

Practice test
for
Permit test

1. Your Minnesota license must be renewed every _____ years once you reach 21 years old ?

- a. 1 year
- b. 4years
- c. 2years

b. 4 years

2. When applying for your first license, you must pass a :

- A. Written test and a road test
- B. Vision test and road test
- C. Written, vision, and road test

c. Written, vision, road test

3. Which of the following is a primary document

- a. Social security card**
- b. Birth certificate**
- c. School ID**

b. Birth certificate

4. If you are 15 years old, you may qualify for a special or restricted license. They are:

- a. Motorcycle license**
- b. Class C license**
- c. Farm or medical license**

C. Restricted Farm Work or Special medical

5. If you fail the permit test, you may take it again after _____

- a. 1 week**
- b. 1 month**
- c. 1 day**

1 day

6. If you fail the road test , you may take it again after

- a. 1 week**
- b. 1 month**
- c. 1 day**

1 week

7. Which of these actions will cause you to fail the road test?

- a. Braking too hard**
- b. Failing to look both ways at a railroad track**
- c. Disobeying a traffic law**

Disobeying a traffic law

8. If you are under _____, you must have the approval of your parent before applying for a license or permit.

a. 16

b. 15

c. 18

18

9. How many people may be in the car while you are taking the road test besides you and the examiner?

- a. 1**
- b. None**
- c. Up to 3 adults**

None

10.If you are 18 or younger, how long must you have your permit before you may apply for a license?

- a. 1 day**
- b. 6 month**
- c. 1 week**

6 month

11. Any time you either renew or apply for your license or permit, you must have your _____ examined.

- a. Ability to drive**
- b. Understanding of MN State laws**
- c. Vision**

vision

12. If you change your name or address before your license expires, you must apply for a new license within:

- a. 30 days**
- b. 6 month**
- c. 1 year**

Apply for a duplicate within 30 days

13. You will be required to show proof of insurance when you take the road test.

True

False

True

14. Which of the following is part of phase 1 of the licensing process.

- a. Pick out the car you would like to drive**
- b. Drive with a 21 or older licensed driver**
- c. Driving with 2 passengers under 18 years old**

Drive with a 21 or older licensed driver

15. If you see an AMBER ALERT, Drivers who see a vehicle fitting the description, or who have other information about the missing child, will be asked to notify law enforcement.

True or False

True

16. Drivers who drive aggressively, tend to have a low level of concern for other motorists.

True or False

True

17. You can always drive as fast as the posted speed limit allows.

True or False

False **Basic speed law overrides the posted speed**

18. Slower speed is necessary when you approach or cross another roadway

- **True or False**

True

- **19.** What does the following sign indicate:



- a. Narrow bridge ahead.
- b. Two lanes momentarily become one.
- c. It is legal to pass with caution.
- d. Bridge or overpass may freeze before road.

a. Narrow bridge ahead.

20. U-turns are illegal near the top of hills or curves where others cannot see you within 700 feet.

True or False

False 1,000 feet

- **21.** If there are still other cars in the intersection when your red light turns green, you should:
 - a. enter the intersection and wait for traffic to clear.
 - b. wait for the cars to get out of the intersection before proceeding.
 - c. attempt to maneuver around the vehicles blocking your path.
 - d. use your horn to warn other drivers that they need to get out of your way.

b. wait for the cars to get out of the intersection before proceeding.

- **22.** How should infants be secured in a vehicle?
 - a. In the front seat, facing forward.
 - b. In the back seat, facing the rear.
 - c. In the front seat, facing the rear.
 - d. In the back seat, facing forward.

b. In the back seat, facing the rear.

23. Parking is not allowed within a maximum of 10 feet of a crosswalk at an intersection.

True or False

False - 20 feet

24. Parking is not allowed within a maximum of 40 feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing.

- **True or False**

False - 50 Feet

25. Parking is not allowed within 10 feet of a fire hydrant

- **True or False**

True

26. Males and females are affected differently by alcohol

- **True or False**

True

27. You are more likely to survive a car crash if you use your lap and shoulder belts together.

True or False

True

28. You must provide your Social Security number on your application for a driver's license.

- **True or False**

True

29. Airbags are designed to keep you from being ejected from the car during a roll over.

True or False

False

30. You must provide reasonable help to anyone injured in a car crash.

- **True or False**

True

31. You must be able to provide proof of insurance coverage when you drive on a public road.

True or False

True

32 .A teenage driver is limited to one passenger under 20 during the first 6 month of licensure.

- **True or False**

True

33. When properly parallel parked, your wheels will be 15 inches from the curb

- **True or False**

False

12 inches

- **33.** When driving in precipitation, you should:
 - a. use your high beams during the day and your low beams at night.
 - b. use your low beams during the day and your high beams at night.
 - c. use your high beams during the day and at night.
 - d. use your low beams during the day and at night.

b. use your low beams during the day and at night

34. During the second 6 month period of driving, a teenager may have up to 4 passengers under 20 years of age.

- **True or False**

False 3 passengers under 20 years of age

35. While waiting at an intersection, turn your wheels in the direction you intend to travel.

- **True or False**

False - Keep your wheels straight and brakes depressed.

36. It is permissible to drive faster than the posted speed limit:

- a. to keep up with the flow of traffic.**
- b. in the case of an emergency.**
- c. when being tailgated.**
- d. When attempting to pass on a two lane highway**

d. When attempting to pass on a two lane highway.

37. When you approach a flashing red light,

- a. You may proceed with caution**
- b. Slow down as it means the light is not working**
- c. Stop as if it were a stop sign**

C - Stop as if it were a stop sign

- **38.** Which of the following statements about construction zones is most true?
 - a. Construction zones are marked with orange and black signs; fines are often \$300.
 - b. Construction zones are marked with red and white signs; fines are often doubled.
 - c. Construction zones are marked with orange and black signs; reducing speed is optional.
 - d. Construction zones are marked with yellow and black signs; reducing speed is optional.

a. Construction zones are marked with orange and black signs; fines are often \$300.

39.If a school bus has red or yellow flashing lights on,

- a. It is against the law to try to pass**
- b. Slow down and watch for children before passing**
- c. Pass before children get off the bus**

It is against the law to try to pass

40. All traffic must stop

- a. When pedestrians step out in the middle of the block.**
- b. If an animal runs into the road**
- c. When a blind person with white cane or guide dog enters an intersection.**

When a blind person with white cane or guide dog enters an intersection.

41. You are not required to stop for a school bus with its flashing red light on if:

- a. you can pass before any children get off**
- b. it is on the opposite side of a divided roadway.**
- c. one children are on the bus**

If it is on the opposite side of a divided roadway.

42. You may follow a fire truck with its emergency lights flashing if:

- a. you stay further than 500 feet behind**
- b. you are going in that direction at a safe speed**
- c. you are not impeding other emergency vehicles**

If you stay further than 500 feet behind

43. What does the following sign indicate:



- a. Right lane ends, traffic must merge left.
- b. Divided highway ends ahead.
- c. Additional lane, traffic doesn't have to merge.
- d. Left lane ends, traffic must merge right.

c. Additional lane, traffic doesn't have to merge.

44. Pedestrians should walk

- a. Anywhere they want**
- b. On the left side of the road facing traffic**
- c. Only within clearly defined areas near the road**

On the left side of the road facing traffic

45. Motorcycles can be dangerous because:

- a. it's easy to fall off**
- b. They are often hard to see**
- c. They take a longer time to stop**

They are often hard to see

46. When you locate hazards and potential conflict you are using what part of the SIPDE system?

- a. Scan**
- b. Identify**
- c. Predict**
- d. Execute**

Identify

47. Crosswalks

- a. Must be marked to be observed**
- b. Do not exist in certain rural areas**
- c. Are there whether marked or unmarked**

Are there whether marked or unmarked

48. If two vehicles come to a stop at a four-way intersection simultaneously, who has the right-of-way?

- a. The larger of the two vehicles.
- b. The vehicle on the left.
- c. The smaller of the two vehicles.
- d. The vehicle on the right.

d. The vehicle on the right.

49. After passing a truck :

- a. Slow down from your passing speed**
- b. Maintain your speed**
- c. Slow down after you signal and pull back into the lane**

Maintain your speed

50. If you are pulling a trailer with your car, you should:

- a. Maintain the same speed as the traffic around you**
- b. Go at a slower speed**
- c. Stay off the freeway if possible**

Go at a slower speed

51. Railroad advanced warning signs are

- a. In the shape of an “X”**
- b. In the shape of an octagon**
- c. Red in color**
- d. A round sign**
- e. Bothe A & D**

both A & D”



52. Certain trucks and buses:

- a. Must stop at railroad tracks**
- b. Can be driven with a normal Class D license**
- c. Never have to stop at railroad tracks**

Must stop at railroad tracks

52.



a. You may enter no more than 50 feet into the road.

b. Do not enter the lane if this sign is facing you.

c. This only applies to pedestrians

b. Do not enter the lane if this sign is facing you.

53.



a. A one way street is approaching

b. Stay on the right of median

c. Right-turn only

b. Stay on the right of median

54.



a. You may turn left if the light is green

b. No left turn is allowed

c. You cannot turn left on a red light

b. No left turn is allowed

55.



- a. Danger ahead
- b. Slow moving vehicle
- c. Yield

Slow moving vehicle

56.



a. Same as stop sign

b. While giving the right-of-way
slow down and stop if
necessary

b. While giving the right-of-way slow down and stop if necessary

57.



a. School zone

b. pedestrian crossing



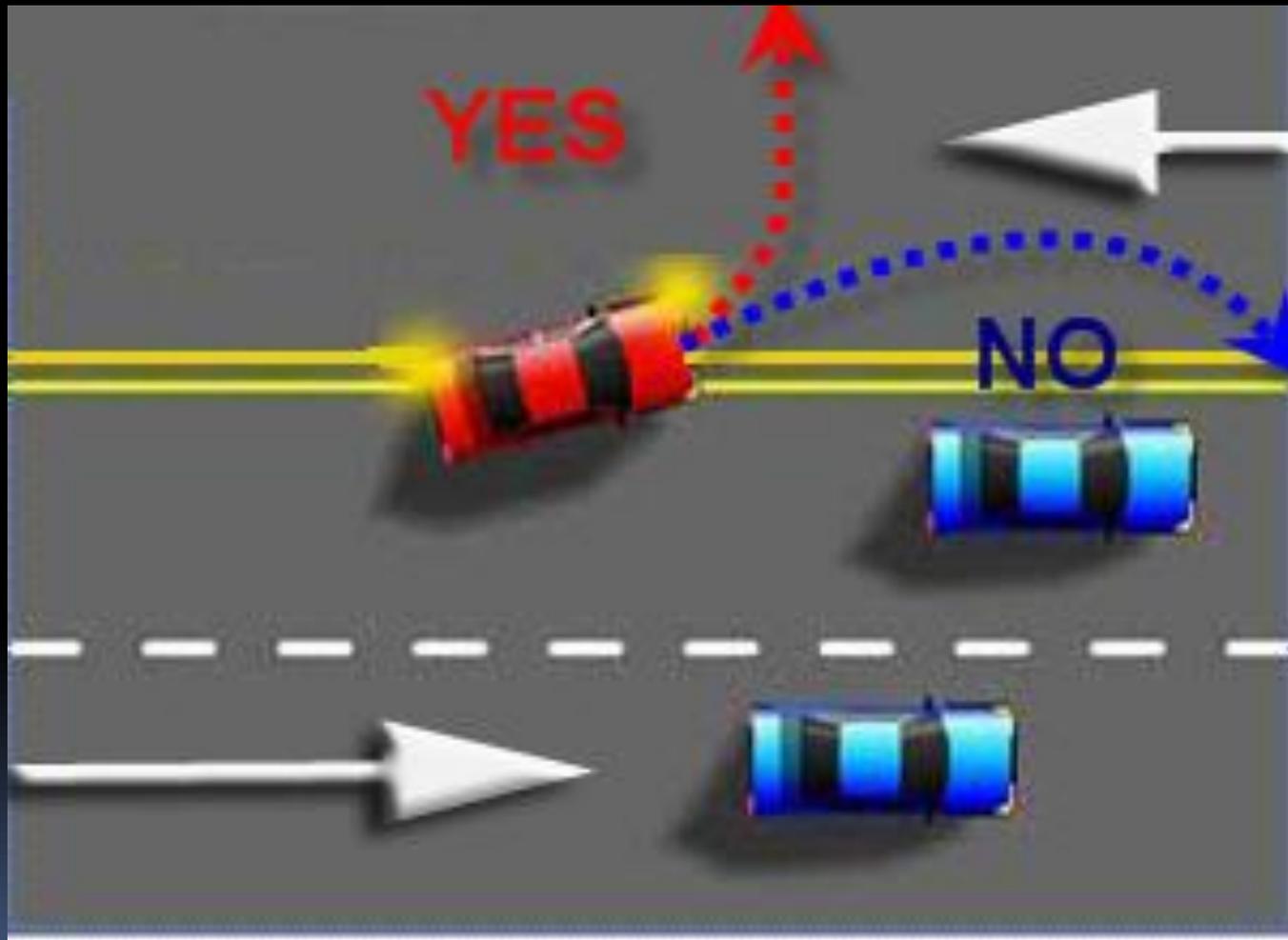
c. school crossing

School zone

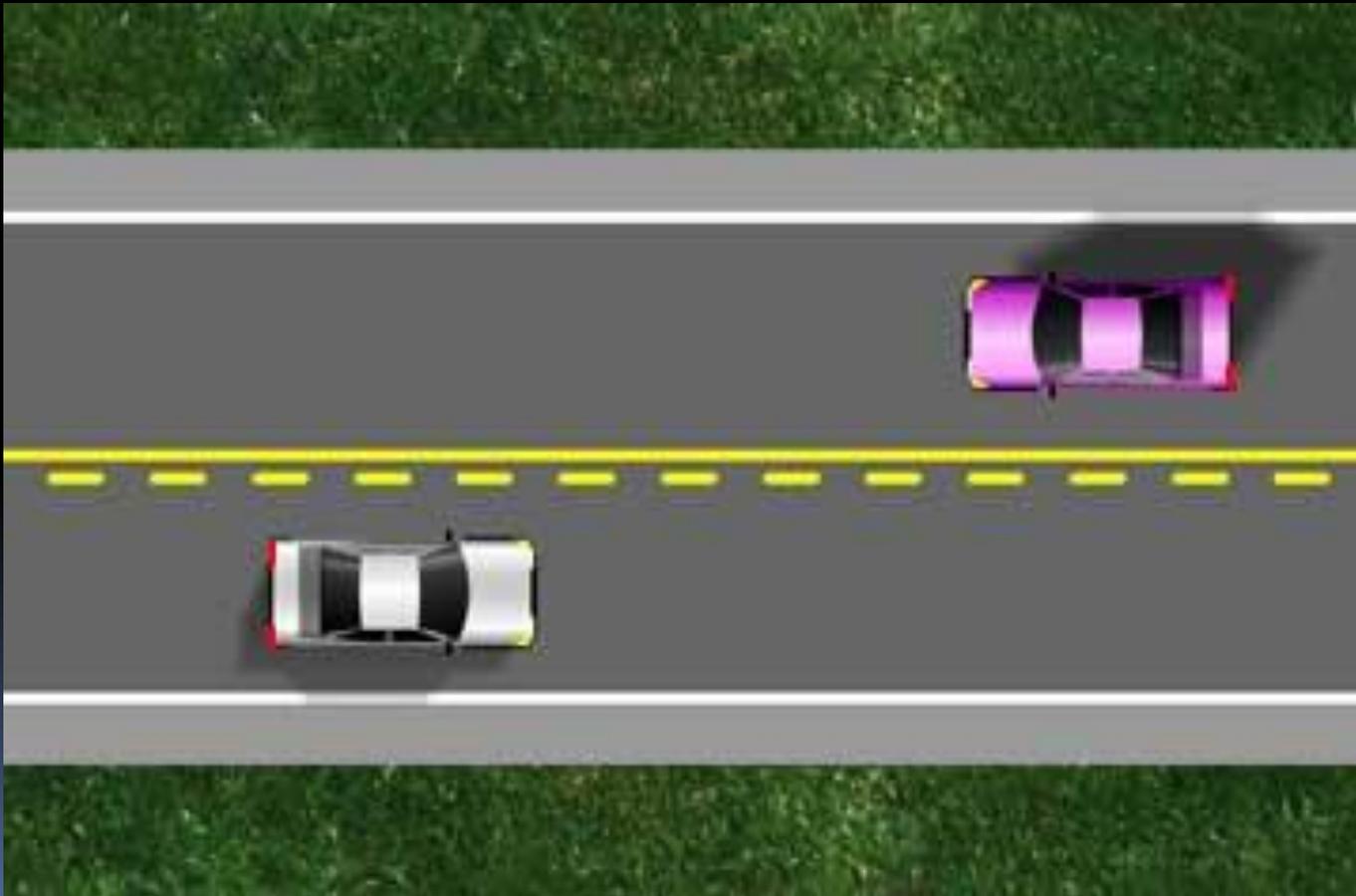
58. The red car may cross the double yellow line to turn left. T or F



True



59. The white car is in a no-passing zone. T or F



False

60. When planning to make a left turn across an intersection and you are waiting in the middle of the intersection for the traffic to clear, your front tires should be turned:

- a) to the left**
- b) it depends on the sharpness of the turn**
- c) straight ahead**
- d) to the right**

C - **Straight ahead**

61. The measure to be used by the driver who is following a vehicle under good road conditions is:

a) 2-second following distance

b) 10 feet for every ten miles per hour you are traveling

c) 1 car length for every ten miles per hour you are traveling

d) 3-second following distance

d. 3 second following distance

62. When you see a flashing yellow light at an intersection you should:

a) yield to all traffic before crossing the intersection

b) stop then enter the intersection when safe to do so

c) slow down and cross the intersection carefully

c) slow down and cross the intersection carefully

63. Scanning the road ahead for hazards helps drivers:

- a) see road signs or driving information**
- b) see cars and people up ahead**
- c) both answers are correct**

c) both answers are correct

64. When you are driving on the freeway and the vehicle in front of you is a large truck, you should drive:

a) no more than one car length behind so the driver can see you

b) farther behind than you would for a passenger vehicle

c) close behind the truck in bad weather because the driver can see better than you

b) farther behind than you would for a passenger vehicle

65. To stop in an emergency situation when your car does not have ABS brakes, you should:

a) pump the brakes

b) slam on your brakes

c) apply hard steady pressure without locking up your wheels

d) slam on your brakes so you lock up all the wheels

c) apply hard steady pressure without locking up your wheels

66. When a car with bright headlights comes toward you at night, you should:

- a) Allow other drivers to pass**
- b) Look below the lights**
- c) Look toward the right edge of your lane**
- d) None of the above**

c) Look toward the right edge of your lane

67. If your car begins to skid, you should:

- a) take your foot off the accelerator and turn in the opposite direction of the skid**
- b) take your foot off the accelerator and turn in the direction of the skid**
- c) brake immediately and turn in the direction of the skid**
- d) brake immediately and turn in the opposite direction of the skid**

b) take your foot off the accelerator and turn in the direction of the skid



68. When taking medication while driving, the most important thing for you to do is:

a) eat a light meal

b) make several rest stops along the way

c) understand the effects of the medication and adjust your driving accordingly

d) ask another person to ride with you

c) understand the effects of the medication and adjust your driving accordingly

69. Hydroplaning can occur;

- a) during a heavy downpour**
- b) when the depth of the water on the road is greater than the tire tread**
- c) when driving too fast on wet roads**
- d) all of the above**

d) all of the above

70. To safely navigate through a curve, you should:

a) slow down before entering a curve and avoid braking while in the curve

b) accelerate in the curve

c) stomp on your brakes while in the curve

d) drive way to the outside of the curve

a) slow down before entering a curve and avoid braking while in the curve

71. When driving in foggy road conditions, you should:

a) use your parking lights only

b) turn on your high beams

c) use your low beams

c) use your low beams

72. a. You are entering a business area.



b. Stop sign at the next intersection

c. There is a traffic light at the next intersection

There is a traffic light at the
next intersection

73. What does the following sign indicate:



- a. Heavy truck traffic ahead.
- b. Truck crossing ahead.
- c. Steep downhill grade ahead.
- d. Road at high-risk for runaway trucks.

c. Steep downhill grade ahead.
Check your brakes

74.a. The road way will gain an additional lane.



b. vehicles must merge onto road way on which you are traveling

c. Two lanes become one

The roadway will gain an additional lane



75. a. The bridge ahead is narrower than the road way

b. Do not proceed if you vehicle is taller than the height indicated on the sign

c. No truck allowed

- Do not proceed if your vehicle is taller than the height indicated on the sign

76. a. Two lanes become one

b. The road ahead splits into two different roads



c. You are leaving a one-way road and entering a two-way road. Stay to the right

- You are leaving a one-way road and entering a two-way road. Stay to the right

77. a. The road you are on is ending. You must turn right or left

b. the road ahead sharply changes direction

c. A four-way intersection is ahead



- The road you are on is ending. You must turn right or left

78. a. The road ahead winds back and forth



b. The road ahead sharply changes direction.

c. the road ahead curves in the direction indicated.

The road ahead winds back and forth

79. a. Roadway narrows ahead.



b. Two lanes become one.
Vehicles in the right lane
must merge into the left
lane

c. Left lane vehicles must
yield.

- Two lanes become one. Vehicles in the right lane must merge into the left lane



80. a. The road surface is slippery when wet.

b. Winding road ahead

c. Reduce speed road work ahead

The road surface is slippery when wet.

81. a. Detour ahead



b. indicates workers are performing maintenance on the roadway

c. Indicates the a person with a flag is ahead. Drive cautiously

Indicates the a person with a flag is ahead.
Drive cautiously



82. a. This is a warning sign

b. You may park if you stay in your vehicle.

c. No parking any time

- No parking any time

83. a. This parking space is reserved for vehicles displaying physically disabled license plates.

b. no parking zone

c. This is a regulatory sign



This parking space is reserved for vehicles displaying physically disabled license plates.

84. A. Regulates



- B. Prohibits and commands
- C. Warns and controls

Prohibits and commands

85. A. Regulates

- B. Prohibits and commands
- C. Warns and controls

Regulates

86. A. Regulates

- B. Guides and informs
- C. Warns

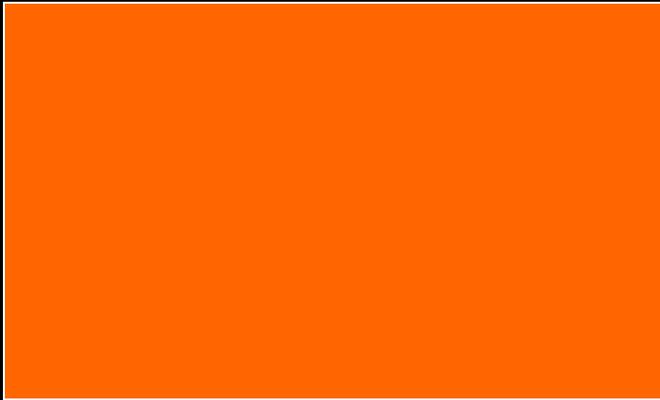
- Warns

87. A. Services

- B. Guides and informs
- C. Warns & controls pedestrians; bikes

- B. Guides and informs

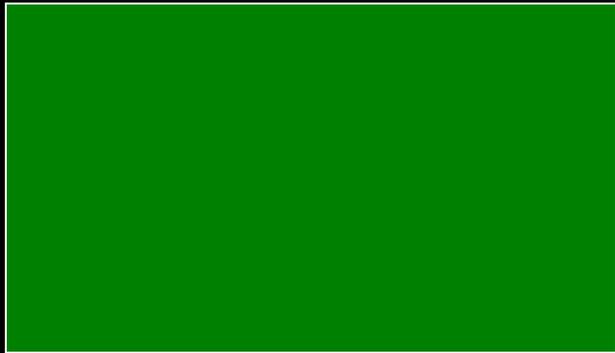
88. A. Warns and controls
construction zones



- B. Warns and controls school
zones

C. Historic, cultural and
recreation

warns and controls construction zones



89. A. Prohibits and commands

- B. Warns and controls school zones
- C. Guides and informs

- Guides and informs

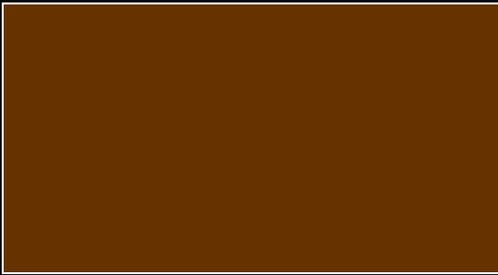
90. A. Historic, cultural
and recreation



- B. Warns and controls
school zones
- C. Service for motorists

- Service for motorists

91. A. Historic, cultural and recreation



- B. Services for motorists
- C. Warns and controls school zones

- Historic, cultural and recreation

92. When you are within _____ of an oncoming vehicle, your headlights must be on low beam.

A. 200 feet

B. 1000 feet

C. 500 feet

- 1000 feet

93. When you are within _____ of a vehicle you are following, your headlights must be on low beam.

- A. 200 feet
- B. 1000 feet
- C. 500 feet

200 feet

94. With visibility less than 500 feet,

- A. You must have your low beam head lights turned on
- B. Pull over and wait for a change in the weather
- C. Drive with your high beams on.

- You must have your low beam had lights on

95. A line of white dashes is used

- A. To separate lanes if traffic moving in the same direction
- B. For parking
- C. For bicycle paths

- To separate lanes if traffic moving in the same direction

96. A steady yellow X means

- A. Prepare to slow down and stop
- B. Prepare to move into another lane
- C. A warning light

- Prepare to move into another lane

97. A flashing yellow X means

- A. Prepare to slow down and stop
- B. Prepare to move into another lane
- C. You can use caution to make a left turn

- You can use caution to make a left turn

98. A flashing downward yellow arrow

- A. means you can use the freeway lane underneath the arrow with caution
- B. prepare to move into another lane
- C. You can use caution to make a left turn

- means you can use the freeway lane underneath the arrow with caution

99. If you miss your exit getting off the freeway

- A. Pull onto the shoulder and exercise caution in reverse
- B. Look over your shoulder and use your mirrors to back up
- C. Go on to the next exit

- Go on to the next exit

100. If an emergency vehicle approaches you from behind on the freeway

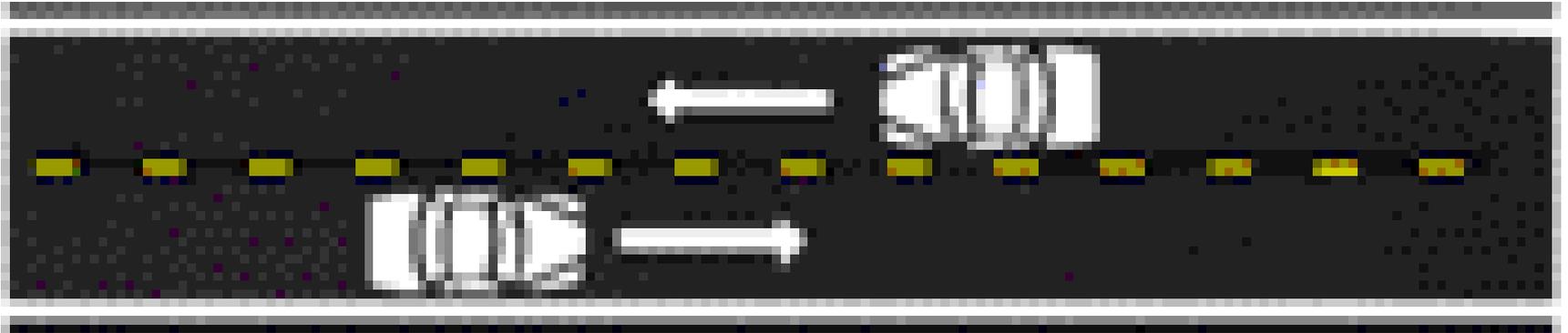
- A. brake hard and pull to the side
- B. Use signal, pull to closest side of the road and stop
- C. slow down to determine which side of the road they will want to use and go on the other side

- Use signal, pull to closest side of the road and stop

101. If you reach an uncontrolled intersection at the same time as the driver on your right, both of you are going to go straight, who has the right of way?

- A. You as there is no one on your LEFT
- B. The other driver as he is on your right
- C. Neither one
- D. You would have the right of way because you are on the left

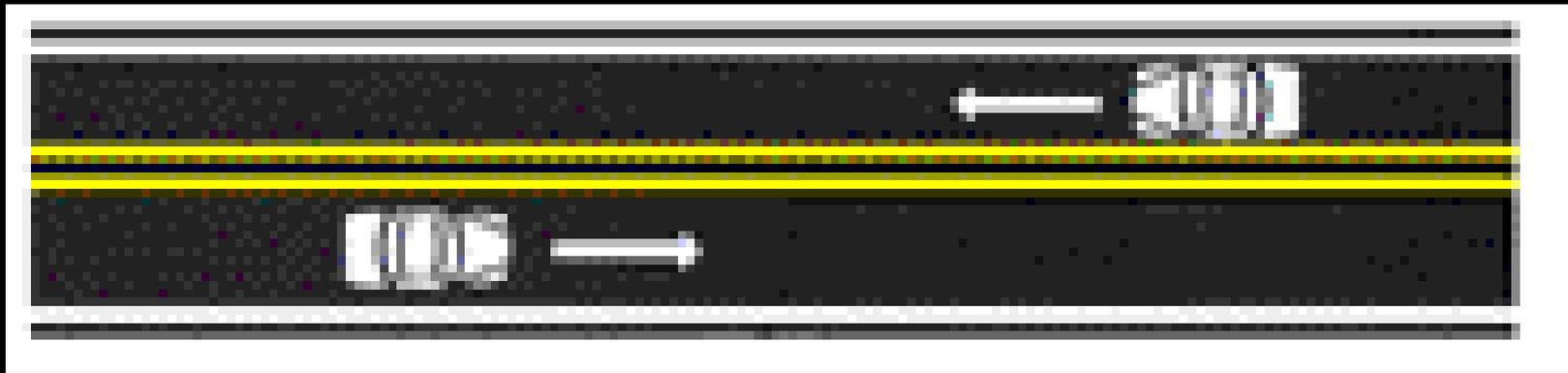
- B. The other driver as he is on your right



102. This is a

- A. 2-lane road with traffic in two directions; passing allowed
- B. 2-lane road with divider.
- C. 2-lane road with traffic in 2 directions ;passing not allowed

- 2-lane road with traffic in two directions;
passing allowed



103. This is a

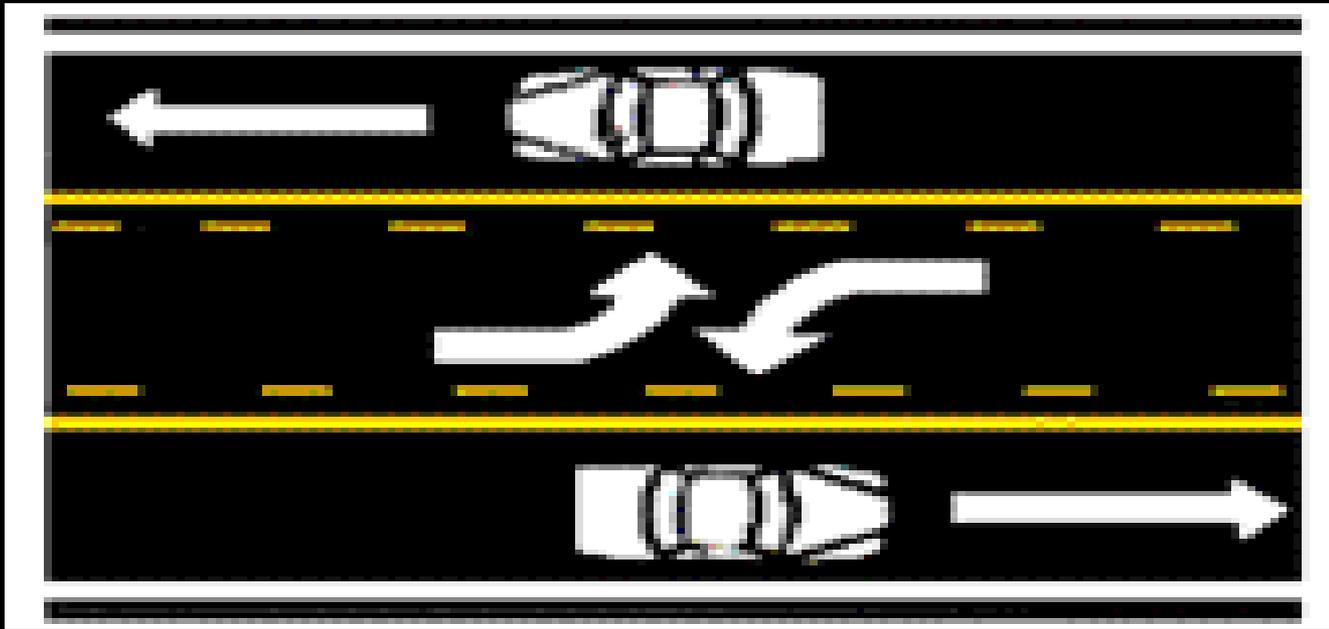
- A. 2-lane road with traffic in two directions; passing allowed
- B. 2-lane road with divider.
- C. 2-lane road with traffic in 2 directions; passing not allowed

- 2-lane road with traffic in 2 directions ;passing not allowed



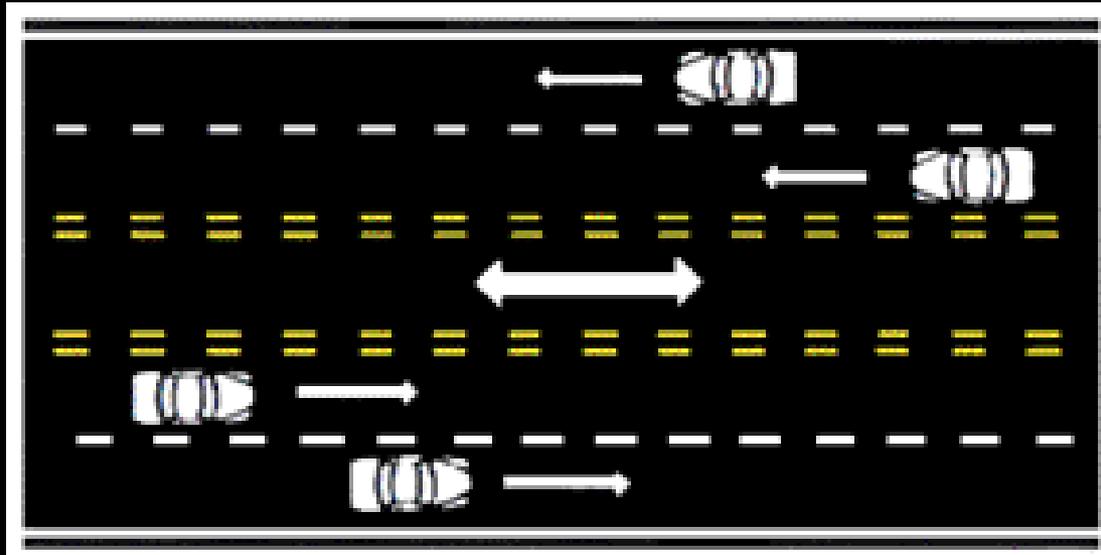
- 104. A. The yellow line is a lane divider and the white line is a centerline
B. The solid white line is a lane divider and the yellow line is a centerline.
C. The yellow line is the left edge and the solid white line ,marks the right edge of the road.

- C. The yellow line is the left edge and the solid white line ,marks the right edge of the road.



105. A. The center lane is a shared left turn lane
B. The center lane is for right turns only
C. The center lane is for commercial vehicles and a car pool lane

- The center lane is a shared left turn lane



106. A. The center lane is a car pool lane.

B. The center lane is for emergency vehicles only.

C. The center lane is a reversible lane. You must have a green arrow for you to enter the lane

- The center lane is a reversible lane. You must have a green arrow for you to enter the lane

- **107.** How should you approach an intersection with a flashing yellow light?
 - a. Reduce speed and proceed cautiously through the intersection.
 - b. Come to a complete stop before the intersection and wait for the light to change to green.
 - c. Accelerate and proceed through the intersection.
 - d. Come to a complete stop and check for traffic before proceeding.

- a. Reduce speed and proceed cautiously through the intersection.

108. The most common restriction put on driver's license is;

- A. No night driving
- B. Must wear glasses
- C. Cannot drive between midnight and 6AM

- Must wear glasses while driving

109. It is possible to get a speeding ticket for driving at the posted speed limit because you may be;

- A. Going less than the minimum speed on the freeway
- B. Going faster than reasonable under the driving conditions
- C. Going over 35 on a city street

- Going faster than reasonable under the driving conditions

110. Licensed drivers under the age of 18 may not ;

- A. get a CDL
- B. use a cell phone while driving
- C. get a regular class D driver's license
- D all of the above

- All of the above
- They can't get a CDL
- They cannot use a cell phone while driving
- They can't get a regular class D license

111. If another driver gets angry at you and starts to gesture or yell

- A. gesture and yell back
- B. slam on the brakes and try to confront the driver
- C. Don't look at the driver, stay calm and continue driving

- Don't look at the driver, stay calm and continue driving

112. Signal at least _____ before turning.

- A. 100 feet
- b,. 500 feet
- C. 1000 feet

- 100 feet

113. If you change your name / address within the state with a MN driver's license, you may re-apply within

- A. 30 days
- B. 60 days
- C. 1 month

- 30 days

114. When passing a vehicle approaching a railroad crossing. You cannot pass any closer than

- A. 100 feet
- B. 50 feet
- C 10 feet

- 100 feet

115. Class A, B, and C driver's licenses are called

- A. Over-the-road licenses OTR license
- B. Commercial Driver's license (CDL)
- C. Endorsements

- Commercial Driver's license (CDL)

116. If there are no speed limits posted, the statutory law allows for _____ in urban and _____ in rural areas.

- A. 35 mph and 55 mph
- B. 30 mph and 55 mph
- C. 35 mph and 50 mph

- 30 mph and 55 mph

117. Loads may not hang out or over the front of a vehicle_____, over the left side past _____, the right side_____.

- A. more than 3 feet, the line of the fender, 6 inches
- B. more than 3 feet, 0 inches, 6 feet
- C. more than 3 feet, 0 inches, 1 foot

- A. more than 3 feet, the line of the fender, 6 inches

118. Vanessa's Law applies to:

- A. Driver's with a provisional license
- B. A person under the age of 18 who commits an alcohol violation while driving
- C. An unlicensed teen with a crash-related moving violation
- D. All of the above

D. All of the above

A. Driver's with a provisional license

B. A person under the age of 18 who commits an alcohol violation while driving

C. An unlicensed teen with a crash-related moving violation

- 119. An unlicensed teen who is convicted of an alcohol violation cannot be licensed until
 - A. 21 years old
 - B. 18 years old
 - C. 16 years old

- B. 18 years old

120. If a driver with a provisional license is convicted of an alcohol/controlled substance violation, what step must he follow to get back his license?

- A. Complete all driver education over
- B. Pass the knowledge test
- C. Pass the road test
- D. Hold the permit for at least 3 month
- E. A+B+& D

A-B &D

A. Complete all driver education over

B. Pass the knowledge test

A. Hold the permit for at least 3 month

The end