Eligibility Determination Checklists

The eligibility determination checklists are used by the Multidisciplinary Evaluation Team (MET) or Individual Education Program (IEP) Committee to document their determination of eligibility based on a review of the (re)evaluation report(s). Each checklist provides the definition, criteria, and any exclusionary factors for each disability category.

1. For all disability categories, the MET/IEP Committee must first determine that:

The determinant factor for the child's performance is NOT:

- Due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA; or
- Due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences.

The evaluation results SUPPORT the following statements:

- The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained.
- The evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category.
- The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.
- 2. For individual categories, the MET/IEP Committee must review disability specific criteria. See notes for required and recommended supporting evidence at the bottom of each checklist.
 - Required Criteria: The MET/IEP Committee must provide supporting evidence for each of these criteria.
 - Optional Criteria (Autism and Other Health Impairment): The MET/IEP Committee must provide supporting evidence when behaviors are present.
 - Alternate Criteria (Developmental Disability, Language/Speech Impairment): The MET/IEP Committee must provide supporting evidence of at least one of the multiple routes to determine eligibility for this disability category.
 - Additional Criteria (Traumatic Brain Injury): The MET/IEP Committee must provide supporting evidence of at least one or more of the additional criteria.
- 3. For individual categories, the MET/IEP Committee must review and document any exclusionary factors, if applicable.

NOTE: For Specific Learning Disability (SLD), the MET/IEP Committee must specify one or more of the methods for the basis of the determination:

- The child's response to scientific, research-based interventions (RtI); and/or
- A severe discrepancy between intellectual ability and achievement; and/or
- *Alternative research-based procedures.*

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: AUTISM (AU)

and nonverb child's educa Autistic Diso	al cor ationa rder,	mmunication and social interaction performance. Included in the Au	icterized by a developmental disability significantly affecting verbal on, generally evident before age three (3) that adversely affects a utism category are the Pervasive Developmental Disorders, including Developmental Disorder-Not Otherwise Specified, Rett's Disorder,	
The Multidis	scipli	nary Evaluation Team (MET) h	as determined	
	N 1.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA;		
□ Y □ 1	1 2.	The determinant factor for the cultural differences;	child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or	
□ Y □ 1	1 3.	The preponderance of the evid- with any inconsistencies explain	ence supports the need for special education and related services ned;	
1 O Y	V 4.		ently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify eds, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the	
	N 5.	documented and explained.	ence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies	
The child is	not el	ligible for special education at the	nis time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.	
REQUIRED	CRIT	ERIA: The child demonstrates:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A	
		gnificant delays in verbal and onverbal communication		
		gnificant delays in social teraction		
		dverse impact on educational erformance		
OPTIONAL	CRIT	ERIA: The child demonstrates:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A	
O Y O I		epetitive activities and/or ereotyped movements		
□ Y □ I	N ch	esistance to environmental nange or changes in daily outines		
□ Y □ I	NI.	nusual responses to sensory periences		
O Y O N) D	elays before the age of 3		
The child mu Exclusions.	ust m	eet <u>all</u> required criteria AND may	(not) meet the optional criteria to be eligible for this category. See	
EXCLUSION	IS: TI	ne child's performance is	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE	
		rimarily affected by an motional disability		
The child ca	nnot	be considered eligible for this ca	ategory if the MET answers "yes" to the exclusion item.	

A The supporting evidence must contain data of receptive/expressive language, including sematics, pragmatics, prosody (linguistics including intonation, rhythm, and focus in speech), and need for assisted communication, social interactions, responses to sensory experiences, engagement in repetitive activities and stereotyped movements, and resistance to environmental change or change in daily living; a developmental history and/or other documentation that determines the age of onset of Autistic characteristics; and a statement from a licensed school psychologist, licensed psychometrist, board-licensed psychologist, nurse practicioner, or physician supporting elilgibility.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: DEAF-BLIND (DB)

educati educati	onal pe onal ne	erformance, the combination of which	itant hearing and visual impairments that adversely affect a child's causes such severe communication and other developmental and ted in special education programs solely for children with deafness			
The Mu	ultidisc	iplinary Evaluation Team (MET) ha	s determined			
ПΥ	□N	 The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA; 				
□ Y	□N	The determinant factor for the chi cultural differences;	2. The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or			
□ Y	□N	The preponderance of the eviden any inconsistencies explained;				
□ Y	□N	the child's educational needs, reg category;	the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability			
□ Y	□ N	documented and explained.	ce supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies			
The chi	ild is no	ot eligible for special education at th	is time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.			
REQUI	RED C	RITERIA: The child demonstrates:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A			
Hearing	g Impa	irment (HI):				
□ Y	□N	Deaf (severe impairments in processing linguistic information through hearing with or without amplification)				
□ Y	□ N	 OR - Hearing impairment (permanent or fluctuating hearing impairment) 	Hearing impairment (permanent or			
Visuall	y Impai	red (VI):				
□ Y	\square N	Blind (little or no vision)				
□ Y	□и	 OR - Partially sighted (significant vision loss) 				
□ Y	□ N	- OR Legally blind (visual acuity of ≤20/200 in better eye after correction or contracted peripheral field of <20°)				
ΠY	□N	- OR - Other severe visual problems				
ΠY	□N	Adverse impact on educational performance				
ПΥ	□N	Educational, developmental, or communication needs that cannot be accommodated in HI or VI programs alone.				
develo	pmenta	t have a hearing AND a vision impai il, or communication needs that can for this category	rment AND an adverse educational impact with educational, not be accommodated in either HI programs or VI programs alone			

A The supporting evidence must contain a statement that the child cannot properly function in a special education program designed solely for chidren with HI or VI and evidence that procedures for assessing both HI and VI were followed.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: DEVELOPMENTALLY DELAYED (DD)

DEFINITION: Developmentally Delayed (DD) is a non-categorical disability for a child ages birth through nine (9) years who is experiencing significant delays in two (2) or more of the five (5) developmental areas (cognitive, fine/gross motor, communication, social/emotional/behavioral, and adaptive behavior) that adversely affects a child's preacademic or educational performance and that requires special education and related services—OR—a diagnosed disorder of known etiology which affects development in a negative fashion and has a high probability of resulting in a developmental delay.						
The M	ultidis	scipli	nary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined			
☐ Y	□ 1	N 1.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;			
□Y		N 2.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;			
□ Y	□ 1	N 3.	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;			
□ Y						
The child is not eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or "no" to 2, 3 or 4.						

ALTERN	ALTERNATE CRITERIA: The child demonstrates; SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A				
□ Y [⊐ N	Significant delay in cognitive development ^B			
OY C	⊐и	Significant delay in fine/gross motor development ^B			
OY C	□ N	Significant delay in communication development ⁸			
OY C	⊐и	Significant delay in social/ emotional/behavioral development ^B			
OY C	□ N	Significant delay in adaptive behavior development ^B			
□ Y □	⊐и	Child is <u>less than</u> ten (10) years of age			
The child must have significant delay in <u>two (2) or more</u> areas of development AND be <u>less than</u> ten (10) years of age to be eligible for this category using these criteria. See Exclusions.					

A The supporting evidence must include a variety of instruments that yield information about the full range of the child's functioning in all five (5) developmental areas using informants with sufficient knowledge of the child's functioning in the areas for which they provide input. A description of all methods and informations used following administrative guidelines and standardized procedures must be included in the report.

^B A significant delay is defined as 1.5 standard deviations below the mean of the test or subtest based on standard scores, if the instrument(s) used yields standard scores, or a developmental age 25% below the child's chronological age or corrected age on the test or subtests based on age equivalents, if standard scores are not provided by the instrument(s) used. Corrected ages must use the guidelines for the instrument(s) used or, if not provided, for children born prior to thirty-eight (38) weeks of gestation up to twenty-four (24) months of chronological age.

ALTERNAT	ALTERNATE CRITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^C				
_ Y _	Diagnosed disorder which negatively affects development with a high probability of resulting in a delay				
□ Y □	Child is <u>less than</u> ten (10) years of age				
	The child must have a diagnosed disorder that negatively affects development AND be <u>less than</u> ten (10) years of age to be eligible for this category using these criteria. See Exclusions.				
	^C The supporting evidence must contain a statement from a physician indicating a diagnosis <u>AND</u> research that supports the predicted developmental delays.				
EXCLUSIO	IS: The child clearly meets the criteria for	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE			
□ Y □	N Autism (AU)				
□ Y □	N Deaf-Blind (DB)				
□ Y □	N Emotional Disability (EmD)				
□ Y □	N Hearing Impairment (HI)				
□ Y □	N Intellectual Disability (ID)				
□ Y □	Multiple Disabilities (MD)				
□ Y □	Orthopedic Impairment (OI)				
□ Y □	Other Health Impairment (OHI)				
□ Y □	N Specific Learning Disability (SLD)				
□ Y □	N Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)				
□ Y □	Visually Impaired (VI)				
The child ca	nnot be considered eligible for this c	ategory if the MET answers "yes" to any exclusion items.			

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: EMOTIONAL DISABILITY (EmD)

DEFINITION: Emotional Disability (EmD) exists when a child exhibits one (1) or more of the following characteristics over a long period of time and/or to a marked degree, adversely affecting educational performance: (a) an inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory or health factors, (b) an inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers, (c) inappropriate types of behaviors or feelings under normal circumstances, (d) a general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression, and/or (e) a tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems. EmD includes schizophrenia; however, EmD does not refer to children who are socially maladjusted, unless it is determined that they have an emotional disability.					
The M	ultidisc	ciplinary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined			
□ Y	□N	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA;			
□ Y	□N	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;			
ПΥ	□N	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;			
ПΥ	□N	 The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category; 			
□ Y	□N	The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.			
The ch	ild is n	ot eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.			
OBSE	RVATIO	DN: An observation was conducted:			
Location	on of ob	servation: Date of observation:			
	ver nam				
Qualific	cations:	☐ MDE-licensed school psychologist ☐ Board-licensed psychologist ☐ Psychiatrist			
REQU	IRED C	RITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A			
□ Y	□N	(A) Inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory or health factors			
□Y	□и	(B) Inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers			
□ Y	□N	(C) Inappropriate types of behaviors or feelings under normal circumstances			
ΠY	□и	(D) General pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression			
		uniappiness of depression			
□ Y	□N	(E) Tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems			
□ Y	□ N	(E) Tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or			

The child must meet one (1) or more required criteria (A-E) AND demonstrate characteristics over a long period of time/to a marked degree AND have an adverse educational impact to be eligible for this category. See Exclusions.				
	3: The child's performance is primarily	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^B :		
□Y □N	Social maladjustment without a concomitant emotional disability			
The child cannot be considered eligible for this category if the MET answers "yes" to the exclusion item.				

A The supporting evidence must contain narrative descriptions of child behavior(s), situations in which the behavior(s) do(es) and do(es) not occur, antecedents leading to the behavior(s), and consequences immediately following the behavior(s); functional assessments of the child behavior (if conducted); descriptions of attempts to address the behavior(s) including Behavior Intervention Plans (if developed and implemented during the pre-referral process), office discipline referrals, and disciplinary actions and the results of these attempts; documentation to support the existence of the behavior(s) for a long period of time and/or to a marked degree; a description of how the behavior(s) adversely affect educational performance; a statement as to whether the behavior(s) are typical for the child's age, setting, circumstances, and peer group, and if not, how the behavior(s) are different; a description of the association between documented patterns of behavior and results of emotional and behavioral assessments; a statement from an MDE-licensed school psychologist, board-licensed psychologist, or psychiatrist supporting elligibility based on an observation, review of all information gathered during the comprehensive evaluation, interpretations of test instruments used, and review of eligibility criteria.

B If the team concludes the child does not meet the criteria for EmD because all behavior patterns appear to be the result of social maladjustment, the eligibility determination report must indicate this conclusion. Documentation must be included to support the team's conclusion that the behaviors are indicative of social maladjustment.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: HEARING IMPAIRMENT (HI)

DEFINITION: Hearing Impairment (HI) means an impairment in hearing, whether permanent or fluctuating, that adversely affects a child's educational performance. Deafness means a hearing impairment that is so severe that the child is impaired in processing linguistic information through hearing with or without amplification that adversely affects a child's educational performance.					
The M	The Multidisciplinary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined				
□ Y	□N	1.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA;		
□ Y	□и	2.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;		
ПΥ	\square N	3.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;		
□ Y	□N	4.	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;		
ΠY	□и	• • •			
The ch	ild is no	ot eli	igible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.		
REQU	REQUIRED CRITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A				
□Y	□N	pro thi an	eaf (severe impairments in ocessing linguistic information rough hearing with or without nplification) OR -		
□ Y	□N	He or	earing impairment (permanent fluctuating hearing impairment)		
□Y	☐ Y ☐ N Adverse impact on educational performance				
The child must have one (1) type of hearing impairment AND an adverse educational impact to be eligible for this category.					

A The supporting evidence must contain an audiometric evaluation conducted by an audiologist (MDE license in audiology, MSDH license, ASHA-CCC, or AAA certification) or physician with expertise in audiological exams using appropriate audiological equipment explaining each of the following: (a) type of loss, (b) age of onset (if known), (c) severity of loss, (d) speech reception or speech awareness thresholds (if obtainable), (e) speech discrimination scores (if applicable), (f) recommendations regarding amplification, and (g) other recommended interventions, if any, including the need for assistive technology; a description of a follow-up examination and results, including how the conditions noted during the examination might interfere with educational testing and performance and recommendations for accommodations, modifications, and educational programming; acoustic immitance measures; an audiogram and/or measures of auditory evoked potential, such as Auditory Brainstem Response (ABR), Auditory Steady State Response (ASSR), and Otoacoustic Emissions (OAE) that would define the hearing loss; a description of how the hearing loss impacts educational performance; and communication abilities and needs including the need for assisted communication.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY (ID)

DEFINITION: Intellectual Disability (ID) means significantly sub average general intellectual functioning, existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested during the developmental period that adversely affects a child's educational performance.				
The M	ultidisci	plinary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined		
□ Y	□N	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA;		
ПΥ	□N	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;		
□ Y	□N	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;		
□ Y	□N	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;		
ΠY	Y N 5. The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.			
The child is not eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.				
THE CH	ild is no	t eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.		
		t eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5. SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A		
REQUI	RED CI	Significant subaverage general intellectual functioning		
REQUI	RED CI	Significant subaverage general intellectual functioning (cognitive abilities) ^B Significant deficits in adaptive		
REQUI	RED CI	Significant subaverage general intellectual functioning (cognitive abilities) ^B Significant deficits in adaptive behavior ^B Significant deficits evidenced in reaching developmental		

A The supporting evidence must contain evidence of mild to severe learning problems that adversely affected the child's educational performance and delays in cognitive abilities, adaptive behavior, and developmental milestones before entering school as indicated on an individualized standard achievement test, an individualized standardized measure of cognitive abilities, and a norm-referenced measure of adaptive behavior, which must include the home version of the measure if it is a component of the measure; completed by the primary caregiver(s). If the adaptive behavior measure allows for an informant other than the primary caregiver, the informant must be knowledgeable of how the child functions outside the school environment.

^B Significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning is defined as two (2) or more standard deviations below the mean, including a standard score of 70, on a measure of cognitive ability. Significantly deficits in adaptive behavior is two (2) or more standard deviations below the mean, including a standard score of 70, on a measure of adaptive functioning.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: LANGUAGE / SPEECH IMPAIRMENT (LS)

DEFINITION: Language or Speech Impairment (LS) means a communication disorder, such as stuttering, impaired articulation, a language impairment, or a voice impairment, that adversely affects a child's educational performance. Speech disorders include impairments in articulation; fluency and/or voice. Language disorders include developmental or acquired impairments in the ability to receive, send, process, and comprehend concepts or verbal, nonverbal, and graphic symbol systems. A communication disorder may range in severity from mild to profound and may appear in combination with other communication disorders. A communication disorder may be the primary disability or secondary to other disabilities.			
The Multidisci	plinary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined		
□Y □N	 The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA; 		
	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;		
	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;		
	The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.		
The child is not eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.			
ALTERNATE C	RITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A		
Articulation Di	sorder (A1)		
Atypical production of speech sounds with substitutions, Y N omissions, additions, or distortions that may interfere with intelligibility			
Phonological I	Processing Disorder (A2)		
	Impairment in following the rules governing the addition or		

	intelligibility			
Phonological I	Processing Disorder (A2)			
🗆 Y 🗆 N	Impairment in following the rules governing the addition or substitution of a phoneme including impairments in voicing, deletion, fronting, syllable, phoneme, and other processes	·		•
□Y □N	Adverse impact on educational performance			
OROFACIAL E	XAM: An orofacial exam was conduct	ed:		
Examiner:		Date of	exam:	
Qualifications:	☐ Speech-Language Pathologis	st (215 AA)		
	☐ Speech-Language Therapist	(216 A)	Other:	
The child must have an Articulation Disorder (A1) OR a Phonological Processing Disorder (A2) AND an adverse educational impact to be eligible for this category using these criteria.				

A Supporting evidence must contain the results of an orofacial examination and, if necessary, a statement from a medical specialist noting physical problems which would interfere with language/speech production. In addition, evidence of articulation skill below age-appropriate peers based on normative data, including a measure of stimulability, are required for articulation evaluations for children ages 30 months and older.

ALTERNATE CRITERIA: The child demonstrates an interruption in the flow of speaking with:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^B			
Fluency Disorder				
(B1) An atypical rate, atypical ☐ Y ☐ N rhythm, and repetitions in sounds, syllables, words, and phrases				
☐ Y ☐ N Adverse impact on educational performance				
OPTIONAL CRITERIA: The child demonstrates:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE*			
(B2) Excessive tension, struggle □ Y □ N behavior, and secondary mannerisms				
The child must have a Fluency Disorder (B1) AND characteristics (B2) to be eligible for this category	an adverse educational impact AND may (not) have optional vusing these criteria.			
	te in academic, social and vocational settings and must contain a statement of the f secondary characteristics in various settings (e.g., reading, monologue,			
ALTERNATE CRITERIA: The child demonstrates:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^C			
Voice Disorder				
Abnormal production and/or absences of vocal quality, pitch, Y N loudness, resonance and/or duration inappropriate for the child's age and/or sex				
☐ Y ☐ N Adverse impact on educational performance				
The child must have a Voice Disorder AND an adverse educational impact to be eligible for this category using these criteria.				
^C Supporting evidence includes the child's ability to communicate release and recommendations for services from a physician, if	ate in academic, social and vocational settings and must contain a statement of conducted.			
ALTERNATE CRITERIA: The child demonstrates impairment in comprehension and/or use of spoken, written and/or other symbol systems with:	: SUPPORTING EVIDENCED .			
Language Disorder				
(D1) Impairment in phonology, ☐ Y ☐ N morphology, and syntax (i.e., form of language)				
☐ Y ☐ N (D2) Impairment in semantics (i.e., context of language)				
(D3) Impairment in pragmatics Y N (i.e., function of language in communication)				
☐ Y ☐ N Adverse impact on educational performance				
The child must have <u>one (1) or more</u> characteristi impact to be eligible for this category using these	cs (D1, D2, D3) of a Language Disorder AND an adverse educational criteria.			

Description of Supporting evidence includes the child's ability to communicate in academic, social and vocational settings and must contain the results of a standardized measure of expressive and/or receptive language including morphology, syntax, semantics and/or pragmatics.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: MULTIPLE DISABILITIES (MD)

DEFINITION: Multiple Disabilities (MD) means concomitant impairments (such as intellectual disability-blindness or intellectual disability-orthopedic impairment), the combination of which causes such severe educational needs that children cannot be accommodated in special education programs solely for one of the impairments. Although disabilities in two (2) or more areas may exist in the following categories, Deaf-Blindness, Specific Learning Disability, Developmental Delay or Language or Speech Impairment, these categories do not constitute Multiple Disabilities, in and of themselves. Language/Speech Impairment, along with another disability, is generally viewed as a secondary condition, not MD.						
The M		•	nary Evaluation Team (MET) has de			
ПΥ	□N	1.			nance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in ponents of reading instruction as defined in section	
□ Y	□N	2.	The determinant factor for the child's cultural differences;	s perforn	nance is due to limited English proficiency or social or	
ΠY	□N	3.	The preponderance of the evidence with any inconsistencies explained;	supports	s the need for special education and related services	
□ Y	□N	4.	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;			
□ Y	□и	5.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.			
The child is not eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.						
REQU	REQUIRED CRITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A					
□Y	□N	Αι	utism (AU)			
□Y	\square N	Eı	motional Disability (EmD)			
□Y	\square N	Н	earing Impairment (HI)	,		
□ Y	\square N	In	tellectual Disability (ID)		Complete the two (2) or more associated eligibility determination checklist and	
□Y	\square N	0	rthopedic Impairment (OI)		attach it to this checklist.	
□Y	\square N	0	ther Health Impairment (OHI)	'		
□Y	\square N	Tı	raumatic Brain Injury (TBI)			
□ Y	□N	Vi	sually Impaired (VI)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
□ Y	□N	be ec	Severe educational needs that cannot be accommodated in special educational programs designed for one impairment			
The child must have <u>two (2) or more</u> disabilities AND severe educational needs that cannot be accommodated in special education programs designed for one (1) of the disabilities alone to be eligible under this category. See Exclusions for each disability selected.						

^AThe supporting evidence must contain the required supporting evidence of eligibility for each disability category indicated.

^B When considering eligibility under MD, remember that DB is its own individual category. A child with HI and VI would be considered DB, not MD; however, a child with DB, OI, and OHI may be considered MD if the resulting educational needs were severe and could not be accommodated by a special education program designed for DB.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: OTHER HEALTH IMPAIRMENT (OHI)

DEFINITION: Other Health Impairment (OHI) means having limited strength, vitality or alertness, including a heightened alertness to environmental stimuli, that results in limited alertness with respect to the educational environment, that (A) is due to chronic or acute health problems such as asthma, attention deficit disorder (ADD) or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), diabetes, epilepsy, a heart condition, hemophilia, lead poisoning, leukemia, nephritis, rheumatic fever, sickle cell anemia, or Tourette Syndrome; and (B) adversely affects a child's educational performance.					
The M	ultidisc	iplinary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined			
ПΥ	□N	 The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA; 			
ПΥ	□N	2. The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;			
ПΥ	□N	3. The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;			
□Y	□N	 The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category; 			
ПΥ	□ N	5. The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.			
The ch	ild is no	ot eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.			
REQUIRED CRITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A					
□ Y	□N	Significant limitations of strength, vitality, or alertness, including a heightened alertness to environmental stimuli that results in limited alertness to the educational environment ^B			
ΠY	□N	Chronic or acute health problem (e.g., asthma, ADD/ ADHD, diabetes, epilepsy, a heart condition, hemophilia, lead poisoning, leukemia, nephritis, rheumatic fever, sickle cell anemia, or Tourette Syndrome) ^B			
ПΥ	□ N	Adverse impact on educational performance			

A When considering eligibility under OHI due to ADD/ADHD, the supporting evidence must contain a description of the child's behaviors, settings in which the behaviors occur, antecedents leading to the behaviors, and consequences immediately following the behaviors; <u>AND</u> descriptions of attempts to address the behaviors and the results including office discipline referrals and disciplinary actions; <u>AND</u> a description of how the behaviors adversely affect educational performance; <u>AND</u> a statement as to whether the behaviors are typical for the child's age, setting, circumstances, and peer group, and, if not, how the behaviors are different; <u>AND</u> a description of the correlation between documented behavior and results of ADHD assessments. [NOTE: A diagnostic report from a physician or nurse practitioner is <u>not</u> required for ADD/ADHD.]

^B The supporting evidence must contain a diagnostic report from a physician or nurse practitioner that provides information on the nature of the child's health impairment, limititations and precautions to be considered, and recommendations for educational programming.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: ORTHOPEDIC IMPAIRMENT (OI)

DEFINITION: Orthopedic Impairment (OI) means a severe orthopedic impairment that adversely affects a child's educational performance. The term includes impairments caused by congenital anomaly (e.g., clubfoot or absence of one or more members), disease (e.g., poliomyelitis or bone tuberculosis), and other causes (e.g., cerebral palsy, amputations, fractures or burns causing contractures).				
The Multid	isciplin	ary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined		
	N 1.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA;		
	N 2.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;		
	N 3.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;		
OY O	N 4.	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;		
	N 5.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.		
The child is not eligible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.				
REQUIRED CRITERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A				
_ Y _	N du	evere orthopedic impairment e to a congenital anomaly, a sease, or other cause		
□ Y □		dverse impact on educational erformance		
The child must have a severe orthopedic impairment due to a congenital anomaly, a disease, or other cause AND an adverse educational impact to be eligible for this category.				

A The supporting evidence must contain a diagnostic report from a licensed physician or nurse practitioner that describes the nature of the child's congenital or acquired orthopedic impairment, any limitations and precautions and any recommendations for educational programming.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: SPECIFIC LEARNING DISABILITY (SLD)

involve listen, disabil does n	ed in und think, sp lities, bra not includ	dersta peak, ain inj de lea	anding or in using language, spoken or read, write, spell or to do mathematica jury, minimal brain dysfunction, dyslex arning problems that are primarily the r	a disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes r written, that may manifest itself in the imperfect ability to all calculations, including conditions such as perceptual ia, and developmental aphasia. Specific Learning Disability result of visual, hearing, or motor disabilities, of intellectual iral differences, or economic disadvantage.
The M		iplina	ary Evaluation Team (MET) has dete	ermined
ПΥ	□N	1.		performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in tial components of reading instruction as defined in section
ПΥ	□N	2.	The determinant factor for the child's cultural differences;	performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or
ПΥ	□N	3.	The preponderance of the evidence s with any inconsistencies explained;	supports the need for special education and related services
ПΥ	□N	4.		comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify egardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the
ПΥ	□ N	5.	The preponderance of the evidence s documented and explained.	supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies
The ch	nild is no	ot elig	jible for special education at this time	e if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.
BASIS	$oldsymbol{i}$: This d $oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	ecision	n is based on one (1) or more of the followi	ing (documentation of the procedures used for must be included):
□Y	□N	Ch	nild's response to scientific, research-b	pased interventions (RtI)
ΠY	□N		severe discrepancy ^A between intellecti	• •
□Y	□N		ternative research-based procedures	•
OBSE	RVATIO		n observation was conducted:	
The state of the s	ion of ob	*******	The first of the control part of the control p	^B Date of observation:
ПΥ	□N	Ве	haviors that interfere with learning not	
REQU or more	IRED CF	RITEI reas ir	RIA: The child demonstrates for one (1) ndicated below:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE [©]
ПΥ	□и		adequate achievement for age OR -	
□ Y	□N		ilure to meet State-approved, grade- vel standards	
ПΥ	□N	in p rela inte	ottern of strengths and weaknesses performance, achievement, or both ative to age, expectations, or ellectual development OR -	,
□Y	□и		ck of response to scientifically- sed instruction	
ΠY	□N		verse impact on educational rformance	
AREA	(S) OF S	PEC	IFIC LEARNING DISABILITY	
☐ Ora	tening C al Expres itten Exp	ssion	•	ency Skills

	The child must meet <u>all</u> required criteria AND have <u>one (1) or more</u> area(s) indicated to be eligible for this category. See Exclusions.				
EXCLU	EXCLUSIONS: The child's performance is primarily due to: SUPPORTING EVIDENCEC				
ΠY	□N	Visual Impairment (VI)			
ΠY	□N	Hearing Impairment (HI)			
ΠY	□N	Motor Disabilities			
ПΥ	□ м	Intellectual Disability (ID)			
ΠY	□N	Emotional Disability (EmD)			
ПΥ	□и	Environmental or economic disadvantage			
The ch	The child cannot be considered eligible for this category if the MET answers "yes" to any exclusion items.				

A Severe discrepancy is defined as 1.5 standard deviations below the measure of intellectual ability.

^B The supporting evidence must include an observation conducted in the child's learning environment (including the general education classroom setting) documenting academic performance and behavior in the areas of difficulty in routine classroom instruction and monitoring of the child's performance done before the child was referred for an evaluation <u>OR</u> in the general education classroom after the child was referred for an evaluation and parental consent is obtained <u>OR</u> in an appropriate environment for a child for children less than school age or out of school.

^C The supporting evidence must include a description of educationally relevant medical findings, if any; documentation of the provision of learning experiences and instruction appropriate for the child's age or State-approved grade-level standards in any area indicated; and, when using the child's response to scientific, research-based intervention as the basis, a description of instructional strategies used and student-centered data collected and documentation of provision to parents information about MDE's policies regarding the amount and nature of student performance data that would be collected and the general education services that would be provided, strategies for increasing the child's rate of learning, and their right to request a comprehensive evaluation.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY (TBI)

DEFINITION: Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) means an acquired injury to the brain caused by an external physical force, resulting in total or partial functional disability or psychosocial impairment, or both, that adversely affects a child's educational performance. The term applies to open or closed head injuries resulting in impairments in one (1) or more areas, such as cognition; language; memory; attention; reasoning; abstract thinking; judgment; problem-solving; sensory, perceptual and motor abilities; psychosocial behavior; physical functions; information processing; and/or speech. The term does not apply to brain injuries that are congenital or degenerative or to brain injuries induced by birth trauma.						
The Mu	ıltidisc	iplir	nary Evaluation Team (MET) h	as determined		
□ Y	□N	1.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to a lack of appropriate instruction in reading or math, including the essential components of reading instruction as defined in section 1208(3) of ESEA;			
ΠY	□и	2.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;			
ΠΥ	□N	3.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;			
□ Y	□N	4.	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;			
☐ Y	□N	5.	The preponderance of the evid documented and explained.	ence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies		
The chi	ild is n	ot el	igible for special education at t	his time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.		
REQUI	RED C	RITI	ERIA: The child demonstrates:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A		
□ Y	□N		acquired brain injury caused external physical force			
□Y	□N	Ph	ysical impairments			
□Y	□и		tention, sensory-perception, sensory-motor impairments			
ΠY	□N	(i.e thi	ognitive impairments e., memory, reasoning, abstract nking, judgment, information ocessing, or problem-solving)			
□Y	□N		nguage or speech pairments			
□ Y	\square N	Ps	ychosocial impairments			
□ Y	□N		verse impact on educational rformance			
The chi	ild mus	st me	eet all required criteria AND hav	re one (1) or more impairment(s) to be eligible for this category.		
			e child's performance is a brain injury due to:	SUPPORTING EVIDENCE		
ΠY	□и		ongenital or degenerative uses			
ΠY	□N	Bi	rth trauma			
The child cannot be considered eligible for this category if the MET answers "yes" to any exclusion items.						

A The supporting evidence must contain (a) information about impairments collected from a variety of sources (e.g., existing records, interviews, observations, and tests with the child, teachers, and parents and/or caregivers) who are familiar with the child's educational differences in functioning prior to and following the injury, (b) a description of the acquired brain injury and the cause of the injury, and (c) a statement from a physician, rehabilitation service provider, or healthcare provider describing any precautions, limitations, and/or recommendations.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION CHECKLIST: VISUALLY IMPAIRED (VI)

DEFINITION: Visual Impairment (VI) including blindness means an impairment in vision that, even with correction, adversely affects a child's educational performance. The term includes both partial sight and blindness.					
	The Multidisciplinary Evaluation Team (MET) has determined				
ПΥ	□N	-	• •		
ПΥ	□N	2.	The determinant factor for the child's performance is due to limited English proficiency or social or cultural differences;		
	□N	3.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the need for special education and related services with any inconsistencies explained;		
□Υ	□N	4.	The child's evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive, based on the information available, to identify all of the child's educational needs, regardless of whether those needs are typically linked to the disability category;		
ПΥ	□N	5.	The preponderance of the evidence supports the presence of a disability with any inconsistencies documented and explained.		
The ch	ild is no	ot eli	igible for special education at this time if the MET answers "yes" to 1 or 2 or "no" to 3, 4 or 5.		
REQU	IRED CI	RITE	ERIA: The child demonstrates: SUPPORTING EVIDENCE ^A		
□Y	□N	Bli	nd (little or no vision)		
□Y	□N	Pa vis	OR - artially sighted (significant sion loss) OR -		
ΠY	□N	≤2 co pe	gally blind (visual acuity of 0/200 in better eye after rection or contracted ripheral field of <20°)		
□Y	□N		her severe visual problems		
ΠY	И, 🗆		verse impact on educational rformance · · · ·		
The child must have one (1) type of vision impairment AND an adverse educational impact to be eligible for this category.					

^A The supporting evidence must contain a statement from an opthalmologist or optometrist supporting eligibility that includes descriptions of visual acuity, diagnosed visual problems, a statement of how the child's visual problems affect educational performance and recommendations for educational programming.