



Student/Classroom: _____ Examiner: _____ Assessment Date: _____

Communities: Villages, Towns, and Cities 513

Six Minute Solutions Passage 513

A community is formed when people live together in one place. There are basically three kinds of **(communities)**. There are villages, towns, and cities. **(One)** of the most important differences between **(them)** is their populations.

A village is **(the)** smallest community. Most villages are farming **(communities)**. There might be one or two **(stores)** in a village. A village does **(not)** have a police department or fire **(department)**. It must rely on the closest **(town)** or city for those services. If **(a)** village has its own school, it **(is)** small.

A town is larger than **(a)** village, but not as large as **(a)** city. A town might be a **(suburb)** of a larger city. A town **(may)** have a few thousand people living **(in)** it. It may have a downtown **(with)** a small shopping area. Towns usually **(have)** a small police force and school **(system)** also. Sometimes towns have their own **(hospitals)**.

Cities are the largest kind of **(community)**. They have always been centers of **(activity)**.

Some cities started as centers for **(religion)**. Other cities started as centers of **(government)**.

Cities may be financial centers. They **(can)** also be manufacturing centers. Some cities **(are)** cultural centers. Cities have many more **(people)** than towns. They have more services **(for)** their citizens. Cities have their own **(fire)** and police departments. They have hospitals **(and)** school systems. Cities have many types **(of)** housing available and several shopping areas.

(People) choose to live in villages, towns, **(or)** cities for specific reasons. One reason **(might)** be the types of jobs they **(have)**. Another reason might be the needs **(of)** their families. Still others choose a **(place)** to live based on the services **(available)**. People select to live in the **(community)** that best suits their needs.



Student Name: _____ Classroom: _____ Date: _____

Communities: Villages, Towns, and Cities 513

Six Minute Solutions Passage 513

A community is formed when people live together in one place. There are basically three kinds of **(or, their, communities)**. There are villages, towns, and cities. **(Are, City, One)** of the most important differences between **(them, needs, families)** is their populations.

A village is **(as, the, large)** smallest community. Most villages are farming **(shopping, communities, system)**. There might be one or two **(cities, closest, stores)** in a village. A village does **(not, kind, stores)** have a police department or fire **(rely, department, most)**. It must rely on the closest **(does, always, town)** or city for those services. If **(two, a, usually)** village has its own school, it **(reasons, is, sometimes)** small.

A town is larger than **(departments, a, can)** village, but not as large as **(jobs, a, largest)** city. A town might be a **(suburb, cultural, areas)** of a larger city. A town **(of, may, one)** have a few thousand people living **(not, in, live)** it. It may have a downtown **(three, when, with)** a small shopping area. Towns usually **(have, specific, services)** a small police force and school **(system, a, one)** also. Sometimes towns have their own **(them, larger, hospitals)**.

Cities are the largest kind of **(between, still, community)**. They have always been centers of **(activity, those, that)**. Some cities started as centers for **(religion, they, villages)**. Other cities started as centers of **(department, it, government)**. Cities may be financial centers. They **(financial, can, also)** also be manufacturing centers. Some cities **(than, own, are)** cultural centers. Cities have many more **(thousand, people, place)** than towns. They have more services **(with, for, a)** their citizens. Cities have their own **(fire, community, it)** and police departments. They have hospitals **(and, cities, best)** school systems. Cities have many types **(of, and, may)** housing available and several shopping areas.

(Citizens, Is, People) choose to live in villages, towns, **(town, or, based)** cities for specific reasons. One reason **(select, available, might)** be the types of jobs they **(might, but, have)**. Another reason might be the needs **(fire, the, of)** their families. Still others choose a **(its, force, place)** to live based on the services **(available, other, police)**. People select to live in the **(community, services, has)** that best suits their needs.