balance	356,830		(356,830)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	1,222,438	\$ 1,222,438
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1 Decrease in Reserve for Inventories		6,941,829 4,996	
End of Year, June 30		\$ 8,169,263	

#### Nonmajor Funds

Special Revenue Funds:

Federal Grants Fund – This fund is used to account for various programs and grants, which the federal government provided, to the local administrative unit.

Individual Schools Fund – The Individual Schools Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the activities of the individual schools.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

		Federal rants Fund	J	Individual Schools	Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
Assets:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,527,138	\$ 1,527,138
Due From Other Governments		358,570		-	 358,570
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	358,570	\$	1,527,138	\$ 1,885,708
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accrued Compensation	\$	263,554	\$	-	\$ 263,554
Accrued Employee Benefits		70,440		-	70,440
Due to Other Funds				<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	-	333,994		<u>-</u>	333,994
Deferred Inflows of Resources		24,576		_	24,576
		2 1,5 7 0		-	 24,370
Fund Balances:					
Restricted:					
Individual Schools		<del></del>		1,527,138	 1,527,138
Total Fund Balances		-		1,527,138	 1,527,138
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances	\$	358,570	\$	1,527,138	\$ 1,885,708
	=				 , , , , , , , , ,

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	Federal Grants Fund	Individual Schools	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
United States Government	f 0.227.100	•	A 0.00# 100
Other	\$ 9,237,199	\$ -	\$ 9,237,199
Otto		4,235,254	4,235,254
Total Revenues	9,237,199	4,235,254	13,472,453
Expenditures:	•		
Current:			
Instructional Programs	8,235,559	4,195,728	12,431,287
Supporting Services	900,612		900,612
Nonprogrammed Charges	101,028		101,028
Total Expenditures	9,237,199	4,195,728	13,432,927
Net Change in Fund Balance		39,526	39,526
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of Year, July 1	<u> </u>	1,487,612	1,487,612
End of Year, June 30	\$ -	\$ 1,527,138	\$ 1,527,138

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$ 14,431,313	\$ 9,237,199	\$ (5,194,114)
14,431,313	9,237,199	(5,194,114)
		-
1 842 400	844.000	000 400
		998,400
* *		442,464
		432,380
155,700	240,677	252,831
2 873	2 673	200
537,255	507,255	30,000
206.641	83 337	123,304
•		1,839,472
		5,466
-		2,400
1,170,625	101,028	1,069,597
14,431,313	9,237,199	5,194,114
\$ -	_	\$ -
-		
	\$ -	
	\$ 14,431,313 14,431,313 1,842,409 3,277,581 4,741,936 499,708 2,873 537,255 206,641 2,139,285 13,000 1,170,625 14,431,313	Budget       Actual         \$ 14,431,313       \$ 9,237,199         14,431,313       9,237,199         1,842,409       844,009         3,277,581       2,835,117         4,741,936       4,309,556         499,708       246,877         2,873       2,673         537,255       507,255         206,641       83,337         2,139,285       299,813         13,000       7,534         1,170,625       101,028         14,431,313       9,237,199         \$       -         -       -

## BOARD OF EDUCATION OF RANDOLPH COUNTY ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

Other Major Fund

Capital Outlay Fund

Capital Outlay Fund – This fund, which is mandated by State law, is used to account for the acquisition, construction, renovation, and replacement of the local administrative unit's fixed assets.

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina: State Appropriations - Buses	\$ 1,465,779	\$ 1,465,779	\$ -
Randolph County:  Appropriations From County Issued  Installment Purchase  Appropriation for Current Capital Outlay	8,600,000 3,025,288	10,982,652 3,025,288	2,382,652
Other:	3,023,200	3,023,200	<del> </del>
Interest Earned on Investments Miscellaneous	103,000	392 120,825 121,217	392 17,825 18,217
Total Revenues	13,194,067	15,594,936	2,400,869
Expenditures: Capital Outlay: Real Property and Buildings: Trinity Middle School Buildings		10,982,652 801,937	
	9,408,000	11,784,589	(2,376,589)
Furniture and Equipment: Equipment	112,267	112,267	-
Buses and Motor Vehicles: Vehicles	1,904,063	1,864,064	39,999
Other Costs and Projects	1,995,521	1,943,331	52,190
Debt Service: Principal	1,465,779	1,465,779	
Total Expenditures	14,885,630	17,170,030	(2,284,400)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,691,563)	(1,575,094)	116,469
Other Financing Sources: Installment Purchase Obligations Issued	1,691,563	1,664,322	(27,241)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	1,691,563	1,664,322	(27,241)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u> </u>	89,228	\$ 89,228
Fund Balance: Beginning of Year, July 1		430,469	
End of Year, June 30	•	\$ 519,697	

# RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

#### Enterprise Fund

School Food Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (NON-GAAP) - SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				2020		
Occupation Decision		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Revenues: Food Sales:						
Paid Student Lunch	\$	1,200,000	\$	779,542	\$	(420,458)
Paid Stident Breakfast	Ψ	85,000	J	61,415	Ð	(23,585)
Reduced Student Lunch		70,000		41,718		(28,282)
Supplemental Sales		1,000,000		669,442		(330,558)
Miscellaneous Sales		8,000		12,797		4,797
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		2,363,000		1,564,914		(798,086)
Operating Expenditures:						
Business Support Services:						
Food Costs:						
Purchase of Food				2,149,250		
Donated Commodities				603,198		
Salaries and Benefits				4,266,312		
Materials and Supplies				296,875		
Repairs and Maintenance				40,562		
Purchased Services				100,607		
Indirect Costs				532,389		
Other				30,986		
Total Business Support Services		9,990,000		8,020,179		1,969,821
Other Support Services:						
Salaries and Benefits		101,000		34,364		66,636
Capital Outlay		150,000		10,924		139,076
Total Operating Expenditures		10,241,000		8,065,467		2,175,533
Operating Income (Loss) (Forward)	\$_	(7,878,000)	\$	(6,500,553)	\$	1,377,447

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - (NON-GAAP) - SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				2020	
		Budget		Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating Income (Loss) (Brought Forward)	_\$	(7,878,000)	_\$	(6,500,553)	\$ 1,377,447
Nonoperating Revenues: Federal Reimbursements State Reimbursements Federal Commodities Interest Earned on Investments		6,000,000 52,000 510,000 30,000		5,058,037 38,613 454,802 37,765	(941,963) (13,387) (55,198) 7,765
Total Nonoperating Revenues		6,592,000		5,589,217	(1,002,783)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources		(1,286,000)		(911,336)	374,664
Other Financing Sources: Transfers From Other Funds: General Fund State Public School Fund		<u>-</u>		215,721 52,005	215,721 52,005
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		_		267,726	267,726
Appropriated Fund Balance		1,286,000	-	-	 (1,286,000)
Revenues and Other Sources Under Expenditures	\$		\$	(643,610)	\$ (643,610)
Reconciliation of Modified Accrual to Full Accrual Basis:				·	
Revenues and Other Sources Under Expenditures			\$	(643,610)	
Reconciling Items:  Depreciation Increase in Net Pension Liability Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension Increase in Deferred Inflows - Pension Increase in OPEB Liability Increase in OPEB Asset Increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPE Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPE Equipment Purchases Increase in Accrued Vacation Pay  Total Reconciling Items	Е <b>В</b> В			(104,216) (1,429) (309,300) (769) (266,364) 2,009 206,000 390,359 10,924 (1,352)	
				(74,138)	
Change in Net Position (Full Accrual)			\$	(717,748)	

This page intentionally left blank.

# RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

This page intentionally left blank.

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE June 30, 2020

	2020			2019	
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:					
Land	\$	5,536,989	\$	5,536,989	
Buildings		221,565,725		221,363,657	
Furniture and Equipment		7,460,646		7,314,681	
Computer Equipment		1,336,264		1,683,749	
Vehicles		21,655,557		19,872,075	
Construction in Progress		12,164,364		1,181,712	
Total Capital Assets		269,719,545		256,952,863	
Investment in Governmental Funds Capital Assets - by Source:					
General Fund	\$	41,326,167	\$	39,579,434	
Special Revenue Funds		26,127,169		26,157,815	
Capital Projects Fund		200,822,724		189,840,073	
Donations		1,443,485		1,375,541	
	_\$_	269,719,545	<u>\$</u>	256,952,863	

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY June 30, 2020

	Land			Buildings		Furniture and Equipment		Computer Equipment	١	/ehicles		nstruction Progress		Total
Administration:														
Central Office	\$ 10	1,622	\$	12,044	\$	154,717	\$	05.005			_			
Maintenance		1,025	Φ	1,357,759	ъ	318,264	3	95,805	\$	-	\$	36,000	\$	400,188
Audio/Visual		1,020		1,557,759		310,204				-		-		1,677,048
Eastern Intervention Center		-		55,884		-		546,695		-		-		546,695
Providence Grove Intervention Center		•				•		-		-		-		55,884
Randleman Intervention Center	,	5,000		150,000		-		-		-		-		150,000
Southwestern Intervention Center	ι.	3,000		60,074		-		-		•		-		75,074
Trinity Intervention Center		-		-		•		•		-		-		-
Warehouse		-		-		-		-		-		-		•
Wateriouse.				862,209		54,301				<u> </u>				916,510
	11	7,647	-	2,497,970		527,282		642,500				36,000		3,821,399
Transportation		<del></del>		1,242,131		162,344		<u> </u>		21,655,557		-		23,060,032
Schools:														
Archdale Elementary	20	0,114		3,973,682		130,761		19,647		_		_		4,144,204
Archdale-Trinity Middle	64	4,800		4,119,340		168,413		23,310		_		•		4,375,863
Braxton Craven	24	7,730		670,439		38,224		13,024		_		_		969.417
Coleridge	4	1,375		5,810,727		108,821		5,236		_		-		5,929,159
Early College High School		_		_		109,875		7,597				•		
Eastern Randolph High	408	3,777		6,432,209		656,722		73,793		_		-		117,472
Farmer	173	3,757		5,248,546		38,137		7,597		-		•		7,571,501
Franklinville		7,505		1,992,299		48,625		7,597		-		-		5,468,037
Gray's Chapel		),561		2,138,900		100,659		5,236		•		•		2,086,026
Hopewell Elementary		7,122		8,708,082		299,477		35,464		-		-		2,285,356
John Lawrence		· _		4,350,139		65,812		8,580		•		-		9,570,145
Level Cross	180	,860		7,437,470		323,297		7,597		-		-		4,424,531
Liberty		,250		2,419,677		53,334		7,597		•		•		7,949,224
New Market		750		4,173,166		124,187		7,597		-		•		2,484,858
Northeast Middle		,098		10,079,052		211,940		14,483		-		-		4,390,700
Providence Grove High School		,404		31,529,689		797,438		59,169		-		-		10,644,573
Ramseur	85	.121		2,939,306		82,352		7,597		_		-		33,299,700
Randleman Elementary		,500		3,565,542		177,565		29,069		-		-		3.114,376
Randleman Middle		774		7,648,042		256,338		7,597		•		•		3,794,676
Randleman High		,450		4,470,861		536,793		66,288		-		-		8,058,751
Seagrove		,580		4,234,332		62,742		14,242		•		•		5,267,392
Southeastern Middle		,639		5,796,327		48,735		14,483		-		-		4,317,896
Southmont Elementary		,905		8,051,098		248,400		7,597		-		-		5,973,184
Southwestern High		,004		6,453,990		377,594		80,505		-		-		8,508,000
Southwestern Middle		,395		8,420,303		66,215		14,483		-		•		6,937,093
Tabernacle		,400		6,957,212		166,351		14,463		-		-		8,577,396
Trindale Elementary		.082		2,512,162		83,364		-		-		-		7,154,963
Trinity Elementary		,160		4,513,484		144,745		7,598		•		-		2.624,608
Trinity High		,607		6,342,937		489,646		7,376		•		-		4,672,987
Trinity Middle		•		-				-		•		3 130 374		6,917,190
Uwharrie Ridge 6 - 12	208	,148		10,627,246		96,430		6,885		-	,	2,128,364		12,128,364
Wheatmore High School	1,140	-		36,209,365		658,028		133,896		-		-		10,938,709
	5,419			17,825,624		6,771,020		693,764		·		2 120 274		38,141,763
	\$ 5,536			21,565,725	<u> </u>	7,460,646	\$	1,336,264				2,128,364		242,838,114
		,,,,,		,-07,125		7,700,040		1,330,204	\$ 2	1,655,557	\$ 1	2,164,364	3	269,719,545

### RANDOLPH COUNTY SCHOOL SYSTEM CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

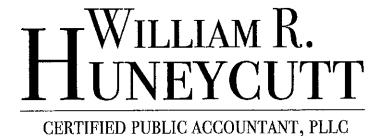
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Fund Capital Assets June 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Governmental Fund Capital Assets June 30, 2020
Administration:				
Central Office	\$ 391,787	\$ -	\$ 27,599	\$ 364,188
Maintenance	1,653,131	56,169	32,252	1,677,048
Audio/Visual	573,785	-	27,090	546,695
Eastern Intervention Center	55,884	-		55,884
Providence Grove Intervention Center	150,000	•	-	150,000
Randleman Intervention Center	75,074	-	-	75,074
Southwestern Intervention Center		-	_	
Trinity Intervention Center	-	-	=	=
Warehouse	916,510	<u> </u>		916,510
	3,816,171	56,169	86,941	3,785,399
Transportation	21,276,550	1,842,162	58,680	23,060,032
Schools:				
Archdale Elementary	4,144,204		_	4,144,204
Archdale-Trinity Middle	4,375,863		_	4,375,863
Braxton Craven	969,417	_	_	969,417
Coleridge	5,929,159	_	_	5,929,159
Early College High School	117,472		_	117,472
Eastern Randolph High	7,520,543	50,958		7,571,501
Farmer	5,471,719		3,682	5,468,037
Franklinville	2,086,026	_	5,002	2,086,026
Gray's Chapel	2,292,954	_	7,598	2,285,356
Hopewell Elementary	9,566,559	15,545	11,959	9,570,145
John Lawrence	4,433,071		8,540	4,424,531
Level Cross	7,985,309	_	36,085	7,949,224
Liberty	2,479,516	5,342	50,005	2,484,858
New Market	4,347,311	52,393	9,004	4,390,700
Northeast Middle	10,540,229	104,344	2,00 <del>1</del>	10,644,573
Providence Grove High School	33,545,866	101,511	246,166	33,299,700
Ramseur	3,124,849		10,473	3,114,376
Randleman Elementary	3,794,676		10,475	3,794,676
Randleman Middle	8,058,751	_	_	8,058,751
Randleman High	5,229,101	38,291	•	5,267,392
Seagrove	4,330,062	30,271	12,166	4,317,896
Southeastern Middle	5,965,888	7,296	12,100	5,973,184
Southmont Elementary	8,508,000	7,270	_	8,508,000
Southwestern High	6,896,256	40,837	_	6,937,093
Southwestern Middle	8,577,396	.0,007	_	8,577,396
Tabernacle	7,162,748	_	7,785	7,154,963
Trindale Elementary	2,624,978	6,461	6,831	2,624,608
Trinity Elementary	4,701,050	-	28,063	4,672,987
Trinity High	6,838,305	78,885	20,003	6,917,190
Trinity Middle	-	. 0,000	<u>-</u>	0,217,130
Uwharrie Ridge 6 - 12	10,928,969	9,740	-	10,938,709
Wheatmore High School	38,132,183	9,580		38,141,763
	230,678,430	419,672	388,352	230,709,750
Construction in Progress	1,181,712	10,982,652		12,164,364
Total Governmental Fund Capital Assets	\$ 256,952,863	\$ 13,300,655	\$ 533,973	\$ 269,719,545

## ASHEBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

### REPORT ON FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

Year Ended June 30, 2020



#### **CONTENTS**

	Page
Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	3 - 4
	J - 4
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal	
Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	5 - 7
	J <del>-</del> /
Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control	
Over Compliance in Accordance With Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	8 - 10
	8 - 10
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	11 - 15
Corrective Action Plan	16
	10
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	17
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	18 - 19
	10 - 17
Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	20



### WILLIAM R. HUNEYCUTT

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PLLC

216 West North Street Albemarle, NC 28001 Phone: (704) 983-5012 Fax: (704) 983-5109 379 South Cox Street Asheboro, NC 27203 Phone: (336) 626-9970 Fax: (336) 626-5981

Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Education of Randolph County Asheboro, North Carolina

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Randolph County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 [not presented here], and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board of Education of Randolph County's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 27, 2021.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board of Education of Randolph County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-1.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

# Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards (Concluded)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Concluded)

My consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. I did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-1 that I consider to be a significant deficiency.

Board of Education of Randolph County's Response to Finding

The Board of Education of Randolph County's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Board of Education's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 27, 2021

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC Asheboro, North Carolina



## WILLIAM R. HUNEYCUTT

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PLLC

216 West North Street Albemarle, NC 28001 Phone: (704) 983-5012 Fax: (704) 983-5109

379 South Cox Street Asheboro, NC 27203 Phone: (336) 626-9970 Fax: (336) 626-5981

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance
With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education of Randolph County Asheboro, North Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the Board of Education of Randolph County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Board of Education of Randolph County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

The Board of Education of Randolph County's management is responsible for compliance with federal and State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Board of Education of Randolph County's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board of Education of Randolph County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination on the Board of Education of Randolph County's compliance with those requirements.

#### Opinions on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, the Board of Education of Randolph County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act (Continued)

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Board of Education of Randolph County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Required by Uniform Guidance

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Randolph County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Board of Education of Randolph County's basic financial statements. I issued my report thereon dated January 27, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on those statements. My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board of Education of Randolph County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act (Concluded)

records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

January 27, 2021

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC Asheboro, North Carolina



## WILLIAM R. HUNEYCUTT

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PLIC

216 West North Street Albemarle, NC 28001 Phone: (704) 983-5012 Fax: (704) 983-5109

379 South Cox Street Asheboro, NC 27203 Phone: (336) 626-9970 Fax: (336) 626-5981

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program;
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance
With Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Education of Randolph County Asheboro, North Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

I have audited the Board of Education of Randolph County, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Board of Education of Randolph County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

The Board of Education of Randolph County's management is responsible for compliance with State statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Board of Education of Randolph County's major state programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Board of Education of Randolph County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination on the Board of Education of Randolph County's compliance with those requirements.

#### Opinions on Each Major State Program

In my opinion, the Board of Education of Randolph County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act (Continued)

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Board of Education of Randolph County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board of Education of Randolph County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing base on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

## Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Required by Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Randolph County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Board of Education of Randolph County's basic financial statements. I issued my report thereon dated January 27, 2021, which contained an unmodified opinion on those statements. My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board of Education of Randolph County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the

# Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With Uniform Guidance; and the State Single Audit Implementation Act (Concluded)

responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

January 27, 2021

William R. Huneycutt, CPA, PLLC
Asheboro, North Carolina

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's re were prepared	eport issued on whether the financial statements audited in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified				
Internal control over	er financial reporting:				
Material weakn	ness(es) identified		yes	X	_ no
	ciency(s) identified that are not e material weaknesses	X	yes		none reporte
Noncompliance ma statements note			yes	X	_ no
Federal Awards					
Internal control ove	r major federal programs:				
Material weakn	ess(es) identified		yes	X	no
Significant defice considered to be	ciency(s) identified that are not e material weaknesses		yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance mat	terial to federal awards		yes	X	no
Type of auditor's re Unmodified	port issued on compliance for major federal programs:				
Any audit findings of accordance with	disclosed that are required to be reported in 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		yes	X	no
Identification of maj	or federal programs:				
CFDA#	Names of Federal Program or Cluster				
10.555, 10.559, 10.582 84.048	10.553,  Child Nutrition Cluster  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	ts to States			
Oollar threshold use Type A and Typ	d to distinguish between				4===
					\$750,000
Auditee qualified as	low-risk auditee?	X	yes		no

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (Concluded)

#### State Awards

State COVID-19 Supplemental Funds

Internal control over major state programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified	yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance material to state awards	yes	X	no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs: Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	X	no
Identification of major state programs:			
Program Name			
State Public School Fund			

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

### Section II. Findings Related to the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Significant Deficiency:

Finding 2020-1: Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

Criteria: Pursuant to the General Statute 115C-441(a); "no obligation may be incurred by a local school administrative unit unless the budget resolution includes an appropriation authorizing the obligation and an unencumbered balance remains in the appropriation sufficient to pay in the current fiscal year the sums obligated by the transaction for the current fiscal year."

Condition: Payables associated with the construction of a new middle school were not recorded in the Capital Outlay Fund.

Effect: This caused expenditures in the Capital Outlay Fund to exceed budgeted amounts by \$2,284,400.

Cause: Error in recording payables at year end.

Recommendation: Management should place a greater focus on monitoring the cutoff of payables at year end.

Management Response: The Randolph County Schools agrees with this finding.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section III. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of Federal Awards

None Reported.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section IV. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Audit of State Awards

None Reported.



2222-C South Fayetteville Street Asheboro, NC 27205 Phone 336.318.6100 Fax 336,318.6155

#### BOARD OF EDUCATION OF RANDOLPH COUNTY randolph.k12.nc.us

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN** For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Finding: 2020-1

Contact Person: Todd Lowe, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: A greater focus will be made to monitor the cutoff of payables at year end.

Proposed Completion Date: 6/30/2021.

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

2019-01:

Status: Corrected.

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Grantor Pass-through Grantor	Federal	State/Pass-through	Total
Program Title	CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants (Concluded):			
Other Federal Assistance:			
U.S. Department of Defense:			
Direct Program:			
ROTC	12.000	PRC 301 5	269,867
Total Federal Assistance		_	15,188,781
State Grants:			
Cash Assistance:			
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
State COVID-19 Supplemental Funds		PRC 154	(00 (00
		PRC 154	633,699
State Public School Fund			99,153,792
Driver Training - SPSF		PRC 012	288,666
School Technology Fund - SPSF		PRC 015	228,889
Career and Technical Education:			220,007
State Months of Employment		PRC 013	5,127,010
Program Support Funds		PRC 014	275,954
Kindergarten Breakfast Program			18,134
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction		-	105,726,144
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:			100,120,144
Passed through the Randolph County			
Partnership for Children:			
NC Pre-Kindergarten Program			781,444
Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services			
		_	781,444
Noncash Assistance:			
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Bus Appropriations		PRC 120	1 445 770
Total State Assistance		1110 120	1,445,778
Total Federal and State Assistance		<del></del>	107,953,366
Pool of and oracle Assistance		\$	123,142,147

# NOTE TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the Board of Education of Randolph County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board of Education of Randolph County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Board of Education of Randolph County.

#### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

Board of Education of Randolph County has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Note 3: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the N.C. Department of Public Instruction and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: School Nutrition program