Elmore County Public Schools Secondary Problem Solving Team Manual High School

Ensuring Success





Elmore County Purpose Statement

Every Student Empowered



Every Student Succeeds

Mr. Richard Dennis, Superintendent Dr. Jamey McGowin, Secondary Curriculum Director

Problem Solving Team Vision The Problem Solving Team's goal is to provide students and teachers with intervention strategies to increase student achievement.

Problem Solving Team Mission

The Problem Solving Team's mission is to provide instructional support for all students in the general education classroom.

High School RtI/PST Manual

Table of Contents

- I. Core Principles and Characteristics of Tiered Instruction
- II. High School PST Procedures
- III. Appendix A: RtI/PST Forms
- IV. Appendix B: Dyslexia Forms

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aligned with Tier I instruction, and should include more opportunities for modeling, providing examples, corrective feedback, and student practice interventions that are based on the needs of the students needing the intervention and should be implemented with fidelity. Materials and strategies should also be through screening or benchmark assessments and should be monitored regularly. Materials and strategies should be specialized, research or evidence-based and support and usually take place in the general education classroom. Tier II interventions should begin as soon as possible after students have been identified Tier II interventions are designed for students who are not adequately progressing in Tier I instruction. These interventions provide additional attention, focus,

is provided to students needing additional support in the core instruction. Tier II intervention can take place inside or outside of the general education classroom. Remember, Tier II intervention is not a place. It is a service that

Curriculum and Instruction

needs of individual students as determined by assessment data. Tier II instruction for enrichment should contain sufficient depth, breadth, and complexity to increase individual student skills and concept formation. Standards recovery is encouraged at Tier II. Tier II intervention is explicit, systematic, and aligned with Tier I instruction. Instructional interventions are differentiated, scaffolded, and targeted based on the

Teacher can maximize instruction by offering each student more of the following:

- Opportunities for practice and review.
- Opportunities for correction and feedback.
- Time on task, engaged in instruction and practice.
- Drill repetition and/or practice review
- Opportunities for completing tasks in smaller steps.

Tier II instruction has a two-fold purpose:

- To remediate skill or concept deficits of students who are not making adequate academic gains or
- have mild or moderate difficulties in the area of social competence.
- To enrich and enhance the education of students who have demonstrated proficiency in the
- benchmarks of the standards for a given discipline.

Assessment

in Tier II should take place formally in team meetings as well as informally between the general education teacher and interventionist or specialized teacher. an intervention is in place response to the intervention should be monitored regularly (i.e., bi-weekly or weekly). When selecting assessments at the Tier II level the focus should be on identifying the specific skills that need work and how to best meet specific academic or behavioral needs. Discussion of student progress Assessments should be more focused, diagnostic in nature, and should be based on specific skill needs. Results should lead directly to intervention services. Once

Assessment The frequency of assessment should increase in Tier III. There is an extreme sense of urgency; therefore, the response to the intervention should be monitored more frequently. Diagnostic assessments should be given to provide a comprehensive look at the student's strengths and areas of need. Assessments should provide specific information on how to meet the student's instructional needs. Communicating and interpreting progress monitoring data occurs most easily through graphing student progress. The graph serves as a convenient performance record that can be easily understood by teachers, Decisions regarding Tier III intervention services are determined by a problem-solving team and should be based on diagnostic assessments and progress monitoring. Plans should be made by the team to review student progress on a regular basis in order to make timely instructional decisions. When teams are discussing prescriptive interventions at Tier III, they should consider a reasonable target for the student within a specified period of time to implement the intense services. If the student is successful with the intervention and demonstrates sufficient progress the team may consider whether the student is able to move to Tier I or Tier II. If the student does not make sufficient progress in Tier III, the team may consider several options, including referring the student for a special education evaluation. It is imperative that proof is available to confirm that the interventions were implemented with fidelity.
Curriculum and Instruction Tier III interventions are intended for students with significant deficits or underachievement and require the most intensive services available. A decision to move a student to Tier III interventions is determined by a problem-solving team after several documented individualized interventions in Tier II have resulted in limited progress (i.e., achievement gap between student's progress and expected benchmark remains significant). The interventions in Tier III are skill specific and should be delivered by someone highly skilled in that area. The interventions should increase in intensity and require smaller groupings for instruction. The specific nature of the intervention is based on progress monitoring data and/or diagnostic assessment information. These interventions are more likely to occur outside the general education classroom and will require curriculum strategies that focus on accelerating learning.
 Requires analysis of the environmental/instructional conditions and skill deficits. Grouping: Grouping practices involve placing students in groups of two to three according to the skill deficit or one-on-one if needs are severe. Grouping should be flexible, based on student needs. Intensity of instruction is increased by increasing the amount of time provided to the student per day and decreasing the group size.
 Key features: Usually involve interventions that are individually tailored to meet the student's learning needs. Often reserved for more persistent and atypical problems that might not be resolved by standard interventions.
Tier III interventions are designed for students who are not responding to Tier I or II instruction and interventions. These interventions should be provided by a specialized teacher who is highly skilled in the area of weakness. Materials and strategies should be specialized research or evidence-based interventions based on the needs of the students who will receive the intervention. Instruction should include more opportunities for modeling, providing multiple examples and a wider range of examples, corrective feedback, etc. Tier III interventions should be provided by a specialized teacher/counselor or special education teacher who is highly skilled in the particular area of weakness. Tier III interventions usually take place outside the general education classroom (could be before or after school).
Tier III

o Academic issues to PST team o Attendance issues to designated attendance team o Behavior issues to PBS team formative assessments, etc. Progress Monitor (PM) students using Global Scholar, strategy suggested by PST using the MARS form and the PST Plan Form. least 3 weeks. (small group, peer tutoring, individual assistance, etc.) Each school is responsible for determining the best organizational method for their PST subgroups assessments and quarterly averages, go to Tier 2. If the student does not demonstrate success by performing at a mastery level of 65% or higher on classroom Categorize students by area of weakness and submit names to appropriate follow-up teams: Provide PST with evidence and comprehensive progress report for each student referred Attend Grade Level Team meetings and discuss students on MARS form monthly Complete Monitoring At-Risk Students (MARS) form and PST Plan. Implement and document at least one intervention Continue providing differentiated instruction for PST students for at Determine major struggling factor (behavior, attendance, academic level) and document on MARS form Discuss MARS form submitted by teachers Contact parent/guardian with concerns about student. This can be done by letter, email, or phone call. Identify and monitor struggling students and begin gathering/maintaining evidence of academic strugglers. The teacher will provide ALL students with research-based core instruction in whole and small group settings, using Best Practice methods, aligned with CCRS Standards. For struggling students, the PST process should begin within the first 3 The teacher and the GLT have identified struggling students and completed FORM A. weeks. (See PBS Manual for behavior intervention strategies). Actions Actions Actions Tier II: School Wide-Problem Solving Team (PST) Tier I: (Classroom Teacher and Grade Level PST) The Grade Level PST should: The Teacher should: The teacher should: 9 weeks ongoing throughout the weeks and Within first 3 weeks Every three weeks Every three Timeframe Timeframe Timeframe **PST Plan Form B PST Plan Form B** MARS Form A MARS Form A PST Plan Form B MARS Form A **Required Forms Required Forms Required Forms**

High School Problems Solving Team Procedures

T run concurrently	nterventions MUS	Refer student for testing for special education services if the interventions are not successful. PST interventions MUST run concurrently with Special Education Evaluations until eligibility is determined
PST Plan Form B		Re-examine data
MARS Form A	3 week cycles	Continue to monitor student progress
Required Forms	Timeframe	Actions
		THE PST SHOULD:
		Continue to document communication with parents using the MARS form and PST Plan.
		IXL
		Intervention/Kemediation Courses Derformance Series
		Standards Recovery-E2020
		Utilize intervention resources such as:
		Provide prescriptive interventions by the best means available based on the resources within your school.
PST Plan Form B		
MARS Form A	3 week rurles	Focus on at least one research-based intervention strateov and implement the strateov with fidelity
Required Forms	Timeframe	Actions
		After 3 weeks have passed, the teacher will do the following:
		Intensive, one-on-one, sustained, regularly scheduled intervention.
		Tier III: School Wide-Problem Solving Team (PST)
	moved to Tier III.	Vision and hearing screenings will be conducted by school personnel when students are moved to Tier III.
		Tier 3.
		If the student is successful, continue with GradeLevel PST. If the student does not show progress, move to
		and all Tier I and Tier II documentation.
Form C		Maintain an evidence folder/binder (current grades, attendance, graded work, progress monitoring assessments,
Optional Forms		Suggest intervention strategies to be implemented and share with classroom teachers. (examples provided on FORM C)
		intervention strategies to help the student.
PST Plan (Form B)	Weeks	Collaborate with Grade Level Team, PST and/or other stakeholders (student, parent, etc.) for additional
MARS (Form A)	Every three	Review evidence folder as provided by classroom teacher and meet with referring classroom teachers.
Required Forms	Timeframe	Actions
		The School-Wide PST should:
		If the student is successful, continue with Tier II.
		form and PST Plan.
		Continue to communicate with parents and document using the MADS

Appendix A: RtI/PST Forms

- I. Mars Form A
- II. PST Plan Form B
- III. Intervention Strategies Form C
- IV. Parent Letter Form D V & H
- V. Vision Screening Form
- VI. Hearing Screening Form
- VII. PST Transition to Special Education Referral
- VIII. PST Folder/Binder Checklist

Monitoring At-Risk Students Form with SMART Goals SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, & Timely) Goals

Teacher:									
Period	Date	Student Name	Grade	Course	Reason for Failure	SMART Goal	Strategies Used	Parent Contact	Attendance
1st	9/16/18	lma Sample	∞	Algebra I	Incomplete assignments	Ima will successfully complete 85% of her	Small group instruction;	Called father – 9/18/18	3 unexcused absences
						assignments with 70% mastery for the next 3 weeks.	personal goal setting		

PST Plan/Form B

High School PST/RTI DOCUMENTATION FORM PART I: To be completed by Classroom Teacher for referral to Grade Level PST. Student _____ Date ____ Grade _____ Date of Birth ______ Gender: ____ Male ___ Female Ethnicity: _____ Teacher _____ Course Name Current Grade Average _____ Documentation of parental contact made (date and method):

PART II: To be completed by Grade Level PST upon referral.

Other Assessment Data: (PreACT, ACT, benchmark tests):

Parent Contact (date and outcome):

	TIER 2
	Problem Solving Team (PST)
differentiated ADDIT	lence to determine next steps. Monitor Student progress. Tier 2 instruction is explicit, systematic, TONAL small group instruction by the classroom teacher or other personnel that can take place nside/outside the classroom. Duration: 3 week cycle after student is referred.
Beginning Date	
Specific area(s) of difficulty	
Different Strategies	
Outcome	
Teacher Signature	
Ending Date	
differentiated ADDIT	Problem Solving Team (PST) dence to determine next steps. Monitor Student progress. Tier 2 instruction is explicit, systematic, 'IONAL small group instruction by the classroom teacher or other personnel that can take place uside/outside the classroom. Duration: 3 week cycle after student is referred.
Beginning Date	
Specific area(s) of difficulty	
Different Strategies	
Outcome	
Teacher Signature	
Ending Date	

Parent Contact Date and outcome:

Problem Solving Team (PST)			
	next steps. Monitor student progress. Duration: 3 week cycle after PST collaboration meeting		
Beginning Date			
Different strategies			
suggested by PST and			
used by teacher in small			
group setting			
Outcome, including			
documentation			
Teacher Signature			
Ending Date			
Beginning Date			
Different strategies			
suggested by PST and			
used by teacher in small			
group setting			
Outcome, including			
documentation			
Teacher Signature			
Ending Date			
	Step 3 – Problem Solving Team (PST)		
Contir	ue to examine data to determine next steps. Monitor student progress.		
-	Student will be placed in a Tier 3 Intervention Program.		
Date			
Teacher Signature			
Administrator Signature			
	Tier 3		

Tier 3 Intervention program i	Step 4 – Problem Solving Team (PST) Examine data to determine next steps. Monitor student progress every 4 weeks. s a systematic, sustained, intensive, regularly scheduled scientific-based one-on-one instruction in addition to the regular classroom.		
Beginning Date			
Strategies/programs used			
Outcome			
Teacher Signature			
Administrator Signature			
Ending Date			

Parent Contact Date and outcome:

* Most Current Assessment Data:

Reading Score_____Math Score Date Administered: _____ Other Assessment Data:

Form C

SUGGESTED LEARNING INTERVENTION STRATEGIES AND RESOURCES

Teach Fix-Up Strategies	Advance Organizers	After Learning Strategies – See** in Resourc Section
Make A Connection Between Text, Life, Or		
World	Expository Advance Organizers	Graphic Organizers
Make A Prediction	Narrative Advance Organizers	Quadrant Cards
Stop And Think About What You Read	Skimming	Exit Cards
Ask Yourself A Question And Try To Answer It	Graphic Advance Organizers	Graffiti
Reflect In Writing On What You Have Read	Before Learning Strategies- See ** in	Facts In Five
Visualize	Resource Section Semantic Map	Gist
Retell What You Have Read	Corners	Save The Last Word For Me
Reread	Frame Of Reference	Discussion Web
Notice Patterns In Text Structure	ABC Brainstorm	Paired Summarizing
Adjust Reading Rate: Speed Up Or Slow Down	Five Word Prediction	Journal Responses
Reinforcing Effort	Snowball Fight	One-Pager
Feaching About Effort	Table Talk	1-3-6
Keeping Track Of Effort And Achievement	Pre-Reading Plan	Vocabulary Bingo
Providing Recognition	Word Splash	Frayer Model For Vocabulary
Personalizing Recognition	Quick Write	Create Character Map
Pause, Prompt And Praise	Vocabulary Knowledge Rating	Summarizing
Concrete Symbols Of Recognition	Anticipation Guide	······································
Homework (Must Be Monitored)	K-W-L Chart	Fluency
Establish And Communicate Homework Policy	Graphic Organizers	Focused Practice
Clearly Articulate Purpose And Outcome	Jigsaw	Fractured Fairy Tales
Feacher should Provide Students with Feedback	Study Guides	Choral Reading
Practice	Think Aloud Or Modeling	Reading Buddies
Charting Accuracy And Speed	Reciprocal Teaching	Repeated Readings Of A Single Text
Focus On Specific Elements Of A Complex	During Learning Strategies – See ** in	
Skill/Process	Resource Section	Echo Reading
ncrease Conceptual Understanding Of		Model and Practice Expression, Phrasing,
Skill/Process	Chunking The Text	Chunking And Speed
Physical Models	Read, Write, Talk	Vocabulary
Mental Pictures	Margin Notes	Living/Active Word Wall
Drawing Pictures And Pictographs	Marking/Coding The Text	Word Family Charts
Engage In Kinesthetic Activity	Key Words	Word Banks For Writing
Cooperative Learning	Hotrod	Draw A Word
Use Variety Of Criteria For Grouping Students	Jot Chart	Illustrate Vocabulary
nformal, Formal And Base Groups	Insert	Content Vocabulary Definition Chart
Managing Group Size	Mega Listeners	Cloze Passage
	Think-Pair-Share Or Think-Pair-Square	List-Group-Label
Setting Objectives	Magnet Summary	Context Clues
Specific But Flexible Goals	Turn And Talk	Highlight New Words
Contracts	Say Something	Word Webs
Feedback	Read Around The Text	Comprehension
Criterion-Referenced Feedback	3-2-1	Make Predictions
Feedback For Specific Types Of Knowledge		
And Skill	Text Highlighting	Activate Prior Knowledge
Student-Led Feedback	Partner Reading	Somebody Wanted-But So
	Double Entry Diaries (What The Text Says	
Cues And Questions	And What I Think)	It Says, I Say
Questions That Elicit Inferences	T-Chart	Blooms Taxonomy Questioning
		Note Taking (Teacher Prepared, Format,
Higher Order Thinking Questioning	Readers' Theater	Combination)
Resources:	Intervention Strategies Guide	Literacy Strategies
Classroom Instruction That Works	(Lujan) Small Purple Flip Book	RtI Warm-up/Racing Sheets
Marzano, Pickering & Pollock)	Comprehension Tool Kit	Master Instructional Strategies
Literacy Stratgies for Grades 4-12		(Lujan) Large Red Flip Book
Tankersley) *Learning Intervention Manual	I Read It, But I Don't Get It	(Lagar) Luige iten i np book
the appropriate Automation Manual		Strategies That Work
House) Hawthorne Ed. Ser.	(Trovani)	<u>Strategies That Work</u> (Harvey and Goudvis)

Notes: This list is not all inclusive and some strategies are not applicable to all grade levels. Many other strategies may be utilized. Most strategies are designed for all content areas. Before, During, and After strategies are interchangeable. ** Hundreds of strategies can be found in this book.*

Date:

Dear Parent/Guardian,

The Elmore County Public Schools believe in providing the highest quality of education for every student. To meet this goal, we are adopting a three-tiered approach to instruction. This process, known nationally as Response to Intervention (RtI) gained attention when federal law established these practices as an approach to identify and provide early intervention to struggling students.

As part of the RtI model, students will be provided additional assistance to ensure that they meet grade level expectations. In the classroom, teachers will incorporate a variety of instructional strategies within their grade-level curriculum to address student needs. Students will be monitored, and those not progressing will be provided additional support.

We are committed to helping all students succeed. Therefore, we ask for your support in implementing this approach to meet the academic and/or behavior needs of your child______ Contact will be made periodically to ensure you are aware of your child's progress.

We look forward to working with your child and are pleased to be able to provide this additional help. As always, do not hesitate to contact your child's teacher or administrator if you have questions or concerns.

Please sign and return this letter and all progress reports to your child's teacher.

Intervention(s) provided Math ____ Reading ____ Behavior _____

I give permission to my child's school to administer a hearing/vision screening by signing below.

Administrator's Signature	Date
Teacher's Signature	Date
Parent's Signature	Date

(Sign and Return to Your Child's Homeroom Teacher)

Vision Screening Form

School Year: _
Grade: _
Date: _

Key: P=Pass F=Fail

Screening Date:		Recheck Date:			
	FAR	NEAR		FAR	NEAR
Both Eyes			Both Eyes		
Right Eye			Right Eye		
Left Eye			Left Eye		

Examiner:	Examiner:
Instrument Used:	Instrument Used:

Remarks:

<u></u> Within Normal Limits
Needs Recheck
With Glasses
Needs Referral

Remarks: ____Within Normal Limits ____Needs Recheck ____With Glasses ____Needs Referral

Resolution of Problem:

If the child cannot be conditioned to traditional vision screening, a functional vision screener may be used.

Date: _____

Examiner:

Hearing Screening Form

Student's Name:	School Year:
School:	Grade:
Initial	
Examiner:	Date:

HEARING CRITERIA: Puretone Audiometry-Tympanometry. A student fails the screening test if he/she does not respond to any one tone (frequency) at 20 db hearing level in either ear.

				Key: P=Pa	ass F=Fail					
Screen	ing Date	:			Rechee	ck Date:				
EAR	HL	Frequency	HZ		EAR HL Frequency HZ			T HZ		
		1000	2000	4000			1000	2000	4000	
RE	20				RE	20				
LE	20				LE	20				
Exami Instrui		ed:			Exam Instr	iiner: ument (Jsed:			
Ne Ne	ithin Nor eds Resc eds Refe	rral				_Within Needs R	Normal Lim Rescreen Referral	iits		
Resolu	tion of P	roblem:								
If the c	child can	not be conditio	oned to pure-	tone audio	metry, an	auditor	y response sc	reener may	be used.	
Date:										
[]	Pass	Fail								
Exami	ner:			_						

Student Name		Teac	her	Grade		
*For behavioral evaluation, attach behavioral documentation.						
Date:	PST Transition to S	special Educatio	on Referral			
Area of Concern for Testing (circle all th	tt apply): Reading	Math	Behavior*			
Comments and/or Referral Justification:						
 See PST Plan for justification Parent was contacted by special education (date) Parent has requested special education Documentation for the Special Education Hearing Screening: Passed 	on referral <i>(PST must</i> n Referral Process Failed Date:	run concurren	tly)	er for evaluation for		
Vision Screening Passed Failed Date: Attendance SMART GOALS Form A PST Student Intervention Plan Form B Standardized Assessment Results (If Applicable) Copy of Formative Assessments Most recent report card Two or three graded work and test samples with indicated level of assistance: Independent, Moderate, One on One.						
Has the student repeated a grade:	Which one?					
Circle any concerns in the following are	as:					
Attendance Attent	ion La	inguage	Behavior*	Articulation		
Medical – provide documentation: Medication: Additional applicable information from	other teachers:					

Add to Form B if referred for testing.

PST Folder/Binder Checklist

Student Name	Grade	

- ____ MARS Form (Form A)
- _____ Tier I Teacher Plan
- _____ Tier II Grade Level Plan
- _____ Tier II School-Wide PST Plan
- _____ Current Grades (progress report/report card)
- _____ Work Samples
- _____ Formative Assessments
- _____ Standardized Test Scores
- _____ PBS Documentation (if applicable)
- ____ Other

Appendix B: Dyslexia Forms

- I. Dyslexia Screening Guidelines
- II. Parent Letter Dyslexia
- III. Dyslexia Screening Request Form
- IV. Dyslexia Screening and Needs Assessment Profile

Elmore County PST Dyslexia Screening Guidelines

Dyslexia is defined as a learning challenge that is neurological in origin and characterized by difficulties with accurate and/or fluent word recognition and by poor spelling and decoding abilities.

1. Every student within Elmore County K-4 schools will be given the STAR Early Literacy or STAR Reading Universal Screener. (NOTE: Kindergarten students will not be considered for additional dyslexia screening until mid-year of Kindergarten.)

2. Every student entering Elmore County in grades 5-8 will be given the STAR Reading Universal Screener.

3. Teachers will review their Summary Report/Screener Reports to identify students whose performance was at or below the 10 percentile.

4. After identifying these students, the teacher or other designated person within the school will administer a separate dyslexia screener tool. This tool will allow personnel to see if student(s) might benefit from multi-sensory interventions. IT IS IN NO WAY A DIAGNOSIS OF DYSLEXIA.

5. Students entering Elmore County in grades 9-12 that demonstrate dyslexic tendencies by a teacher or other designated person within the school will be administered a separate dyslexia screener tool. This tool will allow personnel to see if student(s) might benefit from multi-sensory interventions. IT IS IN NO WAY A DIAGNOSIS OF DYSLEXIA.

6. If students' screeners show dyslexia tendencies, then the student will be started in PST and multi-sensory interventions will be used. Normal PST guidelines will be followed.

Dyslexia-Specific Screener Tools

Lexercise Online Assessment - Z Screener (FREE)

- <u>http://www.lexercise.com/tests/dyslexia-test</u>
- Criterion-referenced with benchmark expectations

Diagnostic Spelling Test - Spell to Read and Write (free download)

- <a>www.bhibooks.net/f/Spelling_Diagnostic_Test_1.pdf
- Criterion-referenced

ReadWorks http://www.readworks.org/

• Provides research-based, leveled non-fiction and literary passages directly to educators.

• Uses lexiles to determine reading levels

Dyslexia Challenges to Look for in Specific Grades

Grades 9-12
Poor spelling.
 Poor written composition.
 Avoidance of reading or writing assignments.
 Incorrect reading of information.
 Trouble with summarizing.
• Poor memory skills.
• Slow work speed.
• Problems with organizing work and managing assignments.
• Difficulty with performing in classes that have reading and
writing demands.
 Difficulty in learning a foreign language.

Information provided in this document was taken from the Alabama Dyslexia Resource Guide published by the State of Alabama, version September 1, 2015. Additional resources, interventions, screeners, etc. can be found in this publication.

Parent Letter-Dyslexia

Date:

Dear Parent/Guardian,

The Elmore County Public Schools believe in providing the highest quality of education for every student. To meet this goal, we are adopting a three-tiered approach to instruction. This process, known nationally as Response to Intervention (RtI) gained attention when federal law established these practices as an approach to identify and provide early intervention to struggling students.

As part of the RtI model, students will be provided additional assistance to ensure that they meet grade level expectations. In the classroom, teachers will incorporate a variety of instructional strategies within their grade-level curriculum to address student needs. Students will be monitored, and those not progressing will be provided additional support.

We look forward to working with your child and are pleased to be able to provide this additional help. As always, do not hesitate to contact your child's teacher or administrator if you have questions or concerns.

Please sign and return this letter and all progress reports to your child's teacher.

Intervention(s)	provided	Math	Reading	Behavior

I give permission to my child's school to administer a dyslexia screening by signing below.

Administrator's Signature

Teacher's Signature

Parent's Signature

(Sign and Return to Your Child's Homeroom Teacher)

Cc: Dr. Jamey McGowin, Director of Secondary Curriculum

Date

Date

Date

DYSLEXIA SCREENING REQUEST FORM

STEP I: To be completed by Classroom Teacher for referral to PST tear	o be completed by Classroom Teacher for referral to PST team.
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Referring Teacher	Referral Date
Student	Date of Birth
Grade	
School	_
Reasons for Referral:	
Participants in Team Meeting	
Date of Meeting with PST Chair	
Date of Initial Parent Meeting/Parent Contact	

Required Signatures:

Referring Teacher	
Homeroom Teacher	
PST Chair	
School Administrator	
District PST Chair	
Student	
Parent	
PST Member	
Other:	

Meeting Notes:

DYSLEXIA SCREENING AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT PROFILE FORM GRADES 9-12

STEP II: To be compl	leted by PST.			
Referring Teacher		Referral Date		
Student		Date of Birth	Gra	de
School		Date Screening		
Participants in Team	Meeting			
Date of Meeting with	PST Chair			
Date of Initial Parent	Meeting/Parent Cont	tact		
Tool	Skill Assessed	High Risk (SS Below 80 or Percentile < 10 or >1 grade level below or Intensive)	Moderate Risk (SS 80-89 or Percentile 11-24 or <1 grade level below or Strategic)	Low Risk (SS >90 or Percentile >25 or On grade level or Benchmark)
	Phonemic Decoding			
Lexercise	Sight Words			
Diagnostic Spelling Test- Spell to Read and Write	Written Spelling			
Grade Level Reading Passage- Readworks Passage	Reading			

EvidenceBasedDyslexiaSpecificPlan:If the student's scores are in or below the moderate risk or Frustration Reading Level column (gray boxes above) for three of
the four screening indicators, the student should be referred to the PST for determination of needed intervention services
including dyslexia specific intervention, accommodations, and assistive technology as appropriate

Evidence-Based Dyslexia-Specific Intervention:

Dalais Cardiffe	Name of Intervention	Level	Schedule	Group Size
Dyslexia-Specific Intervention Plan Person Responsible:				

Accommodations:	Assistive Technology	Dyslexia-Specific Classroom Strategies
(Name/describe app, extension, or software needed)		
Text to Speech		
Speech to Text		