Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ World History Date\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Test #4

**Read the question carefully. Circle the best possible answer for the following.**

**Multiple Choice**

1. Swedish chemist that invented dynamite.
	1. Alfred Nobel c. Thomas Edison
	2. Charles Darwin d. Louis Pasteur
2. American inventor that created the first electric light bulb.
	1. Alfred Nobel c. Thomas Edison
	2. Charles Darwin d. Louis Pasteur
3. French chemist that showed the link between microbes and diseases.
	1. Alfred Nobel c. Thomas Edison
	2. Charles Darwin d. Louis Pasteur
4. British naturalist that developed the theory of evolution.
	1. Alfred Nobel c. Thomas Edison
	2. Charles Darwin d. Louis Pasteur
5. An African American suffragist.
	1. Giuseppe Garibaldi c. Ludwig Von Beethoven
	2. Charles Dickens d. Sojourner Truth
6. German composer that combined classical forms with a stirring of sounds.
	1. Giuseppe Garibaldi c. Ludwig Von Beethoven
	2. Charles Dickens d. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
7. An English novelist who portrayed the lives of slum dwellers and factory workers.
	1. Giuseppe Garibaldi c. Ludwig Von Beethoven
	2. Charles Dickens d. Sojourner Truth
8. Italian nationalist that conquered southern Italy to form a unified country
	1. Giuseppe Garibaldi c. Ludwig Von Beethoven
	2. Charles Dickens d. Sojourner Truth
9. Prussian chancellor who unified Germany.
	1. Otto Von Bismarck c. Francis Joseph
	2. Queen Victoria d. William Gladstone
10. Inherited the Hapsburg throne at 18: dual monarch of Austria-Hungary.
	1. Otto Von Bismarck c. Francis Joseph
	2. Queen Victoria d. William Gladstone
11. Who was the longest reigning monarch in British history?
	1. King George III c. King Henry VIII
	2. Queen Victoria d. Queen Elizabeth II
12. Prime Minister of Britain, leader of the Whigs, evolved Whigs into Liberal Party.
	1. Otto Von Bismarck c. Benjamin Disraeli
	2. Queen Victoria d. William Gladstone
13. Shares of a company.
	1. Stock c. Annex
	2. Electorate d. Libel
14. To add territory to an existing state.
	1. Stock c. Annex
	2. Electorate d. Libel
15. The body of people who can vote.
	1. Stock c. Annex
	2. Electorate d. Libel
16. Knowingly publishing false statements.
	1. Stock c. Slander
	2. Electorate d. Libel
17. The measure of the quality and availability of necessities and comforts of society.
	1. Realpolitik c. Cult of Domesticity
	2. Social Gospel d. Standard of Living
18. Idealizing women and the home.
	1. Realpolitik c. Cult of Domesticity
	2. Social Gospel d. Standard of Living
19. Movement that urged Christians to social service.
	1. Realpolitik c. Cult of Domesticity
	2. Social Gospel d. Standard of Living
20. Realistic politics based on the needs of the state.
	1. Realpolitik c. Cult of Domesticity
	2. Social Gospel d. Standard of Living
21. Campaign to limit or ban the use of alcoholic beverages.
	1. Temperance movement c. Abolition Movement
	2. Segregation d. Emancipation
22. Campaign against slavery and the slave trade.
	1. Temperance movement c. Abolition Movement
	2. Segregation d. Emancipation
23. Legal separation by race, gender, religion, or ethnicity.
	1. Temperance movement c. Abolition Movement
	2. Segregation d. Emancipation
24. Freeing people in servitude, such as the serfs or slaves.
	1. Temperance movement c. Abolition Movement
	2. Segregation d. Emancipation
25. The belief that one race is superior to another.
	1. Racism c. Romanticism
	2. Realism d. Impressionism
26. Artistic movement that appealed to emotion rather than reason.
	1. Racism c. Romanticism
	2. Realism d. Impressionism
27. An attempt to represent the world for what it was in art.
	1. Racism c. Romanticism
	2. Realism d. Impressionism
28. A style of art in which painters attempted to capture the first fleeting impression made by a scene or object.
	1. Racism c. Romanticism
	2. Realism d. Impressionism
29. Women’s right to vote.
	1. Secret Ballot c. Kulterkampf
	2. Social Welfare d. Women’s Suffrage
30. The main goal was to get Catholics more loyal to the state than to the Church.
	1. Secret Ballot c. Kulterkampf
	2. Social Welfare d. Women’s Suffrage
31. Programs designed to help a certain group of people, usually the poor.
	1. Secret Ballot c. Kulterkampf
	2. Social Welfare d. Women’s Suffrage
32. Votes cast without publicly announcing them.
	1. Secret Ballot c. Kulterkampf
	2. Social Welfare d. Women’s Suffrage
33. People who want to abolish government.
	1. Anarchists c. Pogroms
	2. Refugees d. Emigrates
34. People who flee their homelands for safety concerns.
	1. Anarchists c. Pogroms
	2. Refugees d. Emigrates
35. Violent mob attacks on Jewish people.
	1. Anarchists c. Pogroms
	2. Refugees d. Emigrates
36. The movement to create a Jewish state in ancient homelands.
	1. Anarchists c. Pogroms
	2. Refugees d. Zionism
37. This word means Emperor of the German states.
	1. Kaiser c. Reich
	2. Colossus d. Secede
38. A word for giant.
	1. Kaiser c. Reich
	2. Colossus d. Secede
39. The name for the German empire.
	1. Kaiser c. Reich
	2. Colossus d. Secede
40. To withdraw, usually referring to a part of a nation wanting to leave to gain independence.
	1. Kaiser c. Reich
	2. Colossus d. Secede
41. A war between Russia and Britain, the French and the Turks fought mostly on the Crimean peninsula
	1. Crimean War c. Civil War

b. World War d. Great War

1. Trading without restrictions, quotas, or tariffs.
	1. Repeal c. Free Trade

b. Germ Theory d. Expansionism

1. To cancel a law.
	1. Repeal c. Free Trade

b. Germ Theory d. Expansionism

1. The theory that certain microbes cause diseases.
	1. Repeal c. Free Trade

b. Germ Theory d. Expansionism

1. The desire to expand national boundaries*.*
	1. Repeal c. Free Trade

b. Germ Theory d. Expansionism

1. Settlements for convicts.
	1. Suez Canal c. Penal Colonies

b. Manifest Destiny d. Louisiana Purchase

1. Canal that linked the Mediterranean Sea, the Red Sea, and the Indian Ocean.
	1. Suez Canal c. Penal Colonies

b. Manifest Destiny d. Louisiana Purchase

1. American belief that the US should expand from coast to coast.
	1. Suez Canal c. Penal Colonies

b. Manifest Destiny d. Louisiana Purchase

1. Territory bought from France in 1803, which doubled the area of the US.
	1. Suez Canal c. Penal Colonies

b. Manifest Destiny d. Louisiana Purchase

1. Leaving one’s homeland in search of jobs or freedoms.
	1. Immigration c. Emigration

b. Emancipation d. Constellation

1. The first to design and fly an airplane.
	1. The Wrong Brothers c. The Wright Brothers

b. The Right Brothers d. The Left Brothers

1. When two separate nations share one monarch.
	1. Dual-Oligarchy c. Dual-Democracy

b. Dual-Monarchy d. Dual-Dictatorship

1. Crime punishable by death.
	1. Capital Defense c. Corporal Charge

b. Conscripted Offense d. Capital Offense