




# Atoms and Bonding

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Atoms, Bonding, and the Periodic  
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Bonding in Metals



# Elements and Atoms

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Why are elements sometimes called the building blocks of matter?

- Elements are often called the building blocks of matter because all matter is composed of one element or a combination of two or more elements.

# Elements and Atoms

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How did atomic theory develop and change?

- Atomic theory grew as a series of models that developed from experimental evidence. As more evidence was collected, the theory and models were revised.

# Atoms, Bonding, and the Periodic Table

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How is the reactivity of elements related to valence electrons in atoms?

- The number of valence electrons in an atom of an element determines many properties of that element, including the ways in which the atom can bond with other atoms.

# Atoms, Bonding, and the Periodic Table

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What does the periodic table tell you about atoms and the properties of elements?

- As the number of protons (atomic number) increases, the number of electrons also increases. As a result, the properties of the elements change in a regular way across a period.

# Ionic Bonds

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What are ions, and how do they form bonds?

- When an atom loses an electron, it loses a negative charge and becomes a positive ion.
- When an atom gains an electron, it gains a negative charge and becomes a negative ion.

# Ionic Bonds

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How are the formulas and names of ionic compounds written?

- When ionic compounds form, the ions come together in a way that balances out the charges on the ions.
- The chemical formula for the compound reflects this balance.
- For an ionic compound, the name of the positive ion comes first, followed by the name of the negative ion.

# Ionic Bonds

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What are the properties of ionic compounds?

- In general, ionic compounds are hard, brittle crystals that have high melting points.
- When dissolved in water or melted, they conduct electricity.



# Covalent Bonds

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What holds covalently bonded atoms together?

- The force that holds atoms together in a covalent bond is the attraction of each atom's nucleus for the shared pair of electrons.

# Covalent Bonds

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What are the properties of molecular compounds?

- Compared to ionic compounds, molecular compounds generally have lower melting points and boiling points, and they do not conduct electricity when dissolved in water.

# Covalent Bonds

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How does unequal sharing of electrons occur, and how does it affect molecules?

- Atoms of some elements pull more strongly on shared electrons than do atoms of other elements. As a result, the electrons are pulled more toward one atom, causing the bonded atoms to have slight electrical charges.

# Bonding in Metals

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How are metal atoms bonded in solid metal?

- A metal crystal consists of positively charged metal ions embedded in a “sea” of valence electrons.

# Bonding in Metals

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How does metallic bonding result in useful properties of metals?

- The “sea of electrons” model of solid metals explains their ability to conduct heat and electricity, the ease with which they can be made to change shape, and their luster.