K-5 Mathematics Overview

KINDERGARTEN

Counting and Cardinality

- Know number names and the count sequence.
- Count to tell the number of objects.

• Compare numbers.

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

• Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.

Number and Operations in Base Ter

- Work with numbers 11-19 to gain foundations for place value.
- Measurement and Data
- Describe and compare measurable attributes.
- Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category Geometry
- Identify and describe shapes.
- Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes

FIRST GRADE

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.
- Understand and apply properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction.
- Add and subtract within 20.
- Work with addition and subtraction equations.

Number and Operations in Base Ter

- Extend the counting sequence.
- Understand place value.
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

Measurement and Data

- Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units.
- Tell and write time.
- Represent and interpret data.

Geometry

• Reason with shapes and their attributes

SECOND GRADE

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.
- Add and subtract within 20.
- Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.
- Understand place value.
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract. Measurement and Data
- Measure and estimate lengths in standard units.
- Relate addition and subtraction to length.
- Work with time and money.
- Represent and interpret data.

Geometry

• Reason with shapes and their attribute

THIRD GRADE

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division.
- Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division.
- Multiply and divide within 100.
- Solve problems involving the four operations, and identify and explain patterns in arithmetic. Number and Operations in Base Ten
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic. Number and Operations—Fractions
- Develop understanding of fractions as numbers. Measurement and Data
- Solve problems involving measurement and estimation of intervals of time, liquid volumes, and masses of objects.
- Represent and interpret data.
- Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate area to multiplication and to addition.
- Geometric measurement: recognize perimeter as an attribute of plane figures and distinguish between linear and area measures. Geometry
- Reason with shapes and their attributes.

FOURTH GRADE

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems.
- Gain familiarity with factors and multiples.
- Generate and analyze patterns.

Number and Operations in Base Ten

- Generalize place value understanding for multi-digit whole numbers.
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic.

Number and Operations-Fractions

- Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering.
- Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers.
- Understand decimal notation for fractions, and compare decimal fractions.

Measurement and Data

- Solve problems involving measurement and conversion of measurements from a larger unit to a smaller unit.
- Represent and interpret data.
- Geometric measurement: understand concepts of angle and measure angles.

Geometry

Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles.

FIFTH GRADE Operations and Algebraic Thinking • Write and interpret numerical expressions. • Analyze patterns and relationships. Number and Operations in Base Ten • Understand the place value system. • Perform operations with multi-digit whole numbers and with decimals to hundredths. • Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and subtract fractions. • Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to multiply and divide fractions. • Convert like measurement units within a given measurement system. • Represent and interpret data. • Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition. • Graph points on the coordinate plane to solve real-world and mathematical problems. • Classify two-dimensional figures into categories based on their properties. **6-9** Mathematics Overview SIXTH GRADE • Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems. • Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to divide fractions by fractions. • Multiply and divide multi-digit numbers and find common factors and multiples. • Apply and extend previous understandings of numbers to the system of rational numbers. • Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions. • Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities. • Represent and analyze quantitative relationships between dependent and independent variables. • Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume. • Develop understanding of statistical variability. • Summarize and describe distributions.

SEVENTH GRADE

Ratios and Proportional Relationships

- Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. The Number System
- Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Expressions and Equations
- Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions.
- Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Geometry
- Draw, construct and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them.
- Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Statistics and Probability
- Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population.
- Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.
- Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models.

EIGHTH GRADE

The Number System

- Know that there are numbers that are not rational, and approximate them by rational numbers.
- Expressions and Equations
- Work with radicals and integer exponents.
- Understand the connections between proportional relationships, lines, and linear equations.
- Analyze and solve linear equations and pairs of simultaneous linear equations.
- Define, evaluate, and compare functions.
- Use functions to model relationships between quantities.

Geometry

- Understand congruence and similarity using physical models, transparencies, or geometry software.
- Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.
- Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones and spheres. Statistics and Probability
- Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data

9-12 Mathematics Overview

ALGEBRA 1

Algebra I is the first course in a sequence of three required high school courses designed to ensure career and college readiness. The course represents a discrete study of algebra with correlated statistics applications.

The standards in the three-course high school sequence specify the mathematics that all students should study in order to be college and career ready. High school course content standards are listed by conceptual categories including Number and Quantity, Algebra, Functions, Geometry, and Statistics and Probability. Conceptual categories portray a coherent view of high school mathematics content; a student's work with functions, for example, crosses a number of traditional course boundaries, potentially up through and including calculus. Standards for Mathematical Practice provide the foundation for instruction and assessment.

GEOMETRY

Geometry is the second course in a sequence of three required high school courses designed to ensure career and college readiness. The course represents a discrete study of geometry with correlated statistics applications.

ALGEBRA 2

Algebra 2 is the culminating course in a sequence of three high school courses designed to ensure career and college readiness. It is designed to prepare students for fourth course options relevant to their career pursuits.

PRECALCULUS

Pre-Calculus is a fourth mathematics course designed to prepare students for calculus and other college level mathematics courses.

OTHER HIGH SCHOOL MATH COURSES:

High School freshman who are not ready for Algebra 1 may be able to take **Foundations of Algebra**. Students whose college/career path will include Technical College may choose to take Technical College Readiness (if qualifying) after Geometry. Students who have completed Algebra 1, Geometry, and Algebra 2 have 4th year options other than PreCalculus, which could include **Mathematics of Finance**, **College Readiness Mathematics**, **Advanced Mathematical Decision Making**, as well as possible **dual enrollment courses**. Students who wish to take AP Mathematics courses may have **AP Calculus AB**, **AP Calculus BC**, and/or **AP Statistics** as options, as well.