**REGULAR: EUROPE TEST PART 1 REVIEW**

1. What was the Schlieffen Plan? German plan to win WWII. They would fight on both sides against Russia and the Allies. They would take Russia before they had a chance to mobilize. They also formed alliances with Austria-Hungary and the Ottoman Empire.
2. Which countries attended the Berlin Conference? Did the US get any territories in Africa?

All the important countries of Europe. The US went but only to protect their interest in Liberia.

1. Why did the European countries attend the Berlin Conference?

To avert war, to divide up Africa, and to keep the Suez and other waterways open to all countries.

1. Which of the four causes of WWI did Serbia exemplify?

Nationalism, the love of country

1. What new technologies were used during WWI?

Machine guns, grenades and grenade launcher, larger artillery guns, poison gas

1. What new technologies were used during WWII?

Tanks and planes were greatly improved. Parachutes, all had submarines, sonar, radar, better medical care in the field

1. What countries belonged to the Axis Powers during WWII? Germany, Italy, and Japan
2. What were the four causes of WWI?

Imperialism, Militarism, Nationalism, Entangling alliances

1. What action was a great part of Germany loosing WWII?

When Hitler broke the non-aggression pact and invaded the Soviet Union (Russia)

1. Know what waters border Iberian Peninsula

Atlantic Ocean, Mediterranean Sea, Strait of Gibraltar

1. The Scandinavian Peninsula contains what countries? Sweden and Norway
2. What action began WWI? The assassination of Arch Duke Franz Ferdinand and his wife Sophia
3. What did the following men do during either WWI or WWII?
   1. Adolph Hitler – Leader of Nazi Germany during WWII, responsible for the Final Solution
   2. Franklin Roosevelt – President of the US during WWII, responsible for the Lend Lease Policy
   3. Benito Mussolini – Leader of Fascist Italy during WWII
   4. Joseph Stalin – Leader of the Soviet Union (USSR) during WWII. He killed many people in the USSR during his purges.
   5. Winston Churchill – Leader of Great Britain (UK) that told his people they would fight and never give up
   6. Woodrow Wilson – President of the US during WWI, Fourteen Points
   7. General Schlieffen – German general during WWI – he made an unsuccessful plan to win the war.
   8. Charles de Gaulle – Leader of Free France during WWII
4. What countries did Hitler annex to Germany before WWII began because they were German speaking people? Austria and Czechoslovakia
5. Why is Dunkirk famous? 300,000 English soldiers were saved from the Germans by a variety of boats – call the Miracle of Dunkirk.
6. Which country that Hitler invaded caused WWII to begin? When he invaded Poland England and France declared war
7. What was Operation Overlord? Commonly known as D-Day, when English and US forces invaded France to defeat the Germans
8. How many people died in Nazi Concentration/Death Camps during WWII? 12,000,000
9. What was Hitler’s Final Solution? To get rid of any Jews, gypsies, mentally or physically impaired people, homosexuals, and any other people he didn’t like. He wanted to make room for the pure Aryan people.
10. How did the Entangling Alliances pull countries into WWI?

As one country declared war their allies were pulled in. Russia and Serbia, France and Russia, England and France and Belgium, Germany and Austria Hungary

1. How did France, England, and Germany feel about the Treaty of Versailles?

France and England felt it was just

Germany hated it because it blamed the Germans and made them pay large reparations

1. Be able to give important facts about Hitler. He wanted to be an artist, he was Austrian, he was responsible for WWII and the final solution,